

BY THE ADVERTISEMENTS  
In The Post you may know, be-  
yond question, the most de-  
pendable trading places in the  
Nation's Capital.

# The Washington Post.

Weather—Fair today; tomor-  
row increasing cloudiness, prob-  
ably followed by rain; not much  
change in temperature.  
Temperature yesterday—High-  
est, 41; lowest, 37.

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## POST-SCRIPTS

By  
GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"From right to left, and to and fro,  
Caught in a labyrinth, you go,  
And turn, and turn, and turn again,  
To solve the mystery, but in vain."

If Mr. William Mitchell thinks  
he can keep the public interest al-  
ways at fever heat let him ask Mr.  
Red Grange.

With the only "trust buster" in  
the Administration engrossed in  
affairs of State there doesn't ap-  
pear to be anybody in sight to do  
a lot of much-needed suating.

When the average American citizen  
can sit down to breakfast at a  
furniture store table, and eat a  
bowl of Ward's porridge cooked  
in one of Andy Mellon's aluminum  
pans over a small bit of fire  
furnished by the Pennsylvania  
Operators he can reflect, if he is  
philosophical, that so long as he  
is compelled by high prices to stick  
to a simple diet the coffin trust  
won't get him.

Woman nearly 100 years old  
blows out the gas. It takes experi-  
ence to learn how to live.

Cousin Tom Heflin takes the  
floor noiselessly for the first time  
in his political career.

King George opening Parliament  
today will be in a position to ap-  
preciate how President Coolidge  
feels about Congress.

Recalling that on his first voy-  
age Columbus lost one of his ships  
the Spanish aviators almost make  
history repeat off the coast of  
Brazil.

That earthquake in the Solomon  
Islands is reported to have been so  
severe that it woke up two beach  
combers.

The tax bill proceeds along its  
way through the Senate like a big  
St. Bernard dog coming down Main  
Street—he gets barked at a good  
deal but nothing tackles him that's  
big enough to bite.

Gov. Byrd takes over the big  
job at Richmond on a Coolidge  
Economy platform. The darn  
thing's epidemic, and you can't  
even vaccinate a Democrat against  
it.

Federal workers in Washington  
have been reduced in the interest  
of economy to such a low number  
that it is feared no further de-  
capitations can be made to justify an  
additional boost in the pay of  
Senators and Congressmen.

Clark Griffith gets Methuselah  
in a trade with St. Louis. To the  
average fan the fact that a pitcher  
is 34 proves he was a member of  
the Babylonian team in the Eden  
league, but along comes Bill Tilden  
with an assertion that the average  
age of champions in all sports is  
rising into the 30s and 40s.

Senator Copeland's heroic efforts  
to enable President Coolidge to end  
the coal shortage disclose him as  
laboring under some sort of im-  
pression that this is a police strike.

Clarence Darrow shouldn't take  
capital punishment so seriously—  
nobody needs be old enough to be  
hung who has brains enough to hire  
him for his lawyer.

The coroner's jury that holds  
the dead engineer responsible for  
the recent wreck is entirely too  
conservative to break any of the  
long-established precedents in this  
country.

The Republican who has got in  
bad with the Essex County club for  
making off with the historic chair  
in which President Coolidge sat on  
last summer's picnic may be "some  
Marblehead man," but at that he's  
not so dumb.

Folks will begin to sit up and  
take more than a languid interest  
in all this talk of Democratic har-  
mony when Senator Walsh gets  
around to giving a dinner in honor  
of Bill McAdoo and Al Smith.

The disarmament conference at  
Geneva has been postponed, but  
not long enough.

Lloyd George holds onto his job  
as leader of the liberal party but  
there isn't much skin on his teeth  
this morning.

And now the railroad brother-  
hoods demand wage increases that  
would boost transportation costs  
to the high level of 1920. The  
public be what Cornelius Vander-  
bilt said!

With a machine gun trained on  
the courthouse and the prisoner  
surrounded by 100 heavily armed  
guards, a New York gangster goes  
on trial for murder. We Ameri-  
cans have got to be a law-abiding  
people, by gum, if we have to dress  
our judges in mail shirts and keep  
the jury in a bomb-proof.

## FOOD TRUST, JUST FORMED, DENOUNCED ON FLOOR OF SENATE

King and Norris Assail  
New \$2,000,000,000  
Company.

## CONTROL OF BREAD INDUSTRY IS FEARED

Basil M. Manly Calls It  
Challenge to Congress  
and Administration.

The Ward Food Products Co.,  
incorporated Saturday and already  
dubbed the "Two Billion Dollar  
Food Trust," holds the spotlight on  
the governmental stage.

It came in for denunciation in  
Congress yesterday while executive  
branches of the government got  
busy to examine its plans. In the  
Senate, Senator King (Democrat),  
Utah, denounced the Department of  
Justice and the Federal Trade Com-  
mission as "sleeping on the job" in  
allowing its formation.

Basil M. Manly, director of the  
"People's Legislative Service," char-  
acterized the incorporation as a  
"challenge to Congress and the  
Coolidge administration."

Senator King was extremely bit-  
ter in his characterization of the  
mammoth corporation and demand-  
ed a congressional investigation of  
the entire Department of Justice  
with special consideration of its at-  
titude toward all trusts.

Control of Bread, Held Aim.

"The aim of this \$2,000,000,000  
trust," he said almost as soon as  
the Senate assembled yesterday, "is  
to control the bread industry of the  
United States. I can call attention  
to numerous monopolies and con-  
spiracies in restraint of trade which  
have been created in recent years  
and resulted in the exploitation of  
the people and the building up of  
gigantic trusts that will soon de-  
stroy our economic life."

"I don't expect the Department  
of Justice or the Attorney General  
to act in this case. They are sleep-  
ing on the job while great organi-  
zations are effected to dominate  
our economic life. I believe the  
present administration is wholly in-  
different to the growth of trusts.  
I am convinced of this because the  
President of the United States, only  
a few weeks ago, in his New York  
address, seemed to pronounce a  
benediction on these trusts."

Sen. Norris Sarcastic.

Senator Norris was bitterly sar-  
castic in his discussion of the new  
corporation.

"I am surprised to hear the sena-  
tor from Utah speaking thus against  
the bread trust," said the Nebraskan  
in his most facetious vein. "The  
Senator should know this \$2,000,-  
000,000 bread trust is to buy all  
the wheat in the country and sell  
all of the bread consumed."

"What a wonderful thing that  
will be—one man control of wheat  
and bread!"

"The senator also must remem-  
ber that one of the objects of this  
great corporation is to see that all  
children in this great country of  
ours get a square deal. What a  
heaven we will live in when that  
takes place!"

"Why they are going to establish  
hospitals and playgrounds. Their  
amusement parks will relieve the  
taxpayer from the care of the chil-  
dren. One man is to do all this,  
too."

"Just to think, he is going to  
abolish a good share of the present  
government. And, remember, it is  
all to be done for philanthropy."

Says Devils Wear Priestly Garb.

Senator King, broadly smil-  
ing, asked Senator Norris whether  
he did not know that "many devils  
wear priestly garb in order to disguise their sins,"  
and added that he was much afraid  
many people will be caught. Con-  
cluding the Utah senator said:

"The tendency toward exorci-  
sm in our industrial life is constantly  
growing and now I can feel it com-  
ing in our political existence. The  
people seem anxious to take sides  
with the executive despite the fact  
that legislative bodies always have  
been the friends and most respon-  
sive to the people. Yet we see every  
day more and more concentration  
of all authority in the execu-  
tive and a disposition to believe  
all ills may be cured by the touch  
of an executive hand."

Continued on fourth page.

## Device to Put Out Fire With Sounds Is Tested

New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).

The use of sound waves as a fire  
extinguisher was demonstrated to-  
day before a fire company by  
Charles Kellogg, California natu-  
ralist, who predicted that if  
his invention is perfected, fire-  
men will be able to put out  
blazes without stirring out of  
their quarters.

Mr. Kellogg lit a gas flame  
two feet high and then, striking  
a tuning fork, passed a bowl  
over it. An unearthly screech  
rang through the engine house  
and the flame succumbed.

The General Electric Co., Mr.  
Kellogg said, is working to per-  
fect his discovery. When this  
is accomplished, Mr. Kellogg  
said, each fire house will have a  
fork tuned to a special pitch and  
by a process of elimination the  
proper vibration will be found  
to put out each fire that occurs.

## ONE DEAD, TWO OTHERS NEAR DEATH FROM GAS

Man and Woman, Occupants  
of Hotel, Are Still  
Unconscious.

LUKE CRISMAN, 55, DIES

One person is dead and two  
others are in a critical condition at  
Casualty hospital from gas poison-  
ing suffered yesterday.

Luke Crisman, 55 years old, of  
456 C street northwest, was found  
overcome by gas in his room yester-  
day morning by Lawrence B.  
Spline, of the same address.  
Spline broke into the room when  
he detected the odor of gas, and  
found Crisman lying on the bed un-  
conscious.

The Casualty hospital ambulance  
was summoned, but Dr. Villapiano  
pronounced Crisman dead. The  
coroner was notified and the body  
ordered taken to the morgue.

T. P. Meletokos, 27 years old, and  
an unidentified white woman about  
25 years old, living in the North  
Capitol hotel, were found overcome  
by gas yesterday afternoon by po-  
lice of the Sixth precinct. Em-  
ployees of the hotel detected the odor  
of escaping gas and found the man  
and woman unconscious in their  
rooms.

They were taken to the Casualty  
hospital and were still uncon-  
scious last night. Meletokos may recover,  
according to Dr. Villapiano, but lit-  
tle hope is held for the recovery of  
the woman. Police are investigat-  
ing. Meletokos had been staying  
at the hotel for several years.

## Aviator Is Accused Of Reckless Flying

Santa Monica, Calif., Feb. 1 (By  
A. P.).—A recently enacted law  
against reckless airplane piloting  
was used for the first time here  
yesterday. Earl T. Montgomery,  
33 years old, a motion picture di-  
rector, was arrested at Cloverfield.  
He was charged with "willfully and  
unlawfully operating an airplane  
in the air in a reckless manner, en-  
dangering the lives of persons not  
occupants of said aircraft."

## Lloyd George Head Of Liberals Again

London, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—  
David Lloyd George today was re-  
elected sessional chairman of the  
parliamentary liberal party, which  
thus voted its continued confidence  
in the former premier.

Mr. Lloyd George's reelection  
was by a vote of 17 to 7 with five  
absentions, in a meeting of about  
30 members of the party.

## DOHENY IS REFUSED REVERSAL OF RULING

Stay of Oil Lease Cancellation  
Granted for Appeal to  
Supreme Court.

San Francisco, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).  
Edward L. Doheny, oil magnate, to-  
day lost his fight in the United  
States circuit court of appeals to  
prevent cancellation of the Doheny  
leases in the naval oil reserves in  
California.

A petition seeking reversal of  
the court's recent decision in the  
case was over-ridden. Counsel for  
Doheny was given a stay of execu-  
tion to enable him to prepare an  
appeal to the United States Su-  
preme Court.

The circuit court decision strip-  
ped the oil magnate of all his rights  
to naval oil lands in California un-  
der the leases and also cancelled  
some \$11,000,000 in allowances  
granted by the trial court for work  
done at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, and  
in the California fields under the  
leases.

## SHIP BELIEVED LOST WITH CREW OF 32; LINER RESCUES 27

Craft From Rotterdam to  
America Missing for  
16 Days.

## ALKALOID'S MEN SAFE ON GERMAN VESSEL

Another Calls for Help; Rum  
Boat Goes Ashore; All  
Hands Thought Lost.

New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—  
The wireless raised its voice tonight  
above its week-long chorus of dis-  
tress to tell of another rescue from  
the Atlantic's unleashed gale. It  
sputtered a brief dozen words in the  
Hamburg-American offices from  
Capt. Carl Graals, of the liner  
Westphalia, saying he had saved  
the officers and crew of the Dutch  
freighter Alkaid.

"Crew of Alkaid taken aboard,"  
he said. "All well. To proceed to  
New York."

The now familiar refrain of dis-  
tress was immediately resumed,  
telling today of one more ship  
foundering and another sixteen  
days overdue and lost. It was the  
fifteenth repetition of that refrain  
since the gale began eight days ago.

Captain Radios Details.

The story of the rescue of the  
crew of the Alkaid was told to-  
night for the first time in any de-  
tail in a radio dispatch from Capt.  
Graals to his office here.

The message follows:  
"Sunday 2 a. m. Received  
S O S call from the Dutch steamer  
Alkaid, Rotterdam. By means  
radio bearing finder was able to  
find direction of her position.

Wind WNW. Force 10. Her calls  
very urgent. Went full speed and  
sighted her 11:15 a. m. Heavy  
waves washing over whole ship.  
Rails fore and aft, deck houses  
and hatches carried away. Boats  
smashed to pieces. Decks badly  
damaged on account of heavy  
storm.

"No possibility of rescue work  
Sunday but waited for better  
weather. During night wind de-  
creased to force 8. Sea a little  
handier. At 7 a. m. Monday I sent  
message to Alkaid that I would send  
a boat. At 8:30 everything was  
ready. Boat was lowered and got  
safe alongside Alkaid. Whole crew,  
27, taken on at one time. Alkaid  
was set on fire and when we left  
her burning all over. Boat was  
taken alongside Westphalia and the  
more or less exhausted men pulled  
on deck. Nobody hurt. Our light  
boat was lost. Capt. Roos, of  
Alkaid, nearly drowned when, as  
last man leaving his ship, he fell  
between ship and boat. I can only  
praise the brave behavior of my  
crew. At 11 a. m. proceeding to  
New York.

Freighter Ryburn Missing.

The missing ship which figures in  
today's messages is the British  
freighter Ryburn, which left Rot-  
terdam on December 28, with a  
load of coal for Philadelphia. She  
is sixteen days overdue, and no  
CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.

## Apoplexy Follows Injury in Auto Crash

Shortly after the automobile in  
which he was riding crashed into  
a telegraph pole on Braddock Hill,  
near Alexandria, Va., yesterday af-  
ternoon, Frank Dunn, of 829 Sev-  
enth street northwest, was stricken  
with apoplexy. Doctors at the  
Alexandria hospital, where he was  
taken, say his condition is critical.  
Raymond J. Reed, of 1665 La-  
mont street northwest, driver of the  
machine, told police the car skidded  
off the wet road into the pole.  
Thomas Fay, of Plainfield, N. J.,  
a passenger in the automobile, was  
slightly injured. Reed escaped un-  
hurt.

## Cross-Ocean Fliers Have Narrow Escape

Pernambuco, Brazil, Feb. 1 (By  
A. P.).—It was disclosed today the  
Spanish transatlantic fliers were  
threatened with disaster near the  
end of their brief hop from Fer-  
nando de Noronha to this city yes-  
terday.

The Spanish consulate sent a  
communication to the newspapers  
explaining that Commander Franco  
and his crew came down on the  
water without first flying over the  
city because, when near Recife, a  
part of one of the propellers broke.  
The fliers threw overboard all  
clothing and tools to lighten the  
plane and avoid a disaster.

## G. O. P. Disciplines Men Who Took Coolidge Chair

Salem, Mass., Feb. 1 (By A.  
P.).—The Republicans, who  
took away the chair in which  
President Coolidge sat at last  
summer's outing of the Essex  
County Republican club are be-  
ing disciplined, and they will  
not be included among the  
"prominent guests," invited to  
attend the Lincoln night dinner  
at Hawthorne inn, on Febru-  
ary 12.

This became known today  
through a communication sent  
to Boston by Edmund G. Sulli-  
van, president of the club, one  
of the most powerful political  
organizations in the State. He  
did not give the names of those  
thus disciplined. It was re-  
called that one of the few func-  
tions attended by the President  
while he was at Swampscott last  
summer was the club's outing.  
He was made an honorary mem-  
ber, and, from the club's view-  
point, the chair in which he sat  
had historical value. Mr. Sulli-  
van says some "marblehead  
man" quietly made way with it.

## THIEVES HERE GET \$7,000 IN WEEK-END OPERATIONS

Almost Entire Stock of Shop  
on H Street Northeast  
Carted Away.

VALUABLE RUGS STOLEN

Thieves operating in this city,  
early yesterday and Sunday night,  
obtained loot valued at more than  
\$7,000.

Virtually the entire stock of  
the New York Novelty Dress Co.,  
648 H street northeast, was stolen  
by thieves early yesterday morn-  
ing. Feldman Blacker, manager of  
the store, valued the loss at  
\$4,000.

The loot included 400 women's  
dresses, a diamond ring, and money  
from the cash drawers and regis-  
ter. Thieves gained entrance by  
prying apart the bars of one of the  
rear windows. They are believed  
to have used a truck in carrying  
off the clothing.

Rugs and expensive carpets, val-  
ued at \$230, were stolen from the  
store at 1204 Eighteenth street  
northwest, according to a report  
made to police by N. G. Hintman,  
proprietor. Although discovery of  
the theft was made only yesterday,  
thieves are believed to have been  
operating, taking one piece at a  
time, for the past month. Seven  
rugs and pieces of carpet were  
stolen.

Smashing the glass of a side win-  
dow, thieves entered the drug store  
of Dr. William C. Furr, 501 First  
street southwest, and stole ciga-  
rettes, tobacco, perfume, a watch  
and a set of cuff links, which were  
valued at \$175.

William E. Brown, of the Con-  
cord apartments, reported the theft  
of rings and jewelry from his quar-  
ters, which he valued at \$100.  
Cigars, cigarettes, candy and chew-  
ing gum, valued at \$50, were stol-  
en from the store of M. Fortuna,  
2402 Georgia avenue northwest.  
Numerous other thefts were re-  
ported.

## Woman, Nearing 100, Blows Out the Gas

New York, Feb. 1.—A habit of  
blowing out the gas was all that  
kept Louisa Oberdorfer from realiz-  
ing her ambition to live 100 years.  
She would have been 100 on May  
10, but she died in her bed last  
night.

Several times Mrs. Louisa Seig-  
fert, janitress, entered Mrs. Ober-  
dorfer's room in time to save the  
aged woman from asphyxiation be-  
cause she couldn't be impressed  
with the danger of blowing out the  
gas. Last night Mrs. Oberdorfer  
got up to heat a cup of water. She  
must have blown out the gas, be-  
cause Mrs. Seigfert this morning  
found the room filled with gas and  
the old woman dead.

## Crown Prince Risks Life for U. S. Sailor

Stockholm, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—  
The story of how the Swedish  
Crown Prince Gustavus Adolphus  
braved the icy water of Stockholm  
harbor and the Swedish liquor laws  
to rescue from drowning and revive  
an American sailor has just become  
public, in spite of the prince's order  
that it be kept secret.

While the crown prince and his  
aide were walking along the water-  
front they saw a man fall over-  
board. The prince jumped in after  
him, and got him into a rowboat  
tied along the wharf. The prince  
took the sailor to a rough seamen's  
cafe, and said that the man was  
served a stiff drink of brandy.

## DRASTIC ALUMINUM INQUIRY DEMANDED IN WALSH'S REPORT

"Intolerable" Delay in  
Justice Department  
Also Included.

## SARGENT CITES LAW ON PRIVATE MATTER

Trade Commission's Informa-  
tion Beyond His Reach, He  
Tells the Senate.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

Full and sweeping investigation  
of the Aluminum Company of  
America, involving Secretary of the  
Treasury Mellon as a former domi-  
nant factor in the company, and  
also involving charges of intoler-  
able procrastination and lack of  
knowledge on the part of Attorney  
General Sargent and the Depart-  
ment of Justice, is demanded by  
Senator Walsh, of Montana, in a  
report submitted by him yesterday  
to the judiciary committee of the  
Senate.

Coinciding with this report the  
Senate yesterday received a letter  
from Attorney General Sargent on  
the case, which was read from the  
desk. It was a lengthy letter cov-  
ering the law governing the De-  
partment of Justice's activities in  
the case. The Federal Trade Com-  
mission, by a vote of 3 to 2, refused  
to give the department access to  
confidential information provided  
by the Aluminum Company of  
America, Mr. Sargent said. He  
added:

"I am of the opinion that the re-  
fusal of the commission to disclose  
the evidence in this case can not,  
under existing law, be remedied in  
any proceedings brought by the At-  
torney General."

In other words, Mr. Sargent tells  
the Senate if it wants this confi-  
dential data it must get it itself.  
That is apparently what Senator  
Walsh hopes to do. At one time  
the Federal Trade Commission in-  
vited Attorney General Stone to ex-  
amine the evidence, but the then  
Attorney General did not avail him-  
self of the opportunity, and when  
the department later sought to get  
it the commission refused to give  
it up.

The fate of Mr. Walsh's present  
drive to investigate the matter to  
its depths depends upon the action  
which the Senate judiciary com-  
mittee takes on his report. This com-  
mittee is made up of nine Repub-  
licans and seven Democrats, as fol-  
lows:

Republicans—Cummings, Borah,  
Norris, Ernst, Means, Harrell, De-  
neen, Gillett and Goff.

Democrats—Overman, Reed, Ash-  
urst, Walsh, Caraway, King and  
Neely.

The shift of two Republican votes  
would suffice to bring about a fa-  
vorable report on Senator Walsh's  
proposed investigation. Senators  
Cummings, Borah and Norris are  
believed to be inclined to favor the  
inquiry as outlined in the Walsh re-  
port.

## Seeks Witnesses in Europe.

While Senator Walsh was train-  
ing his big guns on members of the  
President's cabinet and the Depart-  
ment of Justice, he used his auxil-  
iary weapons on the floor of the  
Senate against witnesses who  
were in Europe when the Teapot Dome  
port from the committee and this  
caused it to be attacked by Senator  
Means, who said the committee had  
acted without his consent and dur-  
ing his absence, despite the fact  
that he wished to submit arguments  
as to its constitutionality.

Sensor Means wanted to recom-  
mend that a record of the wit-  
nesses' refusal to testify. Mr. Walsh  
said that to change the phraseology  
as suggested would permit wit-  
nesses abroad to influence foreign  
courts to hold up reports and  
thereby defeat the ends of justice.  
Senators Bruce and King and Cum-  
mings supported Senator Walsh but  
the effort to obtain a vote came  
to naught, as the tax bill supplanted  
the Walsh measure at the ex-  
piration of morning business at 2  
o'clock. Mr. Walsh announced he  
would again press for passage of  
the bill at the first opportunity.

Sensor Walsh's report on the  
aluminum case charges intolerable  
procrastination by the Department  
of Justice in investigating the mat-  
ter.

Continued on fourth page.

## Index to Today's Issue.

- Pages  
1—"Food Trust" Denounced.  
Ship and Crew Believed Lost.  
Demands Aluminum Inquiry.  
Calls Bureaucrats Menace.  
2—Utilities May Pay for Check-up.  
Darrow Against Death Penalty.  
3—Intimate Papers of Col. House.  
4—Attacks Halt Tax Bill Action.  
5—Military Guards in 2 States.  
6—Editorials.  
7—Society Events.  
8—Rail Men Ask Pay Boosts.  
9—Theatrical Reviews.  
10—23—Legal Record.  
11—Dry Agents to Answer State.  
12—Weather and Vital Statistics.  
14—Women's Features.  
15—16—21—Financial.  
17—18—19—Sports.  
20—Radio and Comics.  
22—The Three Musketeers.  
22—23—Classified Advertising.  
24—The News in Pictures.  
Would Like Coal Men's Books.  
Ask \$4,000,000 More for D. C.

## MITCHELL CHARGES BUREAUCRATIC RULE IS MENACE TO U. S.

Asserts Blind Bigotry of  
War Heads Blocks Air  
Development.

## SINGLE DEPARTMENT FOR DEFENSE URGED

Officer Returns to Civilian  
Status; Starts Lecture  
Tour February 10.

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN

He's "out of the army now!"  
But, paraphrasing suggestions  
of other well-known veterans who  
have done their bits, "Mr." Wil-  
liam Mitchell, for 28 years a cy-  
clic figure in the United States  
regular army, "isn't through yet."  
He is ready to come back at a  
moment's notice, he says, "in case  
of war or emergency, whenever I  
am needed."

The former assistant chief of the  
army air service, who has held all  
ranks from private to brigadier  
general, and whose record in the  
world war brought coveted honors  
from all of the allied powers for  
valor; who was court-martialed and  
ordered suspended from active  
service for five years for, in effect,  
"talking too much," on his return  
to private life yesterday issued a  
statement defending his position.  
His resignation, accepted as of  
February 1, automatically ended his  
army career.

"Our government has become  
one of bureaucratic domination,"  
he asserted, and once again he  
challenged his opponents by in-  
sisting that "national defense is a  
single concrete problem for the  
whole country; not a matter for  
the army and navy alone."

Pays Tribute to Comrades.

Mr. Mitchell plainly has neither  
illusions nor regrets in leaving the  
service. He pays tribute to the  
comrades of the services, and of  
the wars this nation has partici-  
pated in for the last 28 years, and  
insists that, having fought with-  
out success to remedy intolerable  
conditions from within, he now  
will continue fighting this time  
from without.

The former colonel will go into  
Virginia today for a brief hunting  
trip. Then he plans a lecture tour,  
starting in New York city on Feb-  
ruary 10 and lasting for two and a  
half to three months, which will  
cover most of the country from  
Boston to San Francisco. That fin-  
ished, he will go to his old home in  
Wisconsin for a while. If the oc-  
casion offers he will make a hunt-  
ing trip to Africa late in the sum-  
mer. If not, it will be postponed for  
a year.

Mr. Mitchell had little comment  
on his changed status to add to his  
official statement yesterday. He had  
become used to civilian garb since  
the verdict of the court-martial was  
returned and wore a somewhat fan-  
cy overcoat, a natty neck scarf and



## CITY WOULD COMPEL UTILITIES TO FINANCE VALUATION CHECK-UP

Congress Will Be Asked to Force Gas Companies to Pay Cost.

\$50,000 IS ESTIMATED AS AMOUNT REQUIRED

Validity of Claims That May Mean Rate Increase to Be Ascertained.

Direct appropriations and contract authorizations, aggregating approximately \$4,000,000, for improvements in the District were provided in the first deficiency bill reported to the House by its appropriations committee yesterday.

Of this sum, \$1,734,878 is for strictly District items, \$140,000 is provided for the director of public buildings and grounds to repair temporary office buildings, and \$2,000,000 in direct appropriations and contract authorizations is provided to erect permanent structures instead of the temporary ones at Walter Reed hospital.

Schools and streets get the biggest share of the District recommendations. A total of \$57,705 was allotted from the budget estimates by the committee. For street improvements \$767,700 is provided, and \$160,000 is recommended for the schools.

Items Are Reduced.

Other items in the District deficiency estimates include \$41,755 for the traffic director, \$2,850 less than recommended by the budget; sewer assessment and permit work, \$255,000, \$20,000 less than recommended by the budget, and \$125,000 is provided for the extension of water mains.

The hearings on the estimates, made public with the bill, disclose considerable dissatisfaction of Chairman Madden toward school officials for coming before the committee with estimates to cover projects, the cost of which may be underestimated. Mr. Madden was particularly aroused by estimates for the Western High school, which \$22,000 sought for the completion of equipment was approved. Mr. Madden said the school had been bobbing up before him for years and he wanted to know if there is any one connected with the school who knows "just what he wants besides money."

Other school items approved were:

Twenty-five thousand five hundred dollars for continuing construction on the eight-room building at Fifth and Buchanan streets; \$27,500 for the eight-room extension building at Fifth and Sheridan streets; \$20,000 for the eight-room building at Brightwood Park, and \$55,000 for the wing to the Macfarland Junior High.

A further amount of \$260,000 is included for care of the insane to enable payments to be made to St. Elizabeths hospital to the end of the current fiscal year.

Street Widening Asked.

Provision is made for the widening of Connecticut avenue from K street to Eighteenth street and of Eleventh street from Pennsylvania avenue to New York avenue.

Other street improvements include:

General fund—For paving: Ingraham street, Seventh street to Eighth street, \$6,500; C street, Meridian place to Ogden street, \$4,700; Decatur street, Kansas avenue to Fifth street, \$7,600; Eighth street, Decatur street to Emerson street, \$4,800; T street northeast, Lincoln road to Second street, \$12,600; Neal street northeast, West Virginia avenue to Trinidad street, \$20,200; Oates street northeast, Michigan avenue to Trinidad street, \$10,200; Trinidad street northeast, Neal street to Queen street, \$14,000.

For grading, including necessary curbs, drains and retaining walls: Albemarle street, Murdoch Mill road to Wisconsin avenue, \$6,500; Cathedral avenue, Conduit road to Weaver place, \$13,600; Carfield street, Edmund road to Forty-fourth street, \$5,500; Twenty-ninth street, Woodley road to Calvert street, \$15,000; Dix street, Forty-fourth street to Forty-ninth street northeast, \$4,400; Fifth street northeast, Howard road to Stevens road northeast, \$8,100.

Three items passed by the budget were eliminated by the House appropriations committee: Decatur street, from Sixteenth to Twenty-ninth street, \$7,500; Albemarle

street, Massachusetts avenue to Murdoch Mill road, \$2,500, and Evans street northeast, from Third to Fourth street, \$4,000.

Under the item of \$462,000, from the gasoline tax fund, the specified streets to be improved are:

Northwest—Columbia road, Sixteenth street to Eighteenth street, \$22,000; Massachusetts avenue, Fourteenth street to Sixteenth street, \$25,000, instead of \$65,000 for like improvement from Fourteenth street to Eighteenth street; Vermont avenue, Thomas circle to Iowa circle, \$28,000; Vermont avenue, R street to T street, \$13,500; T street, Ninth street to Fourteenth street, \$32,000; Northeast—West Virginia avenue, Florida avenue to Penn street, \$20,700.

Southeast—Kentucky avenue, H street to Admiral Barney circle, \$9,400; Kentucky avenue, Fifteenth street to South Carolina avenue, \$34,200, and C street, Twelfth street to Fifteenth street, \$35,200.

North was—Kansas avenue, Sheridan circle to Farragut street, \$24,000; Buchanan street, New Hampshire avenue to Kansas avenue, \$22,000; south and east side of Sheridan circle, Kansas avenue to Crittenden street, \$18,000; Buchanan street to Sherman circle, \$12,000, and Scott circle, \$25,000.

Tax Refunds Provided For.

The total bill carries \$381,233, 000, of which \$149,250,000 is sought for the refund of illegally collected taxes, \$26,675,000 for forest roads and trails, \$97,265,000 for increased postal salaries and \$78,000,000 for the veterans' bureau, of which \$8,000,000 is for hospital construction including Walter Reed and the remainder to meet the cost of the bonus.

The coast guard is recommended for \$7,447,000 more, most of which, the committee said, is because of its prohibition enforcement activities.

**MARSH IS FORMALLY CHARGED WITH ARSON**

Mentality of Youth Alleged to Have Started Apartment Fire May Be Tested.

Howard Stewart Marsh, 18 years old, alleged pyromaniac who is accused of starting the fire in the Victoria apartment house Sunday morning, was formally charged with arson at the Eighth precinct station last night. He will be arraigned in the United States branch of the police court this morning.

The youth, who is said to have confessed to turning in 75 false alarms for a thrill, probably will undergo an examination to determine his mental state. Police officials said they would recommend it.

In talking to police yesterday Marsh willingly admitted to sounding alarms, but insisted that his starting the apartment house fire was an accident. The fire in the Victoria drove 75 tenants to the street and was indirectly the cause of one death.

**Florist Club Told Of American Bulbs**

"American Grown Bulbs" was the topic of an illustrated lecture last night by Peter Bisset, of the bureau of plant industry, before the Florist club of Washington, meeting at 712 Twelfth street northwest.

Mr. Bisset told of opportunities afforded American growers by the embargo on narcissus, iris and tulip bulbs which he had seen raised in the United States. O. A. C. Oehlmer was nominated for president of the club. Other nominees were: Albert Schuchman, Otto Bauer, vice president; William Davis and H. Aspon, secretary; Otto Bauer and Granville Gude, treasurer, and William Ernest, Harry Lewis and Edward S. Schuchman, directors.

The meeting will be held at next month's meeting, Z. D. Blackstone will act as host.

**G. E. Shreve Badly Hurt in Auto Crash**

George E. Shreve, 57 years old, 305 Webster street northwest, suffered a fractured skull, when his automobile collided with a viaduct pillar at Third street and Florida avenue northeast, last night.

He is in a critical condition at Casualty hospital.

800 at Catholic Card Party.

Eight hundred persons attended the card party last night of the Washington council of the National Council of Catholic Women in the Mayflower hotel. The proceeds will be devoted to the building and upkeep of rural schools in southern Maryland.

## DARROW, OPPOSING PENALTY OF DEATH, URGES TOLERANCE

All Prone to Err, Famous Lawyer Tells House Subcommittee.

QUESTIONS COMPETENCY TO PASS ON MAN'S LIFE

Declares Environment and Heredity Too Involved for Evaluation.

Clarence S. Darrow, the noted criminal lawyer, told a House subcommittee yesterday that, if everybody looked on his fellow man with the same tolerance as he does, the abolition of the death penalty could very well be brought about.

Attired as he appeared at Dayton, Tenn., at Los Angeles when he defended the McNamara brothers more than fifteen years ago, at Chicago when he pleaded for the lives of Leopold and Loeb, an easy fitting plain blue suit, with a small flabby collar, a white tie and black immaculate but comfortable shoes, he asked the committee on this earth is competent to judge his fellow man to the extent of taking his life.

He may well have been taken for a prosperous farmer as he stood leisurely before the committee, his hands pushed down in his trousers at the waist; an errant vein of his light hair hanging over his forehead. He talked as though it was a round table discussion among friends—and it was quite like that, with Representatives Hammer, of North Carolina, himself about the same build and age as the noted lawyer, seeking to develop Mr. Darrow's thoughts on life and law.

Always Had Answer Ready.

Never did Mr. Darrow lift his voice and never was he at loss to reply to questions by Representative McLeod, of Michigan, author of the bill, Mr. Hammer or Representative Reed, of Illinois.

He was engaging in his manner and he spoke thought-provokers in abundance from a wealth of two-score years' experience in defending criminals at the bar of justice. The committee was reluctant to let him go.

"Who knows the influences that cause a man to commit murder?" he asked.

"Surely you don't. I don't. Neither does the judge nor jury. Who are we to judge his heredity and environment, and they are the influences from which we can not escape? And we are so prone to error. How many times have you met some one on the street whom you thought you knew and found that you did not? In how many cases does the jury on its first vote stand at seven to five, and gradually the other five are convinced of a man's guilt? But their verdict may hang a man?"

Know So Little of Life.

"No one of you will say that capital punishment will prevail 100 years from today," he challenged. "We are getting away from that." "If the contention that capital punishment is a deterrent is true, he insisted, then you should make your hangings public; turn out the schools in order that the school children may witness them; make them all a great Roman holiday."

"We know so little about life," he said. "We should hesitate at taking another man's life."

Asked why the State of Tennessee returned to the death penalty after abolishing it, Mr. Darrow said:

"For the same reason that we turn over in our beds; for the same reason that Congress changes its mind," adding with a shrug of his shoulders.

"We are all so bad; we don't know what we want."

**CONVENTION DELEGATE APPEALS TRAFFIC FINE**

Protests Penalty After Crash in Procession From Arlington.

Joseph F. Sorel, 2310 Pennsylvania avenue southeast, secretary of the Sons of Italy in American, in convention here, was fined \$50 in traffic court last night on a charge of reckless driving while returning from Arlington, Sunday afternoon, after having placed a wreath on the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier.

Mr. Sorel was driving in a procession of 20 cars, when he collided with a car driven by Miss Florence Warwick, 2123 I street northwest, at the foot of Fourteenth street southwest, near the railroad tunnel. Drivers of both cars testified that they were not driving at more than 15 miles an hour. Mr. Sorel appealed his case, and it will be heard Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

**Policeman Loses \$75 Pay on Street**

Yesterday may have been pay day to the hundreds of other policemen in the police department, but it was not for Policeman E. J. Castelli, of the Seventh precinct.

Half an hour after he had received his semimonthly wages Castelli was walking on F street when, at Fourteenth street northeast, he put his hand into his back pocket and found his money had been lost. Now the whole department has been asked to assist Castelli in finding his lost \$75.

## Houdini, Jr. By J. H. Striebel



## CAR CRASHES INTO TREE, ENDING SPIRITED PURSUIT

Drunkenness, Five Charges of Hit-and-Run Laid Against Driver.

U. S. AUTO IS WRECKED

A chase by police, motorists and pedestrians after an automobile, driven, police say, by Daniel Ghee, colored, 40 years old, 1515 B street northeast, last night transformed the Capitol grounds and the streets of northeast Washington into a veritable speedway. The pursuit terminated at Fifth and E streets northeast, where the car crashed into a tree and was wrecked.

Ghee, an employee in the offices of David Lynn, architect of the Capitol, was arrested by Detective L. Wilson and E. E. Thompson, of the Ninth precinct, and held on charges of driving while drunk, reckless driving and leaving the scenes of accidents without making his identity known. The car was government owned. Riding with him was Andrew Vernon, also colored, 5 Wonder's court southwest, who is held for investigation.

The pursuit started at New York and New Jersey avenue northwest, when Ghee is alleged to have struck the car operated by E. S. Dozier, 1472 Spring place northwest, and driven off. Dozier gave chase. In the Capitol grounds Detectives Wilson and Thompson picked up the chase. Other motorists, attracted by the speeding cars and the incessant screams of sirens, joined the race. Pedestrians next fell in line.

Through the grounds, out East Capitol street to Fifth and down Fifth to E streets sped the automobiles. There the chase ended when the pursued car hit a tree. Ghee was pulled from the driver's seat, and neither he nor Vernon suffered more than slight bruises. In the wake of the negro, four cases of alleged "hit-and-run" driving were left. At Fourth and East Capitol streets the cars of Charles Beal, 1318 A street southeast, and K. C. Dorch, 513 Third street northeast, were struck. Two other automobiles, the owners of which are at present unknown to police, were struck at Fourth and D streets northeast and Third and Massachusetts avenue northeast.

**Tea Served Visitors At Friendship House**

Visitors were entertained at a tea at Friendship house, 326 Virginia avenue southeast, yesterday, and as a diversion watched members of the Link Housekeepers club, ranging in age from 6 to 8 years, prepare their tables.

The sixteen members of the club receive instruction under Miss Anna Betson. They swept the floors, built the fires, made beds and set tables. Mrs. Henry Clay Newcomer was hostess.

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**SCHOOL DRAFTING & ART Supplies MUTH**

See the PEERLESS 1st Place AUTOSHOW

Automobiles By Auction At Weschler's

920 Penna. Ave. N.W. TODAY, 10 A. M.

## GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES REDUCED TO 61,509 HERE

Pay Roll Is Shortened by 242 Names During Month of December.

TREASURY LIST LARGEST CHOICE EXPECTED SOON

After suffering a net loss of 242 employees in December, government departments in Washington entered upon the year 1926 with 61,509 workers, it is revealed in a report of the civil service commission made public last night.

The fact that during December 896 employees were separated from Federal service, while only 654 were added to it indicates that "rock bottom" has not yet been reached in the matter of government personnel.

Suffering a net loss of 123 employees during the last month of 1925, the Treasury Department continued to be by far the largest department, having 15,421 employees at New Year. It suffered a loss of 225 employees in December, by far the largest reduction by a single department, and took on 102 new employees.

With the exception of the White House and the commission of fine arts, which have very limited forces of employees, every department and bureau in the city suffered a turnover in personnel.

**Magruder Left Estate Valued at \$275,000**

John H. Magruder, pioneer Washington merchant, who died December 21, left an estate valued at approximately \$275,000, according to the petition for letters testamentary filed yesterday in probate court by the National Metropolitan Bank, executors. Magruder was survived by a son, Lieut. John H. Magruder, jr., U. S. N., and a daughter, Natalie Magruder Campbell, of London, England.

Miss Julia C. Lindley, who died January 5, left an estate valued at more than \$55,000 according to the petition filed by the National Savings & Trust Co., Maj. Clayton Y. Vogel, U. S. M. C., and the Rev. Peter P. Phillips, executors. The estate includes 1428 Corcoran street northwest.

**Manor Park Citizens Commend Eldridge**

Traffic Director M. O. Eldridge was commended for installation of the new synchronized traffic lights on Sixteenth street northwest in a resolution adopted by the Manor Park Citizens association at a meeting last night at 304 Rittenhouse street northwest.

The association endorsed the proposal now under consideration by the public utilities commission to grant an extension of the Washington Railway & Electric Co.'s haul line from the Soldiers' home to Takoma Park by way of Blair road. The association also went on record as favoring erection of an educational building as a memorial to Theodore Roosevelt. E. H. Pullman, president of the association, presided.

**House District Committee Thanked.**

A resolution expressing appreciation of the recognition granted local citizens' associations on civic matters by the House District committee, was introduced by the Stanton Park Citizens association last night in Peabody school.

117 Pneumonia Deaths in Month.

Pneumonia deaths in Washington numbered 117 in January, as compared with 66 for the same month a year ago. The total number of cases reported in January, 1925, was 176, last month it was 389.

**SPECIAL NOTICES**

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: NOTICE is hereby given that the board of directors of Washington Coca Cola Bottling Works, a corporation created by and existing under the laws of the State of South Carolina, have called a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, to be held at the principal office of the corporation, Seventh and D streets southwest, in the city of Washington, D. C., on the ninth day of MARCH, 1926, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a new board of directors and for the purpose of amending the articles of incorporation and the charter of said corporation. JAMES E. JAMES, president.

NOTICE IS GIVEN THAT THE FOLLOWING First Mortgage Bonds of the Roseville Steel & Iron Company, Inc., numbered 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000, 1100, 1200, 1300, 1400, 1500, 1600, 1700, 1800, 1900, 2000, 2100, 2200, 2300, 2400, 2500, 2600, 2700, 2800, 2900, 3000, 3100, 3200, 3300, 3400, 3500, 3600, 3700, 3800, 3900, 4000, 4100, 4200, 4300, 4400, 4500, 4600, 4700, 4800, 4900, 5000, 5100, 5200, 5300, 5400, 5500, 5600, 5700, 5800, 5900, 6000, 6100, 6200, 6300, 6400, 6500, 6600, 6700, 6800, 6900, 7000, 7100, 7200, 7300, 7400, 7500, 7600, 7700, 7800, 7900, 8000, 8100, 8200, 8300, 8400, 8500, 8600, 8700, 8800, 8900, 9000, 9100, 9200, 9300, 9400, 9500, 9600, 9700, 9800, 9900, 10000, 10100, 10200, 10300, 10400, 10500, 10600, 10700, 10800, 10900, 11000, 11100, 11200, 11300, 11400, 11500, 11600, 11700, 11800, 11900, 12000, 12100, 12200, 12300, 12400, 12500, 12600, 12700, 12800, 12900, 13000, 13100, 13200, 13300, 13400, 13500, 13600, 13700, 13800, 13900, 14000, 14100, 14200, 14300, 14400, 14500, 14600, 14700, 14800, 14900, 15000, 15100, 15200, 15300, 15400, 15500, 15600, 15700, 15800, 15900, 16000, 16100, 16200, 16300, 16400, 16500, 16600, 16700, 16800, 16900, 17000, 17100, 17200, 17300, 17400, 17500, 17600, 17700, 17800, 17900, 18000, 18100, 18200, 18300, 18400, 18500, 18600, 18700, 18800, 18900, 19000, 19100, 19200, 19300, 19400, 19500, 19600, 19700, 19800, 19900, 20000, 20100, 20200, 20300, 20400, 20500, 20600, 20700, 20800, 20900, 21000, 21100, 21200, 21300, 21400, 21500, 21600, 21700, 21800, 21900, 22000, 22100, 22200, 22300, 22400, 22500, 22600, 22700, 22800, 22900, 23000, 23100, 23200, 23300, 23400, 23500, 23600, 23700, 23800, 23900, 24000, 24100, 24200, 24300, 24400, 24500, 24600, 24700, 24800, 24900, 25000, 25100, 25200, 25300, 25400, 25500, 25600, 25700, 25800, 25900, 26000, 26100, 26200, 26300, 26400, 26500, 26600, 26700, 26800, 26900, 27000, 27100, 27200, 27300, 27400, 27500, 27600, 27700, 27800, 27900, 28000, 28100, 28200, 28300, 28400, 28500, 28600, 28700, 28800, 28900, 29000, 29100, 29200, 29300, 29400, 29500, 29600, 29700, 29800, 29900, 30000, 30100, 30200, 30300, 30400, 30500, 30600, 30700, 30800, 30900, 31000, 31100, 31200, 31300, 31400, 31500, 31600, 31700, 31800, 31900, 32000, 32100, 32200, 32300, 32400, 32500, 32600, 32700, 32800, 32900, 33000, 33100, 33200, 33300, 33400, 33500, 33600, 33700, 33800, 33900, 34000, 34100, 34200, 34300, 34400, 34500, 34600, 34700, 34800, 34900, 35000, 35100, 35200, 35300, 35400, 35500, 35600, 35700, 35800, 35900, 36000, 36100, 36200, 36300, 36400, 36500, 36600, 36700, 36800, 36900, 37000, 37100, 37200, 37300, 37400, 37500, 37600, 37700, 37800, 37900, 38000, 38100, 38200, 38300, 38400, 38500, 38600, 38700, 38800, 38900, 39000, 39100, 39200, 39300, 39400, 39500, 39600, 39700, 39800, 39900, 40000, 40100, 40200, 40300, 40400, 40500, 40600, 40700, 40800, 40900, 41000, 41100, 41200, 41300, 41400, 41500, 41600, 41700, 41800, 41900, 42000, 42100, 42200, 42300, 42400, 42500, 42600, 42700, 42800, 42900, 43000, 43100, 43200, 43300, 43400, 43500, 43600, 43700, 43800, 43900, 44000, 44100, 44200, 44300, 44400, 44500, 44600, 44700, 44800, 44900, 45000, 45100, 45200, 45300, 45400, 45500, 45600, 45700, 45800, 45900, 46000, 46100, 46200, 46300, 46400, 46500, 46600, 46700, 46800, 46900, 47000, 47100, 47200, 47300, 47400, 47500, 47600, 47700, 47800, 47900, 48000, 48100, 48200, 48300, 48400, 48500, 48600, 48700, 48800, 48900, 49000, 49100, 49200, 49300, 49400, 49500, 49600, 49700, 49800, 49900, 50000, 50100, 50200, 50300, 50400, 50500, 50600, 50700, 50800, 50900, 51000, 51100, 51200, 51300, 51400, 51500, 51600, 51700, 51800, 51900, 52000, 52100, 52200, 52300, 52400, 52500, 52600, 52700, 52800, 52900, 53000, 53100, 53200, 53300, 53400, 53500, 53600, 53700, 53800, 53900, 54000, 54100, 54200, 54300, 54400, 54500, 54600, 54700, 54800, 54900, 55000, 55100, 55200, 55300,



# WILSON IS NAMED STANDARD BEARER, DEFEATING CLARK

Col. House, Barred by Ill Health From Attending Baltimore Convention, Gets News of Victory by Wireless at Sea.

PLANS WORKED OUT BEFORE DEPARTURE  
PLAY IMPORTANT PART IN CONVENTION

"Mystery Man" Returns to Find Discord Between McCombs and McAdoo and Finally Decides Latter Is Right—Bryan's Part in the Campaign.

## INTIMATE PAPERS OF COL. HOUSE

INSTALLMENT III.

Col. House to Gov. Wilson.

Beverly, Mass., June 7, 1912.

DEAR Gov. Wilson: In my opinion, everything is being done that should be toward influencing the delegates in your behalf. Plans for organizing them into an efficient and effective force at Baltimore are already under way, and will be much more potent than anything Mr. — has suggested.

If I see the situation rightly, there has never been a time when your nomination seemed so probable as now, and if I were you I would move cautiously and do nothing further for the present.

I do not doubt that a large part of your time has been taken up, as indeed has Mr. Combs' and mine, by people giving advice which, if acted upon, would defeat our ends.

Do you recall what I told you concerning the conversation I had with Mrs. B.? I have a letter this morning from her containing this most significant sentence: "I found Mr. B. well and quite in accord with the talk we had."

It encourages me to believe that Mr. Clark will never receive that influence and that you will. It also means that he [Bryan] will not want the nomination unless two Republican tickets are in the field. Faithfully yours, E. M. HOUSE.

Gov. Wilson replied in a manner that would have surprised some of his later critics. He not merely thanked House for his advice, but confessed that he stood in need of it, for at first he had been inclined to follow Mr. —'s suggestion, but only did he admit he was wrong, but he promised not to act independently in the future.

### House to Gov. Wilson

Beverly, Mass., June 20, 1912.

Dear Gov. Wilson:

I am sorry beyond measure that it is my fate not to be able to be at the Baltimore convention. Both my inclination and my deep interest in your success call me there, but I am physically unable to do the effort.

### DIED

BLANTON—On Sunday, January 31, 1926, at his residence, 323 Maryland avenue, north-east, WILLIAM WALKER, beloved husband of Mary V. Blanton, and brother of Representative Thomas L. Blanton, of Texas. Remains resting at Zuercher funeral home, 1414 14th street, northwest. Funeral services will be held at the Metropolitan Baptist church, Sixth and A streets, northeast, on Tuesday, February 2, at 2 p. m. Interment at Cedar Hill cemetery, A. M. International at Cedar Hill cemetery.

BRUNN—Suddenly, on Saturday, January 30, 1926, at his residence, 902 H street, north-east, FRANK, beloved husband of Ellen Evelyn Brunne and father of Mrs. Emilie Stanton. Funeral from the chapel of Lee's undertaking establishment, 322 Pennsylvania avenue, northwest, Tuesday, February 2, at 2 p. m. Interment at Cedar Hill cemetery.

CARRICK—On Monday, February 1, 1926, at 3:30 p. m., at her residence, 118 Twelfth street, southeast, AGNES ZONE, LITA CARRICK, in her thirty-third year of her age. Funeral services at the above residence, on Wednesday, February 3, at 2 p. m. Interment at Cedar Hill cemetery.

CLARK—On Sunday, January 31, 1926, at her residence, near Silver Spring, Md., MARY, beloved wife of J. H. Clark, in her seventieth year. Funeral from her late residence, on Wednesday, February 3, at 12:30 p. m. Services at Grace church, Woodside, Md., at 1 p. m. Relative and friends invited. Interment at Grace church cemetery.

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## DIRECTED FIGHT



W. G. McAdoo  
whose split with McCombs caused Col. House uneasiness.

has promised to tell me of the result by wireless; and if you are nominated I shall return almost immediately.

If you will permit me to act as your friend in an advisory capacity I will give me pleasure to use my every effort in your behalf.

With kind regards and best wishes, I am faithfully yours, E. M. HOUSE.

Beverly, Mass., June 23, 1912.

Dear Gov. Wilson:

T. W. Gregory and T. A. Thompson, two of the delegates from Texas, have just left me.

I have never known two better organizers than they are, and I have outlined to them in detail what to do at Baltimore with Mr. McCombs' approval.

I am afraid that if thorough organization is not had we will find 50 of our friends working upon one delegation and perhaps no one attending to another delegation of equal importance.

I have suggested that the 40 men from Texas be divided into four units of 10, and each given one of the doubtful Southern States. The same methods should be pursued with New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin and other loyal delegations. In this way the work becomes effective and good results follow.

I have urged them to make friends with the delegations to which they are assigned, to influence and entertain them in one way and another until the convention is ended. Faithfully yours, E. M. HOUSE.

On June 25 Col. House sailed, and on the same day the Democratic convention met at Baltimore, Clark, originally put forward to break the Wilson movement, soon threatened to run away with the convention.

His strength did not crumble, as House had hoped, after the first few ballots and, if we may believe Wilson's secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty, even McCombs despaired. At this juncture appeared the value of the plans made by House during the winter and spring. The Wilson dele-

gates, at first in a small minority, stood firm, led by the band of 40 from Texas. Gradually, as the cause of Underwood appeared hopeless, Wilson began to pick up votes from the delegations of which he was second choice; the Clark forces weakened. And at the critical moment the arguments that House had so constantly pressed upon Bryan during the winter and spring bore fruit. The New York delegation, dominated by Tammany, attacked Wilson and supported Clark with such vigor that Bryan was finally convinced that Wilson must be the right man. His intervention proved decisive, and on the forty-sixth ballot Wilson received the nomination.

Col. House had not yet reached England when the issue was determined.

### Hears of Nomination

"I received the notification of the nomination of Wilson by wireless one day out from Liverpool," he wrote. "It was from H. H. Childers, and read, 'Wilson wins.' It came at 10 o'clock at night. Dr. Arthur Hadley, of Yale, and some others were playing cards at the time. I told Hadley that perhaps he would be glad to know that Woodrow Wilson had been nominated at Baltimore. I was sadly mistaken in my supposition that the knowledge of this would give him pleasure, for I never saw a man who evinced less enthusiasm."

Col. House was among those who believed that the result of the split in the Republican party would be certain Democratic victory. Hence he did not cut short the travels that he had planned for the summer of 1912, which included Sweden, Finland, Russia, as far as Moscow, Germany, France and England.

"In my opinion," he wrote Wilson soon after his return, "the greatest asset that we have is the score that Roosevelt is giving the conservative Republicans, and I have found that my efforts in proselytizing prominent Taft adherents have been successful whenever I have been able to show that a vote for Taft is a half vote for Roosevelt."

### House to Gov. Wilson

Beverly, Mass., Aug. 28, 1912.

Dear Gov. Wilson:

I am trying to get our friends to organize properly in Vermont and Maine. It looks to me as if they depended too much upon speechmaking and noisy demonstrations and not enough upon organization.

I have suggested that they get a committee in every precinct whose business it shall be to get out the Democratic vote and influence as many of the Republican votes as possible.

Upon these committees I have suggested placing a Taft Republican who is supporting you for one reason or another; a Progressive Republican who does not want to vote for Roosevelt and can not vote for Taft, and the best Democratic organizer that can be obtained.

If this method is followed, not only in Vermont and Maine, but in every State in the Union, there will be nothing left of your opponents that will be worth while. Yours very sincerely, E. M. HOUSE.

## AIDED WILSON



T. W. GREGORY,  
delegate from Texas and big factor in Wilson's victory at Baltimore.

### Mrs. Bryan to House

Fairview, July 27, 1912.

My Dear Mr. House:

Have been in a mad struggle with mail lately—my desk is cleared and I celebrate by writing a line to you. Your letter was faithfully delivered by Mr. Thomson, and the correctness of your diagnosis was even then proved. I thought of you and Mrs. House several times while the fight was on. I knew how anxiously you were awaiting bulletins on shipboard.

Just between us three, it was a remarkable fight. I was never so proud of Mr. Bryan—he managed so well. He threw the opponents into confusion; they could not keep from blundering and he outgen-

erated them at every point. After all their careful planning, he wrested the power from their hands. Under the circumstances I am sure the nomination went to the best place and am entirely satisfied with the result. Will said all the time he did not think it was his time, and when he found the way things were set up we were sure of it.

The people through the country regard him as a hero—he is filling Chautauqua dates in larger crowds than he has ever had, and is perfectly well. The mail! The secretary told me yesterday there are several thousand Baltimore letters still unopened, and it is almost impossible to handle the daily increase. I am not telling you these things to boast, but because I know you are interested to know how he is getting on since he has been "buried" again.

As to the possibilities in case of Democratic success: I am not sure what he would do. I know he dislikes routine work exceedingly, but believe he would do anything to help the cause.

Did you read the platform? Will got in a provision on national committees that will eliminate the whole ring four years from now. This letter seems full of politics, but we are all interested. My best wishes for a safe return and kindest regards to Janet, Mrs. H. and yourself. Sincerely yours, MARY B. BRYAN.

Reassured by the friendly attitude of Mr. Bryan, Col. House was none the less disturbed by the lack of organization in the Democratic campaign and the contentions that had arisen among the campaign leaders. "They are making the usual campaign of speeches, publicity and noisy demonstrations," he wrote Mr. Houston, "and if it were not for the split in the Republican party the result would be fatal."

Much of the difficulty resulted from the illness of Mr. McCombs, who had been chosen chairman of the national committee and who during the summer found himself unable to stay at headquarters. Mr. McAdoo, vice chairman, took active

CONTINUED ON ELEVENTH PAGE.

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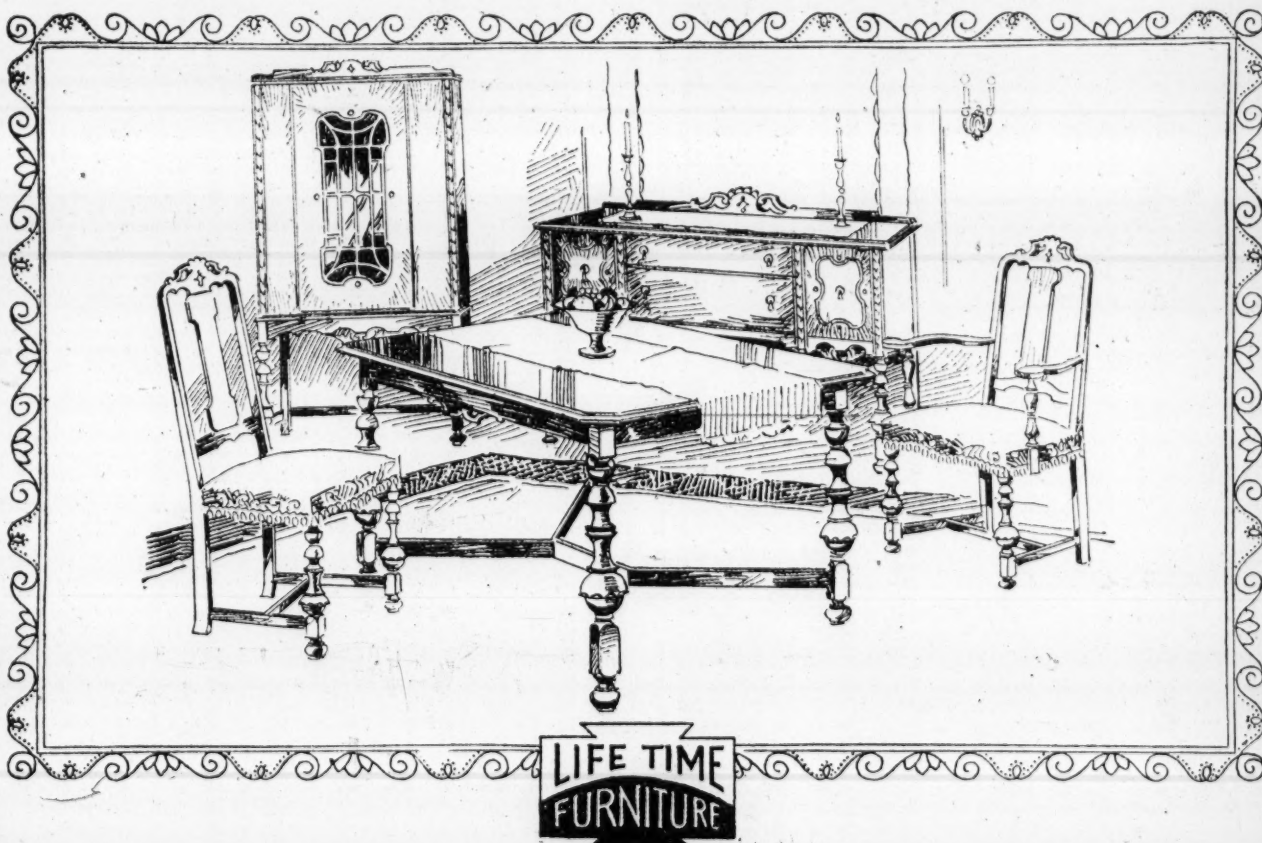
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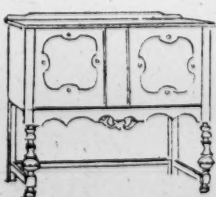
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When you participate in the February Sale of Lifetime Furniture you choose from the very cream of our stocks. Regardless of how low a price, remember that *Lifetime Furniture* has the grace of the arts and the comforts of service. And the prices are low now.



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## SPEED ON TAX BILL HALTS AS SENATORS ATTACK PROVISIONS

Norris and Couzens Block  
Plan to Meet Hour Earlier  
Today.

## MELLON TWICE CENTER OF STORMY ASSAULTS

Banks Held to Have Saved  
\$91,000 Taxes—Old Dis-  
pute Is Revived.

(By the Associated Press.)  
The program of Senate leaders for speeding up consideration of the tax reduction bill was jolted yesterday as opponents launched attacks on several provisions.  
At the conclusion of a session devoted entirely to debate, during which less than 25 members were on the floor most of the time, a proposal to meet an hour earlier today was blocked by Senators Couzens of Michigan and Norris of Nebraska, Republicans.

Reiterating that he desired to discuss freely some items of the bill, Senator Norris warned leaders "you aren't going to make any progress if you start the steam roller."

Chairman Smoot, of the finance committee, in charge of the bill, then declared he would hold the Senate in session tonight until 6 o'clock. Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, ranking Democrat on the committee, asserted if tax reduction by March 15 was to be assured, consideration of the bill must be hastened.

The assault on the bill yesterday twice centered on Secretary Mellon. Senator Norris charged that banking firms which the Secretary had been interested were allowed liberties under the consolidated returns provisions of the law despite contrary findings by a Treasury investigator.

Urging repeal of the provision allowing consolidated returns by affiliated corporations, Senator Couzens declared it permitted injustices. It had been used, he said, by owners of the Philadelphia Public Ledger and of the Saturday Evening Post to offset the profits of the latter by the "losses" of the former.

Reading from the report of the Couzens committee Senator Norris said it showed that four Pittsburgh banking firms, in which Secretary Mellon was interested, had filed consolidated returns, although one Treasury investigator had ruled it was not legal. A saving of \$91,000 in taxes resulted for the banks, he said.

Perfect Example, Reed Says.  
Senator Reed (Republican), Pennsylvania, who said he was a director in the institution, replied that this instance afforded a "perfect example" of what the law intended by its provision for consolidated returns, and added he did not know it ever had been questioned.

Sensor Couzens reviewed his dispute of two years ago with Secretary Mellon, and declared his special committee had learned that the largest investment with any one with an income over \$100,000 had made in the exempt securities in any year while the surtax rates were in effect, amounted to 7 1/2 per cent of the income.

Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, said that many taxpayers, to his knowledge, held that, because it was unconstitutional for the government to collect any taxes on municipal and State securities, they believed it was unconstitutional for it to ask for data regarding investments in such securities.

Voicing opposition to repeal of the inheritance tax act the income tax publicity provision, Senator King (Democrat), Utah, introduced an amendment to increase the maximum surtax rate to 25 per cent, to apply on incomes over \$500,000.

After a visit yesterday to the White House, Representative Tillson, of Connecticut, the Republican leader, issued a statement warning his colleagues that they should not press for appropriations which would interfere with the program of tax reduction.

"I think the majority of House Republicans are in favor of making our legislative program conform as far as possible to the financial policy to which it has already committed itself in the revenue bill which was passed before Christmas," he said.

Former Crown Prince at Doorn.

Doorn, Holland, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Former Crown Prince Frederick William, of Germany, arrived here today to visit his father, the former kaiser.

Beautiful Home at a Special Price  
It is surrounded by wonderful planting and equipped with oil burner; electric refrigerator; clothes dryer—and many other of the latest features of comfort and convenience; double car garage. When you see the Home and learn the price you'll be impressed.  
Open, lighted and heated every day from 10 A. M. to dark. Or phone our office up to 9 o'clock.  
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## DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.  
Met at noon February 1 and recessed at 4:55 p. m. until today at 12 o'clock.

Attempt failed to pass Walsh bill providing punishment for witnesses who flee to foreign countries to escape testifying.

Continued discussion of tax reduction bill.

Introducing a bill for more effective control of trusts and monopolies, Senator King, of Utah, criticized the antitrust policy of the administration.

Senator Norris, of Nebraska, charged that four Pittsburgh banks, in which Secretary Mellon is said to be interested, filed consolidated tax returns in violation of a ruling of the internal revenue bureau.

Action on renomination of Charles W. Hunt of Iowa, to be member of Federal Trade Commission, was deferred.

Abolition of all port differentials in railroad rates is sought in a bill by Senator Butler, of Massachusetts.

A measure to declare illegal cooperative associations which attempt uniform price fixing through dissemination of trade information was introduced by Senator King, of Utah.

Under a bill by Senator Smith, of South Carolina, a government commission would be created to operate Muscle Shoals for ten years.

Senator Shipstead submitted a resolution of the George Washington post, No. 1, of the American Legion endorsing his resolution for an investigation of the administration of St. Elizabeth's hospital.

Vice President submitted a letter from the Attorney General in which he declared the refusal of the Federal Trade Commission to disclose evidence in its investigation of the Aluminum company, "cannot, under existing law, be now remedied in any proceeding brought by the Attorney General."

Prohibition of experiments upon live dogs in the District of Columbia or any of the territories is the purpose of a bill by Senator Fletcher, of Florida.

Senator Howell's resolution to supply domestic fuel to consumers in the District from the government fuel yard went over under objection.

Before the interstate commerce committee considering administration bill for settlement of disputes between railroads and their employees, Senator Bruce, of Maryland, and Couzens, of Michigan, voiced objections on ground that the public interest was not sufficiently safeguarded.

Chairman Walsh, of judiciary subcommittee that investigated the Aluminum Co. of America, submitted his report.

Senator Brookhart, of Iowa, asked elections committee to give him more time to present evidence in the contest brought against him by Daniel F. Steck (Democrat).

Joint congressional committee investigating coal prices in the District authorized Chairman Capper to take steps necessary to obtain an audit of books of local dealers.

HOUSE.

Met at noon February 1 and adjourned at 5:05 p. m. until today at 12 o'clock.

Completed consideration of the agriculture appropriation bill.

Passed bridge bills and measures of interest to far Western States.

Mr. Curry of California, introduced a resolution to place Col.

ASIA SPRINGS TO FORE

AS EXPORTER TO U. S.

Effective Working of Rubber Monopoly Given as Cause in Commerce Report.

BRITAIN AHEAD IN 1925

(By the Associated Press.)  
Asia has sprung to the front as a contributor to the import trade of the United States, it was shown yesterday in the Commerce Department's final accounting for 1925. The explanation is the effective working of the rubber monopoly, although a contributing factor is the raw silk trade originating in Japan.

In the past, normal trade figures have disclosed Europe as the greatest source of merchandise imports to the United States, but last year's return gave Asia's figures as \$1,319,771,147 out of a total of imports into the United States from all the world of \$4,227,995,091.

Among the nations Great Britain held its usual place as the leading customer of the United States, taking \$1,031,876,740 in exports, while Canada was in second place with \$650,762,508.

Russia showed a sharp advance in its proportionate consumption of exports from the United States, the value being \$68,195,686 against \$41,314,355 in 1924.

Among individual countries furnishing imports, Canada ranked first with a 1925 total of \$464,762,560 and Great Britain second with \$412,315,859. Fourth place went to the Straits Settlements, the great rubber exporting point where the figures were \$313,940,948 against \$147,633,725 in 1924.

U. S. Not Involved In Texas Road Dispute

(By the Associated Press.)  
The Texas road-fund controversy involved only State funds and thus far has developed no connection with Federal road appropriations, Dan Moody, attorney general for Texas, advised Comptroller General McCall yesterday in response to a request for information on the point.

Mr. McCall, in a letter to the Texas attorney general, said he desired the information that protective measures might be adopted by Federal authorities in event the Federal road funds were concerned. Mr. Moody's letter was not made public, but the official statement was made that Federal intervention would not be necessary.

## Heflin, Weighing Tax Debate, Breaks Chair

(By the Associated Press.)

Senator Heflin, of Alabama, took the floor in the midst of yesterday's tax debate in the Senate—but not in the usual or parliamentary sense at all.

He took it actually, for the chair in which he was sitting suddenly collapsed and left him sitting on the rug.

It happened so suddenly and noisily that only one or two of his colleagues, seated near him in the rear of the chamber, knew of it. The fall did not even fracture his customary urbanity. With a broad smile he rose to the occasion, flecting a spot from his white vest and smoothing out the wrinkles in his flowing coat tails.

A Democratic speech by Senator King of Utah was in progress at the time, and the big Alabama remarked that at least the Republicans couldn't claim credit for bowling him over.

William Mitchell on the retired list as a major general.

Distribution by the government of 100,000 American flags to high schools, colleges, universities and other educational institutions is proposed in a bill by Mr. Edwards, of Georgia.

Mr. Connolly, of Texas, defended the refusal of the Texas delegation to vote for the repeal of the inheritance tax.

Resolutions calling upon the Attorney General and Federal Trade Commission to furnish the House with information regarding alleged bread and flour trusts were introduced by Mr. La Guardia, Socialist, of New York.

Exemption from tariff duty of all imported articles exchanged for American farm products for exportation is proposed in a joint resolution by Mr. Evans, Democrat, of Montana.

Government aid in the construction of warehouses for "orderly marketing of agricultural products" is proposed in a bill by Mr. Carter, Democrat, of Oklahoma.

Supplemental estimate of \$38,250,000 for the veterans' bureau was transmitted by President Coolidge.

Return of property held by the alien property custodian and for payment of damages resulting from its seizure, is the purpose of a bill by Mr. Berger, of Wisconsin, Socialist.

Appropriations committee reported a deficiency bill carrying an aggregate of \$381,233,726.

Military committee was told by witnesses that America's next step in transportation and national defense must be in the air.

Participation of the Federal government in the Philadelphia sesquicentennial celebration, is proposed in a bill by Chairman Walsh, of the industrial arts and expositions committee.

Clarence Darrow, before the District committee, urged abolition of capital punishment.

HOUSE TO VOTE TODAY

ON AGRICULTURE BILL

Only Disputed Provision Is Amendment for Books on Animal Diseases.

HIGHWAY AID IS REDUCED

(By the Associated Press.)

After spending the better part of last week in general debate on the agriculture appropriation bill, the House in five hours yesterday completed its consideration and will vote on it today.

Before the final vote, however, Representative Magee, Republican, New York, who headed the appropriations subcommittee that drafted the bill, is expected to demand a record vote on an amendment by Representative Jones, Democrat, Texas, which, as adopted yesterday, placed in the bill an item of \$200,000 for distribution of books on diseases of horses and cattle.

Mr. Magee opposed the amendment, contending that there already were 140,000 such books piled up in a government folding room accumulating dust.

The only other amendment accepted yesterday was one brought in by the appropriations committee to increase from \$1,741,000 to \$1,773,723 the amount for expenses of the weather bureau in collecting and disseminating information.

The House approved without discussion \$75,000,000 allotted for Federal aid to State highways. This is \$1,000,000 less than was appropriated last year.

Coolidge May Address Rotarians in Denver

(By the Associated Press.)

President Coolidge promised yesterday to consider an invitation to address the International Convention of Rotary in Denver next June. The invitation was extended by Donald A. Adams, president of the organization, who was accompanied to the White House by Senators Phipps and Means of Colorado and Bingham of Connecticut. The President said he would like to make the trip to Denver, and would give the proposal serious consideration.

You'll quickly trade for Studebaker Power-Durability-Finish

## DEMOCRATIC LEADERS PLAN MILITANT PARTY

Movement for Revamping of  
Organization Discussed at  
Walsh Dinner.

TARIFF LOOMS AS ISSUE

(By the Associated Press.)  
Another get-together movement has been started by Democratic party leaders in Washington.

It apparently contemplates a return to the tariff question as one of the paramount issues of the 1926 congressional campaign, and a revamping of the entire Democratic national organization into an aggressive fighting machine.

The movement was given impetus Sunday night at a dinner given by Senator Walsh, of Montana, presiding officer of the last Democratic national convention, in honor of Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic vice presidential nominee in 1920 and Gov. Alfred Smith's campaign manager in 1924. Ranking Democratic leaders of the Senate and House were present and much of the discussion related to a closer cooperation between the Democratic minorities in the two branches of Congress.

Some of those attending said there was unanimity of opinion that the national committee should meet in the near future, and lay plans for the congressional campaign.

There has been criticism of the failure of the committee to get together since the 1924 election, coupled with reports that National Chairman Clem L. Shaver merely was winding up his affairs preparatory to resigning. Mr. Shaver has denied he intended to quit voluntarily.

Congressional campaign issues were discussed at the conference, and some of those present expressed the view that the tariff probably would be the chief issue. Representative Cordell Hull, of Tennessee, former chairman of the national committee, is moving the way for that with a House resolution proposing a policy of tariff reduction.

FOOD TRUST ASSAILED  
BY KING AND NORRIS

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

of the commission, has permitted Ward to carry out his original merger plans in defiance of the Sherman and Clayton antitrust laws.

Manley alleged that the Phipps-Mellon interests have financed and protected Ward in his spectacular business career and demanded that Congress investigate this charge. He then said:

Real Purpose Camouflaged.  
"The sinister purpose of the conspiracy is indicated by the transparent camouflage of philanthropy with which it is cloaked. If it were an honest commercial enterprise there would be no reason for this mandarin protected charity. And it is nothing but pretense. Not one penny is pledged for any philanthropic purpose. Not a nickel is definitely set aside. But, according to this hypocritical character, the board of directors shall have power to get aside out of the surplus or net profits of the corporation such sums as it may seem proper to be used for the advancement of the right of every child to be born and a lot of other equally indefinite and meaningless phrases.

"This is pure unadulterated bunk. It could never have been conceived except by a guilty conscience seeking desperately to find a cloak for an evil design. American farmers will not fail to grasp the significance of this proposed food trust. When it is completed they will find only two buyers for their products—the meat packers trust and the Ward food trust. Now will American mothers sit complacently by and pay perpetual tribute to the 'food king'?"

Government to Pass On Legality.  
Meanwhile the departments of the government will eventually have to pass upon whether the new corporation does or does not violate the law. It was pointed out that until the charter is carefully examined and the real purpose of the company ascertained it would be folly for anyone to take snap judgment.

At both the Department of Justice and at the Federal Trade Commission that if this company should operate in an unlawful manner it would very quickly be brought into court under existing statutes.

However, there was a well defined movement in Congress yesterday to suggest a congressional investigation of the concern shortly.

Man Slightly Hurt in Crash.  
William Byrd, 50 years old, of the McKimley apartments, was slightly injured yesterday when the automobile which he was driving and a car driven by W. A. Holmes, 711 Florida avenue northwest, were in collision at Third street, near Massachusetts avenue northwest. Byrd was taken to his home and treated.

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## FRANCE WOULD REVISE DEBT PACT WITH BRITISH

Return of Gold Deposits, as  
Was Done for Italy, Is  
Aim of Doumer.

U. S. PARLEY HELD UP

Paris, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—The French government seeks to have the provisional Caillaux-Churchill debt agreement with Great Britain revised in two fundamental respects, it is understood before instructing Ambassador Berenger to proceed with the debt-funding negotiations at Washington.

It desires Great Britain to renounce her insistence that payments made to her by France shall be proportionate to those made by France to America. It also desires that she withdraw her demand that payments from her debtors, either former enemies or allies, shall be on a scale sufficient to meet the British payments to the United States.

Finance Minister Doumer, who is handling the negotiations, asks that France shall have the same treatment as Italy regarding the gold deposited against the war debt with the Bank of England. Italy, under agreement recently reached, is to have her gold deposit returned, and France asks the restitution of the \$3,000,000 gold francs which she placed in London.

French experts will endeavor to reduce the annuities arranged by M. Caillaux, former finance minister, from £12,500,000 to £6,000,000 or at most £7,500,000. The British treasury is described as giving no encouragement to these proposals.

DRASTIC ALUMINUM  
INQUIRY DEMANDED

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

ter and refers to charges previously made that Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, or "at least a corporation of which he is a dominant factor," has been "guilty of contemptuous disregard of an injunction of a Federal court."

The senator from Montana recommends that the Senate instruct the judiciary committee to make a full investigation and obtain for its use any available evidence "relating to the subject of violations by the Aluminum Co. of America of the decree against it entered in the District court for the Western district of Pennsylvania on June 7, 1912."

This decree is dealt with in the first part of Senator Walsh's report, which covers 20 pages. Despite the decree, the Aluminum Co. of America continued to violate the Sherman antitrust law, the report declares. The Federal trade commission conducted inquiries, obtained evidence of voluminous character, and in October, 1924, invited the attorney general to examine the evidence and take photostatic copies of any part desired.

Law Seen Violated.  
The commission's report, after reviewing the decree of 1912, stated:

"A comparison of these provisions of the consent decree with the methods of competition employed by the Aluminum Co. of America, described above, especially with respect to delaying shipments of material, furnishing known defective material, discriminating in prices of crude or semifinished aluminum and hindering competition from enlarging their business operations, appears to disclose repeated violations of the decree."

After declaring that the Department of Justice had assigned men who were not lawyers to investigate, Senator Walsh states that the assistant to the Attorney General on January 2, 1925, issued a statement, prepared by the investigators, stating:

"The department has sought through all available channels to ascertain the facts and that 'the facts thus far disclosed, including such as were secured through interviews with the officials of the aluminum company, do not disclose the oft-repeated charges that the decree in question has been violated.'"

"It is sufficient to say," Senator Walsh's report adds, "that no business organization could tolerate such procrastination on the part of its legal bureau as has characterized the action of the Department of Justice in the matter under inquiry, nor would it be regarded as exculpation on the part of the head of such bureau to say that he had entrusted the work to subordinates in whom he had confidence."

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Hermanz Rembrandt, Painter, 1606-1669

Names and what they stand for  
Back of all our Shoes is the name of  
Registered **HESS** Trade Mark

## This Is the Last Week of Our Clearance Sale

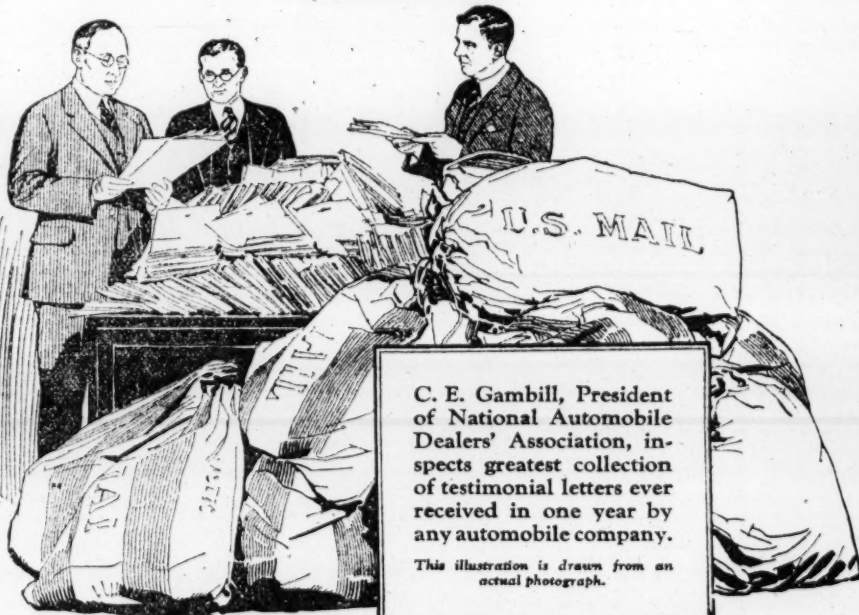
We will close our clearance sale February 6th, 1926.  
We have given you good shoes and we feel we have made a host of friends.  
We express our sincere appreciation to your kind response to our efforts.  
Truly yours,  
N. HESS' SONS.

\$6.50 and \$7.00 SHOES.....NOW \$5.85  
\$9.00 SHOES.....NOW \$7.75  
\$10.00 and \$11.00 SHOES.....NOW \$8.85

A line of Patent Colt and Calf button and lace high shoes.  
223 pairs in all, at a special price of.....\$3.95  
It will be worth your while to buy an extra pair.  
Original Prices \$11 and \$12

**N. HESS' SONS** 607 14th Street N.W.

for Economical Transportation



C. E. Gambill, President of National Automobile Dealers' Association, inspects greatest collection of testimonial letters ever received in one year by any automobile company.  
This illustration is drawn from an actual photograph.

# 50,000 Testimonials!

In 1925 Chevrolet had its greatest year. During that time more than 50,000 testimonials were sent to the Chevrolet Motor Company by owners.



## MILITARY GUARDING TRIALS IN 2 STATES TO BLOCK VIOLENCE

Threat to Free Klaviana at Mineola Leads to Patrol of Armed Forces.

### KENTUCKY CITY CUT OFF: OUTSIDERS ARE HALTED

Troops at Lexington Ready to Prevent Lynching of Man Who Slew Three.

Special to The Washington Post.

Mineola, L. I., Feb. 1.—In a setting that suggested medieval ferocity, Stanley Klaviana, a quiet mannered, sophisticated appearing young man, went on trial for his life today in Nassau county court house. He is charged with murder in the first degree and with having been a member of a robber gang that shot and killed Ernest L. Whitman, a bond salesman, in the hold-up of the First National Bank, at Belmont, L. I., in April, 1924.

The court house and jail were guarded by the most formidable array of men and guns ever called out for a trial in Nassau county. A machine gun was mounted on a motorcycle in front of the court house. Threats of an attempt to free Klaviana by force had been received.

One hundred men, including county policemen, State troopers, deputy sheriffs, motorcycle policemen, and plain clothes men were stationed in the building and grounds.

The motorcycle squad was prepared to dash, at a moment's notice, to the Nassau county boundary to escort Ambrose Ross, condemned to death, who was asked to come from Sing Sing to testify against Klaviana. It is believed Ross will make a last desperate effort to save his own life, scheduled to be snuffed out on February 15. Ross is now expected to arrive Wednesday. At the present rate of progress another day will be consumed in choosing a jury.

Lexington Closely Guarded.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Lexington slept calmly tonight while khaki-clad soldiers marched upon the city. Tomorrow Ed Harris, negro, will go on trial for his life, which the State now protects with 1,000 soldiers, and which it will demand he forfeit in the due process of law.

He has confessed to the murder of Clarence Bryant and his two children and to an attack upon Mrs. Bryant, wife and mother of the victims, and the State will ask that he be hanged for the crime. Meantime, to protect him, martial law conditions will prevail. It is not actually declared, during the brief time he will be on trial.

Lexington will be a beleaguered city in so far as outsiders are concerned. Military orders will be enforced, if necessary, with gun butts, bayonets, tear gas, or bullets, in extreme cases. Intermittent cars, motor buses and private cars will be stopped at the outskirts of the city where triple guards will be maintained throughout the day to prevent mob violence such as occurred here several years ago.

Tear Gas Used on Crowd.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Tear gas was used for the first time in Frankfort tonight to disperse a large crowd of curiosity seekers loitering around the State reformatory, where Ed Harris was confined in the dungeon. The gas was released by local units of the national guard who were waiting for orders that will send them to Lexington with Harris for his trial. Trucks were lined up near the main gate. In the middle of the line a small whippet tank was mounted on a trailer. Enlisted men of the troop said that the prisoner would be placed in the tank.

### Court Entry a Mere Gesture, Says House

Houston, Tex., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—America's entrance into the world court is a mere gesture now, Col. E. H. House told newspaper reporters here today.

"We have no more privileges now than we had before we entered. As a nonmember we are not able to sit in the councils and list as members we can do just that thing and nothing more," he said. "Actually we are little further than we were before."

"But the psychological effect of the world court will be a great thing," he said. "To the masses of the people it means that we have entered something like the League of Nations. It is a step in that way, and it allows the leaders to release their efforts toward a more active entrance."

Beautiful and Exclusive Designs Worked Out by Architect and Builders

### Chevy Chase Crest, D. C.

11 Distinct Types BRICK, FRAME AND STUCCO

Surrounded by Beautiful Trees Close to Chevy Chase Circle They have 6, 7, 8 rooms, two baths, artistic colored tile, latest bathroom fixtures, hot water, hardwood floors throughout, open fireplaces, built-in bookcases, especially designed electric fixtures, cedar lined closets, breakfast alcove with fixtures, one-piece sink, the last word in kitchen cabinets, built-in refrigerator, Crane automatic hot water heater, house completely screened, garage, good lots, it will pay you to inspect these homes.

Prices Starting \$15,500 Terms Can Be Arranged

How to reach property—Conn. ave. cars to Chevy Chase Circle, east on Western ave., follow our sign.

Terrell & Little, Inc.

1200 15th St. N.W. Main 2285 Evenings Phone Adams 2263-4 or Adams 3215-5

## GOVERNOR BYRD TAKING OATH OF OFFICE



Harry Floyd Byrd being sworn into office as governor of Virginia by Judge Robert R. Prentiss (right) at Richmond yesterday.

### W. W. BLANTON DIES AFTER BRIEF ILLNESS

Brother of Representative From Texas to Be Buried Today.

William Walker Blanton, 48 years old, brother of Representative Thomas L. Blanton of Texas, died at his home, 321 Maryland avenue northeast, Sunday following a brief illness. Apoplexy was given as the cause of his death.

Funeral services will be held at 10 o'clock this morning in the Metropolitan Baptist church, Sixth and A streets northeast, and interment will be in Cedar Hill cemetery.

Mr. Blanton is survived by his wife, Mrs. Daisy Y. Blanton, and his brother. He served as private secretary to the latter in Congress for several years and held the position at the time of his death. He was born in Houston, Tex., October 19, 1877, and was a member of the Blue Lodge of Masons in that city and of the Macabees of this city.

### MISS A. Z. CARRICK DIES.

Funeral Services to be Held at Residence Tomorrow.

Miss Agnes Zenetta Carrick, 33 years old, died yesterday at her residence, 148 Twelfth street southeast. A native of Washington, Miss Carrick attended the public schools of this city and was graduated from Business High school. For twelve years she has been secretary to L. Bert Nye, manager of the local branch of the American Surety Co. Miss Carrick is survived by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Carrick, and a sister, Mrs. J. W. Swain. Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the residence. The Rev. W. W. Crosby, pastor of the North Carolina Avenue Methodist Protestant church, of which she was a member, will conduct the services. Interment will be in Cedar Hill cemetery.

### UNITES FOR J. A. THOMPSON.

Funeral Today for Former Washington Market Engineer.

Funeral services for Joseph A. Thompson, 74 years old, an engineer for the Washington Market Co., 35 years, and a resident of this city 60 years, will be conducted at the residence at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. Burial will be in Congressional cemetery.

Mr. Thompson died Sunday at the home of his son, Samuel G. Thompson, 951 Fifteenth street southeast. He had retired from active work about three years ago. He was a member of Harmony lodge, I. O. O. F., and of the National Union. He leaves three sons, John E. Thompson, Samuel G. Thompson, and Elmer L. Thompson, and three daughters, Mrs. Lottie Price, Mrs. Blanche Herman and Mrs. Lillian Young.

### LESTER FUNERAL TODAY.

Rites for Branchville Woman, 90, Will be Held Here.

Funeral services for Mrs. Elizabeth Walker Lester, 90-year-old resident of Branchville, Prince Georges county, Md., who died early yesterday at her home, will be held this afternoon in the home of her son, Walker B. Lester, 708 Rock Creek Church road northwest. Burial will be in Glenwood cemetery.

Surviving are four daughters—Mrs. Amy Olmsted, Mrs. Ethel L. Mallinson, Mrs. W. H. Marlow, Jr., and Mrs. Edward B. Simonds—and two sons, Wharton E. Lester and Walker B. Lester.

### UNITES FOR C. F. WRIGHT.

Funeral for Hotel Detective Will be Held This Afternoon.

Funeral services for Charles F. Wright, who died at his home, 619 E. street northwest, Sunday, will be held from the residence at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

He was 68 years old and was born in Baltimore, but resided in this city most of his life. He is survived by his wife. Formerly he was an officer of the Humane society, detective at Union station, and at the time of his death detective at the Government hotels. Interment will be in Congressional cemetery.

### Gas Causes 7th Death in Family.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—The deaths early today of 5-year-old Charles Holland and his little sister, Gladys, brought the toll of death from a gas poisoning tragedy in Belmont to seven. Two entire families were wiped out when fumes from a leaking gas log filled the home of William Holland.

### Senator Johnson's Father Dead at 84

Sacramento, Calif., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).

Grove L. Johnson, father of United States Senator Hiram W. Johnson, died at his home here today at the age of 84 years. Mr. Johnson served one term in Congress and several terms as a member of the California legislature. An illness of several years, complicated by heart trouble, caused death.

Mr. Johnson was born in Syracuse, N. Y., March 27, 1841. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Helen Alice Johnson; Senator Johnson and two daughters, Mrs. Grove Fink, of San Francisco, and Mrs. Bruce L. Dray, of Sacramento. The funeral will be Thursday from the Johnson home.

### SHIP BELIEVED LOST WITH A CREW OF 32

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

word has been heard from her since she left Rotterdam. An appeal was broadcast to ships at sea, asking whether they had sighted her during the storm. She had 32 officers and men aboard.

In response to another message, the liner West Irish had put about and was hurrying to the aid of the Johanne Dybwald, but was 117 miles away and fighting heavy seas. The Johanne Dybwald called from mid-Atlantic, where, she said, she had been "badly smashed" by the storm. She was bound from Barry, England, to Boston.

A rum boat went ashore near Delaware breakwater with 400 live gallon cans of alcohol on board. Its crew was believed to have been lost at sea.

### British Medal for Fried.

London, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—The British government decided today to award a medal to Capt. George Fried, of the American liner President Roosevelt, for the rescue of the crew of the British steamer Antiope.

The board of trade is considering a suitable award to be recommended to King George for recognition of the services of the American captain. The king is expected to make a grant this week which will be presented to Capt. Fried when his ship reaches Southampton on the return voyage to New York.

Queenstown, Ireland, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Another rescue ship, the North German Lloyd liner Bremen, reached port today, bringing with her six battered seamen, snatched from the maw of the storm-lashed Atlantic.

As was the case with the President Roosevelt and her gallant crew, the Bremen was given an enthusiastic welcome, but the survivors of the British freighter Laristan were in a mood far from the hilarity displayed by those rescued from the Antiope.

Over them hung the shadow of the fate of their comrades who went down with the Laristan before Capt. Wurpts, of the Bremen and his men, were able to complete their work of rescue. The survivors expressed admiration for the efficiency of the German crew and gratitude for the courtesy and attention shown them aboard the Bremen.

### Loucheur to Undergo Appendicitis Surgery

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Paris, Feb. 1.—Louis Loucheur, the richest man in France, will be operated on for appendicitis in Paris tomorrow. The former minister of finance has been in ill health since his retirement from the cabinet after a spectacularly short incumbency. His doctors today held that an immediate operation is essential.



### \$260,000 IN STAMPS TAKEN BY HOLDUPS

Armed Men Overpower and Tie Two Employees at Pawtucket, R. I.

Boston, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—The loot taken by armed robbers from the Pawtucket, R. I., central post office early today was worth \$260,000 and consisted entirely of stamps. It was announced at the postoffice here after a check-up. Officials said this was the largest robbery ever suffered by the postal department in New England.

Pawtucket, R. I., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Four masked and armed men this morning robbed the central postoffice of eleven sacks of mail after blinding the two men on duty and burning through the steel wall with an iron pipe. The robbery occurred at 2:35 o'clock, when they fled in a car which had been kept standing outside.

George Sullivan, night clerk, was closing the doors of the lobby when he was confronted by the robbers, who pushed him in and bound him. They next found and overpowered Peter Rafferty, watchman.

### U. S. Not to Oppose Arms Postponement

No objection will be raised by the United States government against a postponement of the preparatory disarmament commission if the other nations involved desire postponement. It was learned at the State department last night.

While Secretary of State Kellogg has instructed Hugh S. Gibson, the American minister at Bern, Switzerland, that the United States is ready to participate February 15, originally planned, postponement is being sought by five nations as well as the members of the council of the League of Nations.

### Inquiry in Marriage Of Alma Rubens Begun

Riverside, Calif., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—An investigation of the marriage of Alma Rubens and Ricardo Cortez, motion picture stars, is to be made by Albert Ford, district attorney of Riverside county.

Ford said late today that he had received advice that the divorce obtained in Los Angeles last year by Miss Rubens from Dr. Daniel C. Goodman does not become final until February 6. Cortez issued a statement that before going to Riverside to be married, his bride called up her attorney to ask whether she was free to marry. She is declared by Cortez to have received a reassuring answer. The attorney threatened to sue the actor if he insisted that Miss Rubens was advised that she might legally marry.

Alma—Augusta. Where outdoor life prevails during the entire winter, where the climate is neither too mild nor too bracing, and there are no restrictions upon, and but few interruptions to, open air life under favorable conditions and amid ideal surroundings. Varied amusements, such as golf, polo, tennis, automobilism, riding, driving, etc. Round trip tickets at reduced fares now on sale. Convenient train service. For particulars, Dr. fares, time of trains, Pullman sleeping car reservations, etc., please call upon, or write E. E. Hiltner, 1110 14th St. N.W., Washington, D. C. Southern Railway System—adv.

See the PEERLESS 1st Place AUTOSHOW

### THE CAIRO HOTEL

Que Street at 16th N. W. CONVENIENTLY situated just off fashionable Sixteenth street, a few squares north of the White House. A restful, home-like hotel, away from the city's noise and bustle.

### Restaurant Under New Management

Mr. Jacques E. Haeringer, formerly chef of the Shoreham hotel for the past fourteen years, will personally supervise the cuisine. Banquets and private dinner parties given personal attention by Mr. Haeringer. Phone North 2166 for reservations. A la Carte and Table d'hôte Service.

## BYRD DEMANDS "SANE" CHANGES FOR VIRGINIA

New Governor's Keynote in Inaugural Speech Is Efficient Economy.

### PROCLAIMS 8-HOUR DAY

Richmond, Va., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Economy in the administration of the affairs of the Old Dominion was the keynote of the address of Harry Flood Byrd, of Winchester, at his inauguration here today as governor of Virginia. In line with his policy, his first official act as chief executive of the Commonwealth was to issue a proclamation placing all State employees on an eight-hour working day basis and calling upon the heads of all State departments to advise him immediately to what extent the number of employees can be cut down in view of the increased working hours.

Mr. Byrd was sworn in as governor shortly after noon. He succeeded E. Lee Trinkle, of Wytheville, who retired to private life to assume the vice presidency and agricultural activities, it covered a wide range of public interest. It was the first of three addresses Gov. Byrd will make before the general assembly this month.

The address itself was an appeal for economy and efficiency, for certain "progressive, sane" changes in the State's governmental machinery and for the upbuilding of the State's industrial, economic and agricultural activities. It covered a wide range of public interest. It was the first of three addresses Gov. Byrd will make before the general assembly this month.

Legislation, education, agriculture, roads and the general development of Virginia were among the subjects touched upon in the inaugural address.

### Tug Has Difficulty Towing Submarine

Key West, Fla., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Proceeding slowly with the submarine T-3 in tow, the naval tug Bay Springs is not expected to reach port here until early tomorrow. Naval authorities were without definite advice as to the location of the tug and its charge. The T-3 proved a heavier tow than had been anticipated. Lieut. Stark Warner, naval communication officer, said Saturday that Beth shoals on the east Florida coast when an oil feed line became defective.

## LISTENERS ARE HOAXED BY RADIO TEST FAKERS

25 Per Cent of Those Hearing "Distant" Stations Are Deceived.

### BROADCASTING SIMPLE

New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Radio fakers in all parts of the United States who announced themselves as broadcasting stations from Australia to Russia had the time of their lives at the expense of the listening fans during the third international broadcasting test last week.

Fully 25 per cent of the persons who reported to test officials that they had heard distant stations were the victims of practical jokers a few blocks away, according to L. A. Nixon of the radio week committee. At Omaha, Neb., on one night, 500 persons reported hearing Cardiff, Wales, and Aberdeen, Scotland, two stations scheduled to take part in the test. The number of reports arouses suspicion, especially as points farther east had not heard the stations. It was found that the wave lengths on which the announcements and music had been heard were not those of the two stations.

Another person announcing himself as Lyons, France, was heard as far as Bermuda. But Lyons did not broadcast.

Most of the other fakes were immediately exposed. Such frauds, Mr. Nixon said, are easy to engineer. The radio jokers insert a microphone between the aerial and ground leads of his receiving set and makes his announcements into it. Most of the fakers, after announcing themselves as foreign stations, played phonograph records.

Among the stations whose identities were assumed were French and Italian stations which did not broadcast last week, a common week in Vienna, which does only code work, and stations in Spain which had been abandoned for a year.

### Quake Damage Heavy In Solomon Islands

New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—A cablegram received today by the national office of the Society for the Propagation of the Faith reports that the Solomon islands in the South Pacific have been shaken by the worst earthquake experienced there in years, centering in the vicinity of Tulagi.

The Catholic Mission church of Visale has been destroyed and it is supposed the majority of the buildings in this village suffered the same fate. The message gives no report of the loss of life. The Solomon islands are owned by Great Britain.

*The Dual-Personality Frock*

Very often late afternoon affairs slip into the hour of evening festivities.

With motor-car passages blocked there is no time to return home to dress.

Then you should be wearing an Erlebacher dual-personality frock, which is a delightful afternoon dress passing equally well for an evening gown.

**Erlebacher**  
Jewelry Apparel of Individuality  
TWELVE TWELVE TWELVE F STREET

**NASH**  
Leads the World in Motor Cars

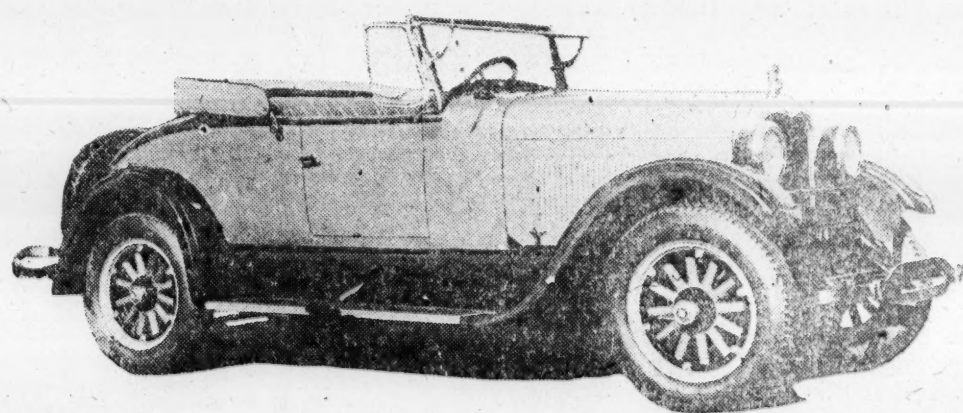
*at the Show*

The New  
"Enclosed Car"  
MOTOR

# STUDEBAKER

## Leads in Power Value

## Compare Them at the Show



The Studebaker Big Six Sport Roadster, \$1,645

Studebaker Big Six			
Horsepower 36.04			
Price: Duplex Roadster, \$1,495		Sport Roadster, \$1,645	
	S. A. E. Horsepower	Percentage Greater Power	Exceeds Price of Big Six Duplex Roadster by
Packard	36.4	1%	\$2,455
Lincoln	36.4	1%	\$2,505
Pierce-Arrow	38.4	7%	\$3,755
Cunningham	45.0	25%	\$5,005
Stevens-Duryea	47.3	31%	\$6,655
McFarlan	48.6	35%	\$3,905
Locomobile	48.6	35%	\$4,405

# JOSEPH McREYNOLDS

14th and R Sts.

Space 16, Auto Show



## The Washington Post.

Delivered by Carrier in Washington and Alexandria, D. C., Sunday included, one year, \$3.00; one month, \$0.30. Delivered by Mail, Sunday included, one year, \$3.00; one month, \$0.30. Delivered by Mail, Sunday excluded, one year, \$2.50; one month, \$0.25. Delivered by Mail, Sunday included, one year, \$3.00; one month, \$0.30. Delivered by Mail, Sunday excluded, one year, \$2.50; one month, \$0.25. Delivered by Mail, Sunday included, one year, \$3.00; one month, \$0.30. Delivered by Mail, Sunday excluded, one year, \$2.50; one month, \$0.25.

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Tuesday, February 2, 1926.

## PROFITABLE PHILANTHROPY.

William B. Ward will not be permitted to complete his philanthropic plans, which involve the control of the food of the nation, without some attention from Congress. Mr. Ward's desire to aid the unfortunate and to feed the hungry took shape a few weeks ago, when he announced the setting aside of a million-dollar fund and about a thousand acres of land on the Hudson for the benefit of the poor of New York. Then he followed this charitable act by outlining his purpose to combine with his baking trust about everything in the way of raw material for bread making, from salt to fuel. But this great humanitarian has no idea of absorbing for himself all the profits of his enterprise. On the contrary, after he and his fellow philanthropists have acquired the insignificant return of only 7 per cent upon their investment, they will adopt the biblical system of "tithes," the same having been in use by the Church of Latter Day Saints. But unlike the methods of the church of the late Brigham Young, this Ward proposition is to distribute a tithe of all profits—after banking the initial 7 per cent—among the poor Americans who find themselves unable to purchase the products of the great organization.

Robin Hood, of Sherwood forest, insisted that Friar Tuck and the rest of his merry followers should divide among the poor the swag which they captured from the rich. History fails to tell us whether Robin Hood withheld a specified percentage of the profits before ordering the distribution of the surplus. Probably his methods lacked that scientific accuracy of financing under which Mr. Ward proposes a general levy upon every breakfast table in order to provide doles for the American people.

But the people are suspicious of the trusts, especially when they bear gifts, and Congress may demand a little inside information before it permits the bread trust to establish its pauperization plan.

A dictator couldn't get by in America unless he had a moral issue or a mighty good slogan.

## CLAIMS AND REFUNDS.

Debate on the tax bill in the Senate has revealed the workings of the practice of filing claims for refunds before the income tax unit of the internal revenue bureau.

Some taxpayer brings a test case and wins on what appears to be a close point. At once many other claims are filed for refunds on that same point. A certain class of attorneys has made large sums of money by following the decisions of the Supreme Court against a ruling of the bureau, and filing claims, large or small, for refunds, which under the decision must be paid.

On October 1, 1925, there were 2,956 cases still unsettled, arising out of the act of 1917. Attorneys seem to be making good livings by holding these old cases open and watching for opportunities to file claims under them. Every time a payment is made on any of these unsettled cases, the whole case is reopened and the statute of limitations begins again.

The new tax bill proposes to limit the period of reassessment and reopening of claims to four years.

There were no better cooks in the old days. Your stomach just wasn't so particular.

## CHEMISTRY AND THE SENATE.

It is seldom that the United States Senate is treated to an instructive lecture on practical chemistry. Ordinarily the public is given to understand that this body indulges in discussions largely devoted to politics; but last Saturday the Senate was given real instruction in regard to the chemistry of corn, glucose, dextrose, sucrose, levulose, dahlia, chicory, sugar beets and artichokes.

The illuminating lecture was delivered by Senator Howell, of Nebraska, who, it appears from the Congressional Directory, is an engineer and a chemist, holding jobs in many fields of activity. The discussion arose out of Senator Cummins' bill to permit the use of corn sugar as a sweetening article without coming under the act to prevent the transportation of adulterated, misbranded, or poisonous foods.

Senator Howell informed the Senate that—When ordinary cane or beet sugar, known as sucrose, is consumed, in the first state of digestion it is broken up into dextrose—corn sugar and levulose, fruit sugar—in equal parts by weight, and it is either in the form of dextrose or levulose that this carbohydrate is absorbed by the human system in the process of digestion.

Having enlightened his colleagues thus, the senator from Nebraska stated that the Department of Agriculture had decided that corn sugar is not sugar, but dextrose, and if corn sugar is used for sweetening or preserving, it must be so labeled or come under the misbranded or adulterated act.

The learned and scientific senator then discoursed upon the artichoke as a source of sugar, and the value of that common variety of agricultural product as a rich fountain of levulose, that could be crystallized from an aqueous solution.

Dr. Copeland added his testimony to the

excellent qualities of corn sugar, notwithstanding its hitherto doubtful standing among the scientists of the Department of Agriculture. Thus Senator Cummins added to his glory by helping the corn farmers of Iowa enlarge the useful fields of corn sugar; for the bill was agreed to. It was a real relief to listen to a debate upon a subject entirely foreign to politics. Science and Senator Howell were praised!

Old Dobbin had his faults, but you didn't have to pour hot water on him to get him started.

## DEMOCRATIC PROSPECTS.

For some reason or other not yet plain to many who run while they read, the Democrats appear to be waking up, and are beginning to make soundings as to the future. Franklin D. Roosevelt, former Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and Democratic nominee for Vice President in 1920, who also had the dramatic distinction of placing Gov. Al Smith in nomination for President in 1924, "dropped in" Sunday and discussed politics with some Democrats who happen to be members of Congress. The gathering was considered sufficiently important to warrant the issuance of a "hand-out," in which Mr. Roosevelt took occasion to say that he was "greatly encouraged" by what he had been told concerning the efforts "toward securing a militant and united Democratic policy for the campaign."

Then Mr. Roosevelt got down to a concrete suggestion which, if followed, may aid the Democratic party in finding its way out of the wilderness. He said that "it seems almost inevitable that there will follow a meeting of the national committee in the spring for the definite purpose of planning an active campaign of education throughout the country on party policies and the reasons therefor."

The Democratic party must have a definite policy and a definite program if it is to get anywhere. Geographical conditions favor the Democrats in the fight for the next Senate. But one swallow does not make a summer, and a victory in the congressional elections this year will not mean that the Democrats will win in 1928.

Mr. Roosevelt has started something. The Democratic national committee should meet in the spring, and the first thing it ought to take up is the question of abolishing the two-thirds rule in the national convention. Twice in the last sixteen years the Democratic party has been wrecked largely because of the two-thirds rule. If it is to become once more a united party with a "united Democratic policy" such as Mr. Roosevelt visions, it will be first necessary to remove the obstructions. All good Democrats will hope that the national committee will meet in Washington next spring and that it will take steps to clear the way to harmony.

Just what good was a college education in the old days before men began to peddle bonds?

## THE PLAYWRIGHTS' UNION.

Upward the course of trade unionism takes its way. From the plasterer, the bricklayer, the coal miner and the railroad man to the Actors Equity was something of a step, but it was taken, with apparent success. The transition from the one that speaks the piece on the stage to the one that writes the book of the words was comparatively easy, and it, too, is in process of being accomplished. It needed the spur of what was regarded as an intended injustice to bring the Association of Dramatists into being. The organization which has just been formed under that title is said to be the outcome of recent attempts by moving picture interests to control Broadway productions to the disadvantage of the dramatists. If this is the correct statement of the case, the movement toward a closed shop for playwrights is justified on the merits. In any case, it is following the spirit and trend of the age.

Outside fair play, which in any walk of life is always a matter of general concern, the public will be interested to see the effect of the new union on the composition and production of plays. Output may possibly be curtailed, especially in the beginning, but there will be ample compensation if quality is improved. Should this consummation, so devoutly to be wished, be brought about, the Association of Dramatists will establish itself solidly with the patrons of the theater. Should the contrary be the case, it will fall to command the support of public opinion and, in that event, the strictest of east-river regulations will avail it nought. The proposed basic contract is certainly sufficiently binding, as the following important provisions will show:

That the manager shall agree not to accept plays except from members of the association, who agree not to submit a play to any manager who shall not enter into the agreement.

That the control of the motion picture and foreign rights of the play be in the author.

That a competitive market be conserved for motion picture rights.

That no secret dealings or indirect profit be made by any manager.

The long list of well-known playwrights who have given in their adhesion to the organization shows that it is believed to supply a want. It will be interesting to observe how it works out in practice. If it proves successful, one wonders what group the lightning of trade unionism will strike next.

Once in a while you see at the curb a fiver that seems to be trying hard to do some of the old dances.

## SOMETHING ABOUT REFUNDS.

Some critics of the administration of the income tax unit are making much ado over the matter of refunds of income tax payments made by the Treasury Department since 1917. There appears to be some difference of opinion as to just how much has been refunded; the figures varying from \$583,000,000 to \$700,000,000.

The first income tax law was passed in 1913, giving the internal revenue bureau vast discretion. Then came the war; and the revenue laws practically placed upon the bureau the task of revaluing every piece of property in the United States belonging to individuals and corporations coming under the 1917 income tax law.

While the act of 1917 was repealed, it did not end the thousands of cases pending and still pending. The matter of valuation under the acts of 1917, 1918, 1919 and 1920 resulted in many mistakes of judgment in administration. Just what was a "reasonable amount for

amortization" and "depletion" remained a matter of opinion, upon which no two engineers could agree.

A reasonable allowance for depreciation may seem easy enough to determine; but on this point there are and must be differences of opinion. Refunds are based on the decisions of engineers and experts who have been given discretion under the acts of Congress; and the amounts of refunds have no bearing whatever on the honesty or good judgment of the employees of the income tax unit. Refunds are corrections of errors.

At all events, this is matter gone over the dam; and it seems to be a waste of time to discuss it unless there are evidences of graft or dishonesty or improper influence. None have been discovered.

No job ever gives a man swellhead if he's big enough for the one above it.

## GOV. BYRD.

Harry Flood Byrd, Democrat, was inaugurated governor of Virginia yesterday. It is not unusual to inaugurate a Democrat as chief executive of the Old Dominion. Virginia, the "mother of Presidents," has belonged to the Democratic party ever since the Democratic party began. No State in the Union has contributed more to the history of this republic, and while the inauguration of a new governor is not in these days a matter of national moment, perhaps, it is an event in the annals of Virginia.

Gov. Byrd won the nomination of his party in a contest that was one of the most interesting politically that has taken place in that State in a number of years. He won it on State issues. The primary contest left no bitterness. The new governor enters office supported by a united Democracy. He has the good wishes of all Republicans. In his inaugural address Gov. Byrd declares that Virginia's opportunities are broader than any party. "I will strive earnestly," he said, "to be governor, not of any section or faction, but of the entire State and all the people."

The Washington Post extends its congratulations and best wishes to the new governor.

Gen. John A. Lejeune, major general commandant of the United States marines, has been "seeing through a glass darkly." He has discovered that his devil dogs have lost some of their snap and that they are no longer up to his ideal of what leathernecks should be in the matter of drill. Gen. Lejeune has, consequently, issued a pronouncement. "Snap to it, and brace up on your drill!" is the command which has been broadcast from H. Q. in the Navy building, and it is a cinch that the order will be obeyed.

Gallery gods in the old-time "variety theaters" never got tired of seeing "Old Hoss" Hoy carry off the red-hot stove. No thespian of later years has succeeded in duplicating that "act." However, Philadelphia has produced many vaudeville favorites, and is in a fair way to bring out a substitute for "Old Hoss." He is Peter Ewell, who is under bond of \$1,000 charged with carrying off four cook stoves at one time. When released he may repeat his stunt in a Philadelphia theater without fear of arrest and may draw as much as \$100 a week, provided that the ranges are hot enough.

Public Printer Carter reports that composition at a cost of \$220,327 was "killed" in the government print shop last year. That means that after getting "leave to print," and after sending their manuscripts to the printer, members decided to withhold their brain-children from public view. Those who are compelled to read the "Congressional Record" will rejoice over this information. The public would raise no howl if two-thirds of the stuff that is written during the present session is knocked into "it" and thereby suppressed before it reaches the make-up man, even though the cost reaches half a million dollars. The value of the paper saved, to say nothing of the saving in handling the mails will be ample financial compensation, while the mental benefits accruing from the nonappearance of the "speeches" will be beyond estimate.

While the House committee on interstate and foreign commerce is preparing to inquire into the alleged combination of French and German owners of potash deposits, surveys have been in progress in many of the Western States with the idea of locating deposits of potash salts. The geological survey reports the discovery of a deposit of the mineral. While drilling for oil in western Texas and southeastern New Mexico, drillers pierced the salt beds of those regions and brought to the surface potash salts in such quantities as to warrant the belief that the deposits are of enormous extent. If subsequent operations prove the hope to be well founded the domination of the potash market in the United States by German and French interests will be checked, and this country may become an exporter, instead of an importer, of this mineral, so essential to the production of tobacco, cotton and other plants.



The Worst Story I heard today was told to me by W. R. Lubbock, of Edinburg, Texas. The first time I ever met this Lubbock was in Bloemfontein, South Africa, in 1903. I was there with a Wild West Show, Texas Jack's, and Lubbock was selling Agricultural Machinery for some American concern. We afterwards ran into him in Johannesburg. I got a letter from him just now. He is down in this Edinburg, Texas. As soon as I find out where Edinburg is I will drop him a line. I am to be in San Antonio pretty soon. I think it's up on the Rio Grande somewhere. I will be glad to get in old San Antonio. That's a real Cow Town. Mr. Lubbock wouldn't have written me I don't believe but he had a story that he couldn't get anybody in West Texas to listen to, so he sent it to me.

There were two negroes living in the same house, one upstairs and the other downstairs. Diana, who lived upstairs, on hearing a noise said, "Who dat?" Cynthia, who lived downstairs, said, "Who dat say 'Who dat'?" Diana replied, "Who dat say 'who dat' when I say 'who dat'?"

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"It's My Turn to Ride, Ma!"

## PRESS COMMENT.

## Delivering Goods.

Los Angeles Times: The man who brings home the bacon doesn't often wait to have it wrapped up in waxed paper.

## Anything to Oblige.

Philadelphia Inquirer: "What the country needs," observes a club-woman, "is more happy marriages. All right, anything to please. Let's pass another law."

## It Would Be Useless.

Detroit News: It is hoped the news that the American League has voted to shorten its season will suggest something to coal conferees.

## This Is Terrible!

Minneapolis Journal: Even the mighty fall to penetrate everywhere. One newspaper recently referred to one of them as "Dr. Nicholas Murray, butler of Columbia university."

## Salaries in France.

Springfield Republican: The marshals of France are to have their pay raised to less than \$3,000 a year; generals are to get \$1,500; lieutenants \$255 and privates only from \$18.25 to about \$40 and "found," according to length of service. Still, the cost of maintaining the French army at its present size is probably more than it is worth.

## Ambition.

Ohio State Journal: Ever since we were a boy we have wished to write a discourse on chilblains, just the way Ralph Waldo Emerson said when he finally got around to it that he had always felt about writing one of compensation, but we have never been able to think of a happy ending.

## Labeling Guests.

Philadelphia Inquirer: That's a grand idea of Lady Astor's, to label her guests, and it is no wonder other hostesses are taking it up. At large entertainments there is little chance to introduce people. Carrying their names about with them, they can introduce themselves. The practice might well become general. Those people who have a faculty for forgetting names, even of their friends and acquaintances, would be relieved of a lot of embarrassment. Why hot pass a law about it?

## Prohibition in New York.

New York World: The G. O. P. leaders in Albany shudder at the prospect that the Wales-Jenks bill, prohibition enforcement measure, is about to be reintroduced. The introduction is not quite a futile gesture. True, the governor will veto the bill if it reaches him. True, it is not likely to reach him, owing to the breach between wet and dry Republicans in the senate. But its introduction helps the Anti-Saloon league in passing the hat to picture in the three-cent posters, so readily astride the trumpet-tongued elephant's neck. Fearlessly Prodding the Ponderous Pachyderm, the Blood-Sweating Behemoth of Holy Writ!

## Cost of Funerals.

New York Times: After the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. has spent \$25,000 in investigating the cost of funerals it will have discovered only what everybody knows already—that funerals are expensive things and that often more money is spent on them than the relatives or friends of the deceased can afford.

It is highly desirable, however, to know just how much profit is made on what can be called the paraphernalia of death, and information on that point, besides being startling, may have some effect in the way of rendering people more sensible in the manifestation of sorrow and reluctance of speaking, taught in the

## A Portrait of a Salesman

By GLENN FRANK.

SALESMEN, like athletes, may be over-trained. There are signs that the cult of high-power salesmanship may overreach itself and work its own undoing.

In the midst of the flood of banality and babbling about supersalesmanship, I have refreshed my mind this evening by recalling the memory of a really great salesman from whom I once made some fairly extensive purchases.

He was an old man. I doubt that he had ever read a book on salesmanship. I was refreshingly free from the flip omniscience and ghastly array of glib arguments which often mark the too obviously trained salesman. And yet he was a great salesman.

Let me set down some of the things about him that stick in my memory.

First, he knew his customer. From the first, he called me by my right name and showed that he knew that I was the editor of a certain magazine published in that city. That pleased me. I knew that he had picked up this information from my wife the day before, but it pleased me nevertheless. A touch of vanity, you may say. It was; but, then, the whole human race is similarly vain. And the good salesman knows it. But there was a difference as wide as the world between this old man's recognition of me and the recognition accorded by the overtrained salesman who makes you feel that he has, in following rule thirteen, memorized your name from a card index. His was a gentleman's courtesy, not a salesman's technique.

Second, he knew his goods. I do not mean that he simply knew the purpose and the price of specific articles I was examining. We were examining furniture. He did not simply know about these particular pieces of furniture; he really knew furniture in general. He talked to me entertainingly about woods and their seasoning, about the craftsmanship of the great furniture shops of ancient and modern times. In fact, he seemed to talk very little about the actual pieces under consideration; but his wide knowledge of his field unconsciously gave me a confidence in him and his judgment. I learned from him that you must know far more than you use in any undertaking if what you use is to have its greatest power.

Third, he drew rather than drove me into a purchase. At no time did he try to change my mind about a piece of furniture by argument. He depended upon information rather than argument. If I suggested a preference for another sort of furniture, he showed the other sort to me, described it, analyzed it, and left me to make up my own mind. I have often been argued into a purchase by a salesman; but I have always secretly resented the salesman's conquest later. The old man seemed never to argue. He informed; he drew; he won.

Fourth, he hid the salesman in the servant. At no time did I feel that he was trying to sell me anything. I had the feeling that he was a counselor I had employed to advise me in a field I did not know. At no time during my several days of shopping did I think of him as a salesman of exceptional ability; in fact I had the feeling that he was too easy, that he overlooked chances to press a point and make a sale. All of this analysis of his power as a salesman has come to mind months afterwards.

But he was a great salesman.

(Copyright, 1926)

pect in that particular way. Nobody likes to hargle in making arrangements for a funeral, and that fact, undoubtedly, is ruthlessly exploited in many, many cases. And extravagance in funerals, curiously enough, is more marked among the poor than among the rich.

## States Should Initiate.

New York Herald Tribune: Washington is aflame with zeal in the taxpayer's interest. But how about the State capitals? Would that we had at Albany an economical executive like President Coolidge, a great budget director like Gen. Lord and a Two Per Cent club of State bureau chiefs, bent on underspending. Then our budget would go down instead of up and taxes could be reduced on a scale initiative of that on which the Federal government is reducing taxes.

## G. O. P. in Florida.

Philadelphia Public Ledger: For some months Republican leaders have been playing with the idea that Florida might be the first State to break the Democratic "Solid South." Northern immigration was the basis of that hope. Chairman Will Wood, of the Republican congressional committee, falls from Florida, where politics is a man-of-speaking, taught in the

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

## Regulate Coal Prices.

To the Editor of The Post:—Sir: Why can not the District government regulate the price of coal in the same manner as it limits the amount of interest charged by banks? We regulate the price of gas, electricity, telephones, street car fares, and why not coal? Coal operators and dealers should not be permitted to deprive the poor of a necessity by charging exorbitant prices.

JOSEPH M. OWENS.  
Washington, January 30.

## Relief in Pneumonia.

To the Editor of The Post:—Sir: At this time when there is so much pneumonia and so many fatal cases I feel constrained to give some valuable information concerning home remedies for the cure of that disease. Several months ago I noticed in some newspaper, probably The Post, a statement recommending onion poultices as a remedy. Without any exaggeration I would state that I have heard of dozens of cases of pneumonia cured with that remedy, many of them after all else had failed and the cases thought to be hopeless.

"Make an onion poultice, which place in a cotton bag large enough to cover the chest, and apply as hot as can be borne. Make a second poultice and as soon as the first one is cool slip the fresh hot one in its place. Keep on heating and changing these poultices until the patient perspires freely and feels relieved. Sometimes the relief is almost immediate, but the poulticing should be continued from two to five hours. Care must be taken to prevent cool drafts striking the patient and the room should be kept warm (but well ventilated)."

Following are directions for another simple remedy that has cured many hopeless cases of pneumonia: "Dissolve equal parts of lard and spirits of turpentine together, saturate a woolen cloth in it and apply to the chest. Its good effects will soon be manifest by the patient first being relieved of difficult breathing."

Mrs. Dr. Campbell writes to a medical journal: "This is a very superior remedy for pneumonia. I think it was the means of saving my life." This remedy is so simple that it will often be discarded, but many surprising and unexpected cures have been performed with it. Dr. S. Asada says: "I have cured patients with this remedy when they seemed to be in the last stages of the disease."

PRO BONO PUBLICO.  
Washington, Jan. 30.

## Golf at St. Andrews.

New York Herald-Tribune: The Royal and Ancient Golf club of St. Andrews, which is the lawmaker, and arbiter of golf, has yielded at last to the demand that a fee be charged spectators of the championship to be decided over the famous Scottish course this year. All Scotland will be interested in the amateur championship and the fight for the famous Walker cup, as America will be strongly represented, and at these meetings the little seaside town will be filled with enthusiasts.

## Measuring Time.

Los Angeles Times: In a whole-sale test made at Johns Hopkins university men and women were requested to sit at ease for a definite time—two minutes was the actual period. They were then asked to estimate how long they had been seated. The males all measured the time being within half a minute and three minutes. The calculations of the women ranged all the way from ten seconds to twelve minutes.







## RAIL LABOR BOARD GETS 70 DEMANDS FOR PAY INCREASES

Passenger Conductors Ask  
More Than Peak Wages,  
Officials Assert.

EASTERN ROADS' REPLY  
BY MARCH 2 REQUESTED

Joint Conference With Heads  
of Lines Is Predicted by  
Sheppard.

Chicago, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—The United States railway labor board had before it today approximately 70 applications for increased wages or revision of rules, while the train service brotherhood filed with individual railroads requests for increases. Railroad officials said that the increases asked by the trainmen and conductors in some cases exceeded the peak wages of 1920.

Officials of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway were informed by train service employees, who filed demands, that the same demands were being made simultaneously upon all roads. The rates asked, according to railway officials, in the case of passenger conductors exceed the highest rates for such service awarded by the labor board by about \$20 a month.

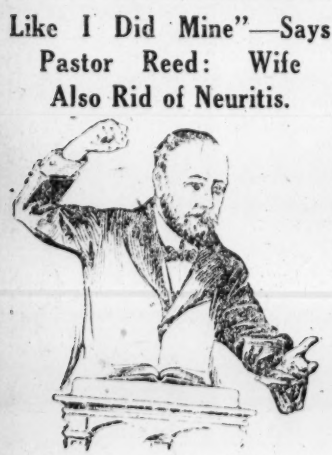
Cases pending before the labor board were filed by the Order of Railroad Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, the Lighter Captains union, the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, the American Train Dispatchers association, the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Ways Employees, the Railroad Yardmasters of America, the National Organization of Masters, Mates and Pilots, the Bridge and Building Mechanics and Helpers, the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers and seven other organizations.

**Eastern Roads Get Demands.**  
New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Eastern railroads today received demands for increased pay for trainmen and conductors and were given until March 2 to make their answer. The increase demanded amounts to about \$1 a day.

The demands were contained in joint letters from the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Order of Railroad Conductors. Each railroad received an individual letter and was asked to make an individual reply to the demands.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 1 (By A. P.). A joint conference between representatives of railway conductors and railway executives probably will be called to consider the request of conductors for a 12 per

## "End Your Rheumatism Like I Did Mine"—Says Pastor Reed: Wife Also Rid of Neuritis.



Suffered Tortures For Years—Now  
Telling Good News To Others.

"Don't Believe 'That Old Humbug  
About 'Uric Acid' Being the Cause  
of Rheumatism—It Is Not So!"

Emphatically asserting that thousands of unfortunate sufferers have been led into taking wrong treatments under the old and false belief that "Uric Acid" causes rheumatism, Pastor H. W. Reed says:

"As do some of our latest medical authorities, I now know that 'Uric Acid' never did and never will cause rheumatism! But it took me many years to find out this truth. I learned how to get rid of my rheumatism and recover my health and strength, through reading 'The Inner Mysteries of Rheumatism,' a work written by an authority who has scientifically studied the cause and treatment of rheumatism for over twenty years. It was indeed a veritable revelation."

"I had suffered agony for years from rheumatism and associated disorders, and Mrs. Reed was tortured with the demon neuritis almost beyond endurance. We had read and talked so much about 'Uric Acid' that our minds seemed poisoned. But the 'Inner Mysteries of Rheumatism' made it all clear to us, and now we are both free from the suffering and misery we endured so many years. I believe I was the last man in the world to convert. For me to discard the old 'Uric Acid' theory, and what I now know to be absolutely false, for the new, scientific understanding of the cause and treatment of rheumatism, was like asking me to change my religious beliefs. But I did change, and it was a fortunate day for me and mine when I did so."

**NOTE:** "The Inner Mysteries of Rheumatism" referred to above by Pastor Reed lays bare facts about rheumatism and its associated disorders overlooked for centuries past. It is a work that should be in the hands of every man or woman who has the slightest symptoms of rheumatism, neuritis, lumbago or gout. Any one who sends name and address to H. P. Clearwater, P. O. 1210-C Street, Hallowell, Maine, will receive it by mail, postage paid and absolutely free. Send now, lest you forget the address. If not a sufferer, cut out this explanation and hand it to some afflicted friend.

See the  
**PEERLESS**  
1st Place  
AUTO SHOW

cent salary increase, said L. E. Sheppard, national president of the Order of Railway Conductors.

**Bill on Rail Board Disputes  
Gets Willard Indorsement**

(By the Associated Press.)  
The Watson-Parker bill, providing new machinery for dealing with railroad labor disputes, was indorsed before the Senate interstate commerce committee yesterday by Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

When Mr. Willard said provisions of the bill had been agreed on by the carriers and their employees, Senator Bruce (Democrat), Maryland, announced that unless radical changes were made he would oppose it. Senator Couzens (Republican), Michigan, declared the railroads and their employees had entirely overlooked the public interest.

P. E. Crowley, president of the New York Central Railroad, also expressed approval of the measure.

## TORRES' EXECUTION PROTESTED TO U. S.

Mexican Political Refugees  
Tell President Rights  
Were Violated.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Six Mexican political refugees have telegraphed President Coolidge declaring that the recent deportation of Gen. Manuel Demetrio Torres, alias Chapparreras, who was executed at Torreón, Mexico, January 19, violated "the elemental principles of international rights."

The telegram stated that local United States officials had been im-

ploring the first time in history that railroad labor and its employers "have come before you in agreement with a method of settling their disputes, and I hope you will give us a chance to try it out."

pressed with the danger Torres

would face if deported to Mexico and with the moral responsibility that "would fall on this nation which has always been proud of her humanitarian principles, by not aiding a foreigner who sought protection in this country."

Signers of the protest were Jorge Prieto Laurens, one time president of the Mexican congress; Reinaldo Eparza Martinez, former secretary of the congress; Antonio Hernandez Ferraro; Lorenzo Nieto, former Mexican minister to Cuba; Miguel Flores Villar, and Manuel Davalos Aragon.

## Gasque Bill Before School Board Tonight

The Gasque bill providing for an elective board of education will be the subject of discussion at a special meeting of the board of education tonight in the Thomson school.

The meeting has been called by Ernest Greenwood, acting president of the board, who has publicly declared his opposition to the bill.

## BURLEITH GROUP ASKS BETTER BUS SERVICE

Will Assent to Increased Fare  
Only on That Condition,  
Citizens Say.

Determined to obtain better equipment and a more favorable route and schedule if they must pay higher bus fare, as asked by the Washington Railway & Electric Co., members of the Burleith Citizens association have completed plans to present their side before the public utilities commission Thursday. The association met in Tabor M. P. Church last night.

A committee thereto was appointed, consisting of R. M. Kitzer and R. M. Hyatt. The railway company wants to increase the price of tokens from six for 40 cents to six for 50 cents.

The company has mentioned nothing about better service, sched-

ule and routes in asking the increase, they say.

**12 FORGERY CASES CHARGED**

New York Woman Arrested in Us of Mrs. I. J. Beers' Name.  
Mrs. Margaret Gantt, 29 years old, of New York, was arrested in an apartment house at Sixteenth and P streets northwest yesterday by Detectives Edward Kelly and Arthur Scrivener, and is being held at the House of Detention on charges of forgery in twelve cases. Using the name of Mrs. I. J. Beers, 1745 Kalorama road northwest, Mrs. Gantt, police say, obtained clothing and jewelry valued at \$100 from a downtown merchant.

**Philadelphia Gets Air Races.**  
(By the Associated Press.)

The National Aeronautic association announced yesterday the definite assignment of the national air races at or near Philadelphia.

PAINTS	DUCO AUTO ENAMEL	ROOF PAINTS	FURNITURE POLISHES	FLOOR STAINS	WINDOW GLASS
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**With Your Cellar**  
—freed of ashes and dust by the installation of an oil-burning heater, you have only to freshen up walls and floor to add another living room to your home.  
We have the proper Paints to use on cellar walls and floors. Ask about them.  
**SPECIALLY LOW PRICES**  
\*Prompt attention to all correspondence.  
**Hugh Reilly Co.**  
PAINTS & GLASS  
1334 N. Y. Ave. Phone Main 1703

*A dawn of a new era  
in automotive engineering!*

**The NEW STUTZ**

**SAFETY CHASSIS**

*At the show  
NOW!*

Body five inches nearer the ground  
—yet providing full road clearance and headroom.

Radically lowered center of gravity  
—giving greater safety, comfort and roadability.

Quiet, long-lived, worm-drive rear axle  
—permitting lowered body; it improves with use.

90 H.P. motor; with overhead camshaft  
—novel design; smooth, flexible, vibrationless.

New, non-leaking hydrostatic brakes  
—inherently equalized; quick-acting and positive.



Six body styles, designed and constructed under the supervision of Brewster of New York. All closed bodies automatically ventilated. All models priced F.O.B. Indianapolis, tax excluded, but fully equipped except spare tires.

**\$2995**

What WILLIAM BREWSTER says of  
The NEW STUTZ Bodies:

In an international experience extending from the inception of the automobile, I never before have had presented such an opportunity for legitimately "hanging a car on the ground".

The chassis construction of The New Stutz has permitted us to approach very closely to the ideal in motor car proportions. The result is a car of very distinctive appearance, yet free from any suggestion of freakishness, whose lines and contour are exceedingly smart and, by their directness, suggestive of smooth, straightforward speed.

No sacrifice of either legroom or headroom is made; on the other hand, the low center of gravity must greatly add to the comfort and safety of the passengers.

*William Brewster*  
Brewster & Company, New York

What H. W. ALDEN says of  
The NEW STUTZ rear axle and brakes:

The worm-drive rear axle incorporated in The New Stutz is intrinsically as standard and as proven a type as the more familiar bevel-gear drive.

This company has equipped thousands of modern, high-speed and long-distance motor buses with worm-drive rear axles of essentially the same type. Even under this strenuous service, worm-drive axles that have already gone three hundred thousand miles and more are good for several hundred thousand additional miles—and with no lessening of their quietness or efficiency. On passenger cars, the worm-drive should be good for at least a half-million miles, or longer than any car is likely to remain in service.

The hydrostatic brakes with which The New Stutz is fitted have been thoroughly demonstrated in service. Their principle is recognized as sound hydro-mechanical engineering.

The design of this brake gives practically 100% contact of the brakeshoes on the drums—with equal pressure applied to all four wheels. The hydrostatic system is a closed one, and being hermetically sealed, is insured against leakage and evaporation.

*H. W. Alden*  
Chairman of the Board, Timkin-Detroit Axle Co.

Space 30 Auto Show  
**Hough Motor Company**  
C. Royce Hough, President  
Salesroom 1028 Conn. Ave. M. 7767  
Service Station 1909 M Street



# No other SOUP like this

So far as we know there is only one real cream of tomato soup made. And Heinz makes it. Rich, thick dairy cream combined with Heinz-grown, sun-ripened tomatoes.

Heavy, rich cream and garden-fresh tomatoes—combined and cooked the Heinz way. That's why it is so good—so uniformly good—always.

Ask grocer for new prices

## HEINZ Cream of Tomato SOUP

The taste is the test

57

HEINZ TOMATO KETCHUP HEINZ BAKED BEANS  
HEINZ COOKED SPAGHETTI HEINZ VINEGARS

## Clearing Film from Teeth Whitens Surprisingly

Quickly restores cloudy teeth to clearness

Please accept full 10-day tube of this new dental achievement, urged by world's authorities. Note the difference in the color of your teeth and health of your gums when film is cleared off in this new way

Run your tongue across your teeth and you will feel it—a slippery, viscous coating. That film absorbs discolorations from food, smoking, etc. And that is why your teeth look "off color," dingy and unattractive.

It clings to teeth, gets into crevices and stays. It lays your gums open to bacterial attack. Germs by the millions breed in it. And they, with tartar, are a chief cause of pyorrhea and decay.

Old ways won't clear it off. Ordinary dentifrices and cleansing won't fight film successfully. Feel for it now with your tongue. Note how your present cleansing method is failing in its duty.



Now new methods are being used. A dentifrice called Pepsodent—different in formula, action and effect from any other known. Largely on dental advice, the world has turned to this method.

**Clears film off**  
**Firms the Gums**  
It accomplishes two important things at once: Removes that film, then firms the gums. A few days' use will prove its power beyond all doubt. Send the coupon. Clip it now before you forget.

**FREE** Mail this for 10-Day Tube THE PEPSODENT COMPANY, Sec. B-3049, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

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The New-Day Quality Dentifrice  
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City and State: \_\_\_\_\_  
Only one tube to a family.

POST WANT ADSPAY

## "ENTER MADAME" GIVEN BY WARDMAN PLAYERS

Thomas Herbert Company  
Earns Right to Support in  
Colorful Comedy.

### MISS HARRISON PLEASES

With their production of "Enter Madame" last night at the Wardman Park theater, the Thomas Herbert players removed the last doubt of their right to bread and butter. They earn their salt and even take the cake. Miss Ruth Harrison, rouged up to the fact that a real actress is in town, week after week, by simply eating up the exacting, strenuous part of Mme. Lisa Della Robbia, the temperamental opera singer made famous some years ago by Gilda Varesi.

There is a supper scene in the second act that is a test for any stage manager's skill and discretion. If it makes you hungry and sentimental, you know he's good. It was a wonder in the original production, and the Herbert version likewise reveals a sympathetic hand. Madame's lively retinue, maid, cook, doctor and secretary, are still exhilarating.

The story is about the American husband who long ago tired of making just another in that retinue, and how Madame wins him back to her train. It is flashing, colorful, romantic comedy, that can't fail to stir and amuse. If only Madame is well played. And be assured she is. Parker Fennelly as the husband is suave and easy, somewhat too much so. Mr. Fennelly seems to have a difficulty in getting excited. Second acting honors should go rather to Leona Roberts for her admirable rendering of the Italian maid Bice. Cecil Anne Cain is good as the other woman.

### Lew Kelly Cavorts In Show at Mutual

One of the best shows offered at the Mutual this season opened yesterday when Joe Levitt lifted the curtains on "Giggles," in which Lew Kelly, who holds something like the title of king of burlesque, takes a leading part.

"Giggles" was something more than just giggles. Mr. Kelly, in his unique characterization, "The Dope," has created through years of development and study a laugh hit that gives one a feeling of having laughed his best.

Mr. Kelly is ably assisted by Sadie Banks. Another feature that gives the entire program a send-off is the specialty dancing of Leo Brecher. Neither can Mildred Simmons, ingenue, nor Lew Harris, straight man, be forgotten in the general summary of "Giggles."

### ELDRIDGE SAYS SPEED ROOT OF TRAFFIC EVIL

Tells Takoma Citizens That  
Pedestrians Should Be  
Regulated.

The desire for speed was named as the root of Washington's traffic evils by Traffic Director M. O. Eldridge, speaking at a meeting of the Takoma Citizens' association in Takoma Park library last night.

There should be a regulation of pedestrian traffic, he declared, adding that he hoped that at some time such regulation can be enacted. He declared that he should have the power to cancel drivers' permits, and expressed the hope that he will be granted such authority.

Col. I. C. Moller, assistant to Mr. Eldridge, explained some of the traffic regulations on Sixteenth street.

Mrs. A. W. Miller was appointed chairman of a committee on arrangements for a colonial reception and dance to be held jointly by the citizens of Takoma and Takoma Park in celebration of Washington's birthday, February 22.

### NATIVE OF AMERICA MADE CITIZEN HERE

F.W. Newcombe Returns From  
Canada and Regains  
U. S. Franchise.

Frederick William Newcombe, 2906 Connecticut avenue, was granted citizenship papers in his native country of the United States by the District Supreme court yesterday after having lived as a British subject in Canada for ten years.

Mr. Newcombe was born in Maine and ten years ago he went to Estevan, Canada, to engage in coal business. At the time he thought he would live there for the rest of his life, so he took out British citizenship papers. While there he served as mayor of the town for two years. Circumstances changed in October, 1924, and Mr. Newcombe returned to St. Paul where he took out his first naturalization papers. He came to this city last April and is now employed as manager of a local construction company.

Mr. Newcombe said yesterday that he believed it was a man's duty to become a citizen of the country in which he made his living.

New Orleans, the Crescent City. Always unique—is always noted because by simply crossing a street one is transferred from the modern city to a far-off time of romance. Nowhere else in the United States is there a parallel situation. A most excellent winter climate and many historic, educational and entertaining features to attract the attention of the visitor. There are also the delectable Gulf of Mexico resorts. Mobile, Biloxi, Gulfport, Pass Christian, where those interested in fishing and water sports may find comfortable hotels and interesting recreation. The famous Crescent Limited, all-Pullman de luxe train, and three other good, modern passenger trains afford comfortable and convenient traveling facilities from Washington through the progressive, interesting and industrial South. For particulars as to fares, time of trains, Pullman sleeping car reservations, etc., please call upon, or write, E. H. BROWN, D. P. A., 1610 H St. N.W., Washington, D. C. Southern Railway System—adv.

## American Comedy Classic Holds Forth at National

Louis John Bartels and Helen Lowell Score in  
George Kelly's Great Comedy, "The Show  
Off."

Stewart and French present a new three-act comedy "The Show Off," a transcript of life, by George Kelly.

On a second viewing—a year ago in New York and last night here—"The Show Off" loses none of its charm. Forsooth, that is the supreme test of almost any play. Usually, they pall, but George Kelly has written so much comedy into this work, and Louis John Bartels and Helen Lowell have given it such perfect interpretation, that every thought, word and deed clicks.

There is a fine balance of comedy and tragedy, a fitting sense of the ridiculous and sublime, a weaving of human foibles and fancies, and, withal, a delightful presentation of characters known to any one with good eyesight and the power of observation. As playwrights like to imagine it, this comedy goes right into the laps of the auditors. There is no putting on paper the only one ear-splitting cackle like that of Louis John Bartels who, in the person of Aubrey Piper, laughs loud and long at his own jokes. It is he who, in all solemnity, divests himself of the old Latin line, "Sic transit gloria mundi," and offers, in explanation, "An old saying from the French meaning: 'We are here today, and gone tomorrow.'" He mouths it, of course, "Gloria Monday," and it is on Monday that he is to be tried for running down a traffic officer, declared by Aubrey to have been jaywalking.

There is no putting on paper the antics of Aubrey Piper. They belong by right to the stage. It is conceivable that some day the "movies" might take over the doings of Aubrey; but the wit, the natural situations, charm, and shadings of character will never be really developed on the silver screen as Louis John Bartels has done on the boards. Since the play is a classic in American character portrayal, there is only one way to have it fixed firmly in the memory and that is by a journey toward the box-office of the National theater. Whatsoever the cost, it is decidedly worthwhile. JOHN J. DALY.

For once in a season a New York cast comes intact from Broadway. Helen Lowell, who created the role of Mrs. Fisher, mother-in-law of the "show off," is perfect in her part. In fact, it's a toss-up whether she or John Louis Bartels, in their character roles, are or are not equally important. By the nature of contrast, they are foils. Aubrey Piper, the blusterer, upsets the Fisher household. As his mother-in-law, she is naturally attempts to hold the whip hand.

## "The Gorilla" Comes Back To Startle Theatergoers

"The Gorilla" hasn't become civilized by its sojourn on Broadway. For that matter, there is no reason why it should be. If any one ever attempts to make that production conform to the rules of logic or play writing or any other known form of human experience a good evening of laughs and thrills will have been spoiled.

In the early days of the mystery plays the authors and producers took their mysteries seriously. There was a limitation placed upon the vagaries of the writer's imagination by the fact that the plot had to parse out in the last act. But the Gorilla is a more sophisticated sort of animal, to use a decadent trick of speech. The matter of accounting for characters is settled easily by chasing the superfluous members of the cast down the aisles of the theater or by turning the lights out on them. And that's as much of the plot as any reviewer ought to tell because to try to tell more would spoil the show for the audience if it didn't send the reviewer to St. Elizabeth's.

Bolled down, the plot of "The Gorilla" is no more complicated nor thrilling than the plots of "The Bat" or "The Thirteenth Chair." It's the mechanical liberties with the producers take with the plot that should supply the thrills in more liberal measure than have been experienced since Barnum first exhibited his cherry colored cat. It is the lack of respect with which the producers of "The Gorilla" treat the sacred oxen of most mystery plays that is three-fourths of the charm of it. It would be like to say that Detective Mulligan and Garry are true representations of their professions; but they are more accurate representations than the usual stage sleuth. Like all the other characters they are overdrawn enough to save the play from becoming ridiculous by the saving grace of humor.

"The Gorilla" will not increase the popularity of mystery plays because after one sees it he loses the capacity for being thrilled by further mysteries. And worse still, he learns to laugh at mysteries. It is a diet recommended to those who try to keep up with Mr. Eldridge's daily dozen of traffic ukases. After seeing "The Gorilla" the motorist may know how to solve the traffic rules. Otherwise the most useful purpose the play can serve is the creation of copious and hearty laughter. Than which, there is no more useful purpose in this tearful vale. Go see it.

Pacific Mills Omit Dividend.  
New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.). For the first time since 1883, directors of Pacific Mills today omitted the quarterly dividend of 75 cents a share due to be paid March 1. An annual rate of \$3 a share had been paid since June 1, 1925, previous to which it had been \$6. The company reported net loss of \$520,819 for 1925 after depreciation, interest and inventory adjustment, against net loss of \$2,269,870 in 1924.

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LIFE Insurance is not a commodity; it is service, scientific social service. Its beneficence, however, is not limited to paying death-claims. It touches society at many points and renders many services of which few people ever think. As policy-holders you are public benefactors, not merely because you have protected society by protecting your dependents, but because you are advancing human efficiency and human happiness through the beneficent activities of this Company's assets.

The assets of this Company benefit both the insured and the uninsured. They reach all—even as the rain falls on the just and on the unjust.

In the year 1925 the Finance Committee invested in securities that demanded discrimination and judgment

**\$151,371,950.10, to yield on the average, 5.36%**

Analyze that total and you at once see how widely and directly it touches and helps the community at large. This is the picture:

**MUNICIPAL BONDS:** A capital investment of \$1,044,177.06, to yield 4.33%.

**REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES:** During 1925 the Committee made 6,895 separate mortgage loans in forty-one States, the District of Columbia and Canada, aggregating \$93,534,753.22 to yield 5.57%. These mortgages in detail were divided as follows:

- 5,151 Loans on residential property, representing a capital investment of \$28,562,173.86, accommodating 5,940 families.
- 635 Loans on apartment and housing projects, a capital investment of \$26,327,240.00 accommodating 8,117 families. A total of 14,057 families.
- 170 Loans on business properties, a capital investment of \$32,801,731.10.
- 939 Loans on farms, a capital investment of \$5,843,608.26.

Capital soundly invested in Mortgages on Real Estate is safe; it yields good return, and renders a genuine public service. Your investment in mortgages of over ninety-three million dollars in the year 1925 appears in the balance-sheet below as part of your total investment in mortgages amounting to \$353,627,202.42. That total is divided into exactly the classifications I have made of the investments of 1925 and is all equally useful.

**RAILROAD BONDS:** In this class of securities the Committee in 1925 made a capital investment of \$21,416,375.55 to yield 4.99%, as follows:

- In bonds secured by mortgages on bridge and terminal properties. .... \$ 1,558,365.00
- In equipment trust certificates secured by locomotives, freight and passenger cars. .... 8,882,184.18
- In bonds secured by mortgages on railroads, covering mileage located in 31 States and the District of Columbia. .... 10,975,826.37

This Company has long been a large investor in Railroad Bonds. It fought vigorously to secure the Transportation Act of 1920 under which the railroads of the country have been rehabilitated. The twenty-one millions and over invested in 1925 is a part of the total which appears in the balance-sheet below, \$325,062,694.07. That total is in turn a part of the service to the country which is constantly being rendered by the railroads.

**PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS:** Here in 1925 the Committee made a capital investment of \$35,376,644.27, to yield 5.04%, as follows:

- In bonds secured by mortgages on gas, electric light and power properties. .... \$25,605,115.07
- In bonds secured by mortgages on telephone properties. .... 9,771,529.20

Public Utility enterprises represent a relatively recent development, and are closely allied to all the comforts, conveniences and necessities of present-day life. Your investments in bonds of this class in the year 1925 represent properties operating in twenty-five States in which dwell approximately 73,000,000 people. These institutions have 13,000,000 consumers, and a fixed capital investment of three thousand million dollars. Through your investment of over thirty-five million dollars in 1925 and your earlier investments of the same sort you have become a considerable supporter and a definite part of that great and indispensable modern development. Every dollar of the total investment in public utilities is hard at work adding to the sum of human comfort.

In the balance-sheet below the activities of the Finance Committee for the year 1925 and in previous years are projected on a larger screen. After eighty-one years of business the Company's assets on December 31, 1925 (taking bonds at market value,) amounted to \$1,149,471,556.02. We are not here considering the strictly Life Insurance, function of that accumulation, which of course is its first function. We are emphasizing the fact that every dollar of that huge sum is working every minute in the public interest, something you as policy-holders seldom think of, something the public is scarcely aware of. You insured your lives in this Company primarily to protect your old age and your dependents. You performed a good deed. Good deeds go far. They illustrate the truth of what Portia says in the "Merchant of Venice":

"How far that little candle throws his beams!  
So shines a good deed in a naughty world."

Your policies are separate candles; they shine far. DARWIN P. KINGSLEY, President.

### Eighty-first Annual Statement

Outstanding Insurance, December 31, 1925..... \$5,219,000,000.00  
New Business paid for in 1925..... 844,000,000.00  
Earning power of Assets, including cash in bank, Dec. 31, 1925..... 5.06%

### BALANCE SHEET, January 1, 1926

Bonds at Market Value as determined by the Insurance Department, State of New York.

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Real Estate Owned.....	\$ 8,138,938.97	Policy Reserve.....	\$391,961,916.00
First Mortgage Loans—		Other Policy Liabilities.....	37,107,183.70
On Farms.....	59,765,525.60	Dividends left with Company to Accumulate at Interest.....	25,220,081.40
On Residential and Business Properties.....	293,861,676.82	Premiums, Interest and Rentals prepaid.....	2,887,937.94
Loans on Policies.....	179,465,848.35	Taxes, Salaries, Accounts, etc., due or accrued.....	10,694,414.65
Bonds of the United States.....	59,836,660.00	Additional Reserves.....	24,880,010.00
Railroad Bonds.....	325,062,694.07	Dividends payable in 1926.....	55,116,138.00
Bonds of other Governments, of States and Municipalities.....	99,407,262.06	Reserve for Deferred Dividends.....	507,325.00
Public Utility Bonds.....	79,255,180.00	General Contingency Funds not included above.....	101,096,549.33
Cash, including Branch Office Balances.....	4,661,367.16		
Other Assets.....	40,016,402.99		
Total.....	\$1,149,471,556.02	Total.....	\$1,149,471,556.02

### DIRECTORS

Lawrence F. Abbott  
John E. Andrus  
Cornelius N. Bliss  
Mortimer N. Buckner  
Thomas A. Buckner  
Nicholas M. Butler  
George B. Cortelyou  
Myron T. Herrick  
Charles D. Hilles  
Alba B. Johnson  
Percy H. Johnston  
Willard V. King  
Darwin P. Kingsley  
Richard I. Manning  
John G. Milburn  
Gerrish H. Milliken  
Frank Prebrey  
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Cleanse thoroughly—then,  
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**Fine for Neuralgia**  
Musterole insures quick relief from neuralgia. When those sharp pains go shooting through your head, just rub a little of this clean, white ointment on your temples and neck.

Musterole is made with oil of mustard but will not blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster.

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Better than a mustard plaster.

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A chain can be only as strong as its weakest link. A poorly glazed building, or a window glazed with glass of indifferent manufacture, can only be as beautiful as the glass.

This statement may not be immediately accepted by all, but it is so generally recognized that good glass is needed to preserve the fine appearance and quality of the modern house. Yet glass is one of the very few materials entering into the house that will always retain its original finish and appearance.

Paint will peel off, mortar fall out, roofing deteriorate—the clothes may become shabby and ragged, but the eyes of the house will always remain undimmed. Windows that are well glazed will live in their perfection through the years.

Don't be deceived. Glass is not just glass. There are three kinds—good, bad and indifferent.

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This entirely different and interesting creation is now being exhibited at the Automobile Show.

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Suggest a Name for It

For the best name, we will give a duplicate of the show model, fully equipped.

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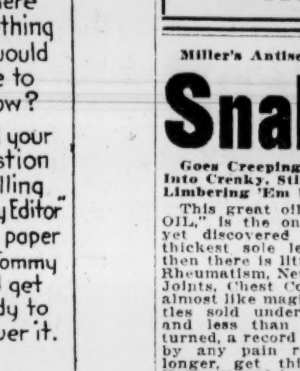
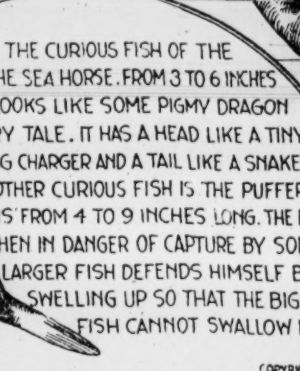
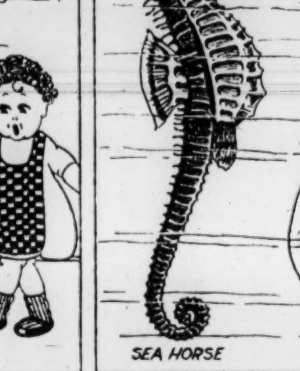
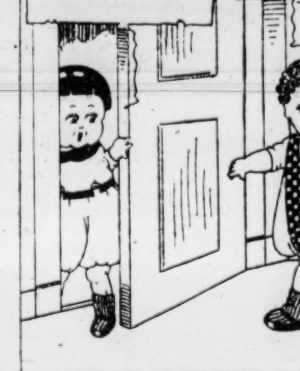
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## TELLING TOMMY

COME ON SISTER, DADDY IS GOING TO TELL US A FISH STORY



## THE POSTS DAILY LEGAL RECORD

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1926.

## SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

Present: The Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Van Devanter, Mr. Justice McReynolds, Mr. Justice Brandeis, Mr. Justice Butler, and Mr. Justice Stone.

No. 124. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 125. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 126. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 127. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 128. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 129. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 130. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 131. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

## COURT OF APPEALS

Present: Chief Justice Brandeis, Associate Justices Van Devanter and McReynolds.

No. 132. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 133. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 134. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 135. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 136. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 137. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 138. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 139. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 140. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

## DISTRICT SUPREME COURT

No. 141. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 142. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 143. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 144. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 145. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 146. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 147. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 148. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 149. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

## DISTRICT COURT

No. 150. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 151. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 152. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 153. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 154. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 155. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 156. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 157. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 158. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

## DISTRICT COURT

No. 159. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

No. 160. *United States of America, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The National Industrial Conference Board, Defendant.* Appeal from the district court of the United States for the district of Columbia. Dismissed with costs. Opinion by Mr. Justice McReynolds.

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## DISTRICT COURT

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**ASK TOMMY**

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Miller's Antiseptic Oil, Known as **Snake Oil**

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Girls who use Poslam never have bad complexion! Its soothing, concentrated medication simply drives pimples and blackheads away like magic. Try it yourself! At all drug stores. 50c.—Adv.

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to work off the cause and to fortify the system against an attack of Grip or Influenza. A Safe and Proven Remedy. Price 30c.

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MISS JOSEPHINE HALEY

Pretty Miss Josephine Haley, of Vicksburg, Mississippi, who is "sweet sixteen," says, "My complexion's going to be as soft, smooth and lovely when I'm twice sixteen as it is now—just like Mother's! She's been using the light, milky Black and White Cleansing Cream for years, and it's already my standby, too. I never have pimples and blackheads like so many girls my age have."

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**BLACK AND WHITE**  
Beauty Creations  
OVER 12 MILLION USED A YEAR

## 4 U. S. DRY AGENTS MUST FACE STATE TRIAL IN MARYLAND

Supreme Court, in Wenger Case Decision, Upholds State's Contention.

ALLEGED OFFENSES  
HELD NOT WITHIN DUTY

Chief Justice Taft Lays Down Ruling in Appeal Arising Out of Raid.

(By the Associated Press.)

Federal prohibition agents, when charged with crimes in State courts, may have their cases removed to a Federal court for trial upon showing that the act forming the basis of the accusations was in line with their duty under the Federal law, and that they did nothing else on which the prosecution could be based.

This rule was laid down yesterday by the Supreme Court in opinions by Chief Justice Taft in cases arising in Maryland, where four prohibition enforcement agents and their chauffeur, being held for trial before the State courts of Harford county on charges of murder, perjury and obstructing justice, were removed by Federal Judge Morris A. Soper for trial in the Federal district court for Maryland.

Acting on a request by the State for a mandamus to compel return of the men for trial in the State courts, the Supreme Court held that remedy by mandamus was proper, and that the averments advanced by the accused in seeking removal of their cases had not been sufficient to take them out of the jurisdiction of the State courts.

Subject to State Courts.

At the same time, with respect to the murder charge, the Supreme Court authorized Judge Soper to grant the men an opportunity to amend their averments, stating that should they meet the requirements laid down, they would be entitled to trial in the Federal courts on this phase of the charges. On the allegations of perjury and obstructing justice, however, the men must stand trial in the State courts, the court decided, since such offenses could not possibly be connected with the official discharge of their duties.

The case grew out of a raid on a still on the Harry Carver farm near Madonna, Md., by William L. Stevens, John M. Harton, Robert D. Ford and E. Franklin Ely, the agents, and William Trubing, the chauffeur. The still was destroyed, but the men operating it escaped.

Later the prohibition agents came upon Lawrence Wenger, mortally wounded. He died before the agents could get him to a physician, and they, with the chauffeur, were held by the State authorities. Taken before the coroner's jury, they made statements which the State charged were false and intended to obstruct justice.

Acts Similar to Revenue Agents. In reaching its decision, the Supreme Court held that prohibition agents were entitled to the same "protection" of the Federal courts as revenue agents, and could have cases against them removed to those courts under the conditions which have long applied to revenue agents. The prohibition agents, in searching for the still in this case, it found were acting under the authority of the revenue laws.

"Congress, not without reason," Chief Justice Taft said, "assumed that the enforcement of the national prohibition act was likely to encounter in some quarters a lack of sympathy and even obstruction, and sought by making section 32 (relating to removal) applicable to defeat the use of local courts to embarrass those who must execute it."

To remove cases to the Federal courts, he continued, prohibition agents must show that the charges against them in the State courts were based on acts committed as Federal officers under color of their office or of the revenue or prohibition law and must, by direct avowal, exclude the possibility that they were based on acts or conduct not justified by their official duty.

"In invoking the protection of a trial of a State offense in a Federal court under section 33, a Fed-

## ADVISED WILSON



DAVID F. HOUSTON, whose tariff ideas were basis of Wilson's speeches in this subject.

## COL. HOUSE WRITES OF NAMING WILSON

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

control of affairs. Feeling between the two men and their adherents became scarcely short of envenomed. It was the first news that reached House upon his arrival from Europe.

"We landed at Boston," he recorded, "and motored to Beverly, where messengers began to come telling of discord and constantly advocate the theories of the bow and arrow men of a barbarous age. Calling to their aid the instrumentalities of propaganda and unorganized control, they have consistently and purposely misled Congress and the people as to what this country needs to insure its security. They have entrenched themselves behind a bureaucratic system run by self-perpetuating oligarchies. They have manipulated the laws so that they can control the business forces even against the action of the President himself. They have coerced, bulldozed and attempted to ruin patriotic officers who have disagreed with their views and who sought to execute their national defenses, which the officers of the armed services know is necessary."

Says Morale Shaken. "Due to the military bureaucracies' our land and sea forces, composed of splendid men, are shaken in their conception of duty, lack of confidence in the army and navy as institutions and dubious of their own future. The inexcusable losses to our air and sea forces are mute examples of inefficiency and negligence, in spite of the vigorous whitewashing attempted by the army and navy executives."

"When the actions of the army and navy are brought into question, they themselves are the sole judges of their shortcomings. The military bureaucracy, resisting all innovations, has become such that it is impossible to secure any needed changes in the system. The reasons they give are veiled in mystery and secrecy, so as to confuse the public, whereas actually the conditions to be met are simple and public. This is one of the greatest menaces to our free institutions that has ever occurred. The bureaucratic party, as it might be called, in its inner workings in Washington is more powerful than

the Democrats and Republicans, more powerful than the influence of any creed or sect or religious order. Our government has become one of bureaucratic domination. This condition must be stopped."

Our national defense should be organized into a single department and under it there should be sub-departments for the air forces, the land forces and the sea forces, each with an equal voice and each privileged to present their views without restraint or coercion to a secretary of national defense and to Congress.

Problem for Whole Country. "National defense is a single, concrete problem for the whole country. It is not an army and navy matter alone. Our defenses must not be unorganized any more than the police forces of our cities. Every civilized nation in the world has taken these conditions into account and have organized their national defense accordingly. We lag behind due to the blind, ignorant and bigoted opposition of our army and navy."

"In our beloved America, the greatest of all countries, we must adopt a national defense policy founded on our particular needs, based on the abundance of our raw materials, the excellence of our industries and the remarkable intelligence of our people."

"I have the greatest respect and affection for my comrades in the army and navy, with whom I have participated in many campaigns and expeditions, and with my companions in the air services, who are the principal ones we must look to for our security. I shall keep close touch with them in the future."

Urges Immediate Action. "However, the administration of our national defense by the bureaucracies maintained by the army and navy oligarchies passes the limit of our national conscience and must be thoroughly overhauled at once. For years I worked to better conditions from within the service. The growing opposition to modernization, exhibited by the army and navy bureaucracies and the inexcusable killing of my comrades in the air forces, sent on propaganda missions to county fairs by nonflying service politicians, made drastic and instant action a necessity."

"Every statement I have made has been supported by good and sufficient evidence. Good has already resulted and much more will follow."

"From now on I feel that I can better serve my country and the flag I love by bringing a realization of the true condition of our national defense straight to the people, than by remaining muzzled in the army."

"I shall always be on hand in case of war or emergency, wherever I am needed."

To Gov. Wilson.

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 2, 1912.

Dear Governor:

Mr. McCombs is seriously thinking of resigning, and may do so tomorrow.

There are reasons why his resignation at this time would be a serious blow to the cause. I can not go into an explanation here, but you would readily understand the reason if all the facts were before you.

Mr. McAdoo has asked me to go to Maine, which I shall do tomorrow night or Wednesday morning; and when I return I should be glad to come to New York if you will let me know when you will be there.

Yours very sincerely,

E. M. HOUSE.

"I returned to New York," wrote Col. House, "as soon as the weather would permit and had a conference with Woodrow Wilson. I asked if he knew of the feud that was going on between McAdoo and McCombs, and I indicated my sympathy for McCombs. At that time I knew McAdoo but slightly, having met him but twice. Wilson asked me not to make up my mind about the matter until I had learned the ins and outs of it by personal contact at headquarters."

"I afterward learned the wisdom of this advice, for I had not been in New York more than two weeks before I knew that there was another side. Later I found that it was almost wholly McCombs' fault and that McAdoo was scarcely to blame at all. McCombs was jealous, he was dictatorial. He was not well enough to attend to the campaign himself, and he could not sit by and allow McAdoo to carry on the work and get a certain amount of newspaper publicity. This latter was particularly galling to McCombs."

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eral officer," Chief Justice Taft explained, "abandons his right to refuse to testify because accused of crime, at least to the extent of disclosing in his application for removal all the circumstances known to him out of which the prosecution arose. The defense he is to make is that of his immunity from punishment by the State, because what he did was justified by his duty under the Federal law, and because he did nothing else on which the prosecution could be based. He must establish fully and fairly this defense by the allegations of his petition for removal before the Federal court can properly grant it. It is incumbent on

## BUREAUCRACY IS MENACE TO U. S., SAYS MITCHELL

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

across the continent, which led to the establishment of the air mail; our methods of fighting in the air and the kinds of aircraft to meet our special American conditions were also initiated under my direction.

"I look back on this record with the greatest pride and with the satisfaction that I have done everything possible for my country. After all these years of service, not one dark spot can be found on my record and not one act which does not redound to the credit of the United States."

"Unorganized for Defense."

"The United States remains today unorganized for modern defense. In spite of the expenditure of nearly \$500,000,000 for aviation since the war and the loss of scores of our airmen, we have no real military air force for the protection of our great country. We are left hopelessly behind in our civil and commercial aviation and we have no plan or system whatever for furthering and developing this most important agency."

"This condition is due to the blind opposition of the regular army and navy bureaucracies that have abrogated to themselves the policy of standing squarely in the face of any progress, and constantly advocate the theories of the bow and arrow men of a barbarous age. Calling to their aid the instrumentalities of propaganda and unorganized control, they have consistently and purposely misled Congress and the people as to what this country needs to insure its security. They have entrenched themselves behind a bureaucratic system run by self-perpetuating oligarchies. They have manipulated the laws so that they can control the business forces even against the action of the President himself. They have coerced, bulldozed and attempted to ruin patriotic officers who have disagreed with their views and who sought to execute their national defenses, which the officers of the armed services know is necessary."

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erling at Highest Point Since the War

London, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—The pound sterling rose on the foreign exchange this morning to \$4.86 1/2, the highest point touched since the war. (The gold parity basis of the pound sterling is \$4.85 1/2.)

An upward movement is usual at this time of the year, but the present one is considered in market circles to have been helped by American and continental purchases, and is looked upon as somewhat significant in view of the gold position and increasing competition on the part of foreign loans. The sterling rate eased a fraction during the afternoon.

him to make the case on which he relies, so that the court may be fully advised and the State may take issue on a motion to remand."

Acts of prohibition agents in the enforcement of the prohibition laws advanced as grounds for removal of prosecutions to the Federal courts may include those committed in defense of their lives while attempting to enforce the law, the court stated, adding, however, that the acts advanced must be a part of his official authority. This, it continued, would not cover statements made under oath to State officers engaged in inquiries into alleged murder.

The agents involved in this case were not compelled by Federal law to testify before the coroner, the court pointed out, and the evidence they gave was not in the performance of their official duties. Therefore, they must answer in the State courts to the charges of perjury and of obstructing justice by giving false testimony, and can not have their indictments on those grounds transferred to the Federal courts under any circumstances.

UTAH SOCIETY TO DINE.

Banquet to be Held Saturday Night at Hotel Roosevelt.

The Utah State society, of Washington, will hold its annual banquet Saturday night at the Roosevelt hotel at 7:30 o'clock.

Miss Elizabeth Stewart, Miss Grant and Prof. Hector Spaulding will appear in a musical program. Arthur McGregor is president, and Walter G. Moyle, chairman of the banquet committee.

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## VISITORS' GUIDE & SHOPPERS' COLUMNS

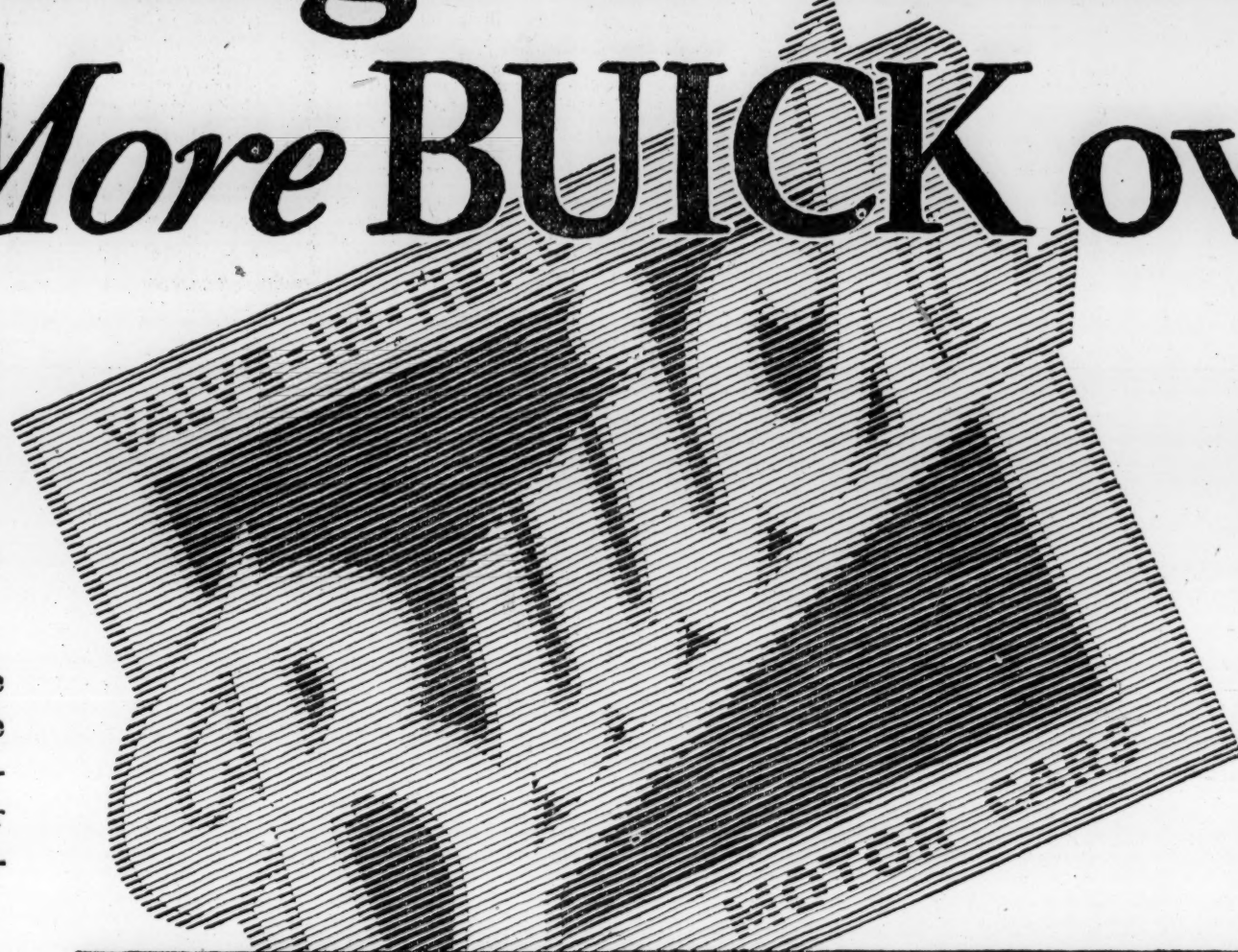
<p><b>Hotel Directory</b></p> <p>Enjoy the best without extravagance at <b>THE MARTINIQUE</b> A Continental Hotel of Refinement SIXTEENTH ST. AT M—Main 658 Moderate Daily and Monthly Rates Pleasant—New and Renovated Location—Quiet—Restful—Convenient Excellent Cuisine—Table—Room Service</p> <p><b>COLONIAL HOTEL</b> 10th and M Sts. N.W. AMERICAN PLAN Attractive Monthly Rates Modern in Every Respect Comfortable and homelike. All rooms have hot and cold running water. SHOWER AND TUB BATHS Dinner, etc. Special Sunday Dinners, \$1 TRANSCIENT RATES, \$4.00 PER DAY UP. Special attention given to dinner parties.</p> <p><b>MANCHESTER</b> 2426 M St. N.W. One room and bath apt., electric and phone service. Home cooking. Satisfying Gordon Hotel Apartment 16th and Eye Sts. N.W. ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BATH NOW AVAILABLE DAILY OR WEEKLY RATES CARE (Under Wardman Management)</p> <p><b>NEW BLACKSTONE HOTEL</b> 1018 SEVENTEENTH ST. N.W., Near K Richly furnished. Bath with running hot and cold water. DESIRABLE TWO ROOM APARTMENT. Special Sunday ROOM PER MONTH. Daily and weekly rates. Cafe that pleases. From Army and Navy Club and Mayflower Hotel. Quiet, refined and cultured patronage. Phone 7700, Franklin 7700</p> <p><b>Where to Dine</b> <b>BEACON INN</b> 18TH AND CALVERT STS. Half block west of Ambassador Theatre. Club breakfast: 7:30-9:30 a. m. (Phone Table d'hôte dinner, 6:30-9 p. m. (Col. 5043)</p>	<p><b>Places of Interest</b></p> <p>Unless otherwise noted all are open daily except Sundays and holidays.</p> <p><b>WHITE HOUSE</b>—East room and corridor open to public 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.</p> <p><b>PHILLIPS MEMORIAL GALLERY</b> 1608 21st St. N.W. Open Tuesdays, Saturdays and Sundays 2 to 6 p. m. Paintings by Old and Modern Masters.</p> <p><b>TREASURY</b>—Pennsylvania Ave. &amp; 15th St. S. W. 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.</p> <p><b>BUREAU OF ENGRAVING</b>—14th &amp; C Sts. S. W. Open 9 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.</p> <p><b>GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE</b>—N. Capitol &amp; E Sts. S. W. from 10 to 12 noon and 1 to 2 p. m.</p> <p><b>MT. VERNON</b>—19 a. m. to 4 p. m. No admission to grounds after 3:30. Saturdays 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. with no admission to grounds after 4:15. Open holidays.</p>	<p><b>Sightseeing</b></p> <p><b>THE GRAY LINE</b> MOTOR TOURS</p> <p><b>MR. VERNON \$2</b> Including Home and Town of George Washington. Per Person Includes Church and Masonic Lodge. Round Trip to Alexandria. Including L. 1417 Pa. Ave. N.W. (Opp. Dells Theater). 10, 11 A.M., 1, 2 P.M. M. 600</p> <p><b>Phillips Memorial Gallery</b> 1608 21st St. N.W. Open Tuesdays, Saturdays &amp; Sundays from 2 to 6 p. m. showing paintings of Old and Modern Masters</p>
<p><b>Where to Dine</b></p> <p><b>THE ANCHORAGE</b> RESTAURANT 1500 QUE STREET Breakfast—Luncheon—Dinner For Reservations Phone Pot. 338</p> <p><b>Antiques</b></p> <p><b>THE OKIE GALLERIES</b> 1225-1227 Connecticut Avenue One block north of The Mayflower</p> <p>Antiques Old English Americas Silver</p> <p>Paintings Sculptures and Period Furniture</p>	<p><b>Where to Dine</b></p> <p><b>RENDEZVOUS</b> RESTAURANT-CAFE-TERIA 1100 Connecticut, Near Mayflower Home-Cooked Food at Moderate Prices Table d'hôte or a la carte ROAST TURKEY DINNER \$1.00 Open Daily Until 10 p. m.</p> <p>Special This Evening A Chicken Dinner \$1.00 <b>WYOMING CAFE</b> 2022 Columbia Rd. North 2941</p>	<p><b>Where to Dine</b></p> <p><b>STOP ENVYING OWNERS OF</b> <b>Studebaker</b> Power-Durability-Finish</p>







# A Message to the *Million* and More BUICK owners



**T**ODAY, every automobile owner in America faces the possibility of a substantial increase in the cost of tires, both for replacement and as original equipment on new cars.

Crude rubber has advanced in price approximately 150% during the past twelve months.

In a letter from the Secretary of Commerce, Herbert Hoover, to Senator Arthur Capper, written late in December, the reason for this condition is described as follows:

"The control of rubber production in the British East Indies was organized under the Stevenson Plan in 1922. That area produces about 70% of the world's rubber, and we consume about 70% of the world's rubber. At the time the plan was put into effect by Colonial legislation the claim was made that its purpose was to assure a fair price to the growers. The Growers Committee stated that such a fair price would be from fifteen to eighteen pence (30 to 36¢) per pound. Exhaustive investigations of the Department of Commerce showed that at that price the capital invested in the industry would earn an annual average profit of from 15 to 25 per cent.

"At the price declared by the price-fixing body as 'fair' to them, our next year's supply would cost us about \$324,000,000, but at the present price of \$1.10 per pound, it will cost us \$990,000,000 or \$666,000,000 in excess of the 'fair' price.

"These increased prices of rubber are a very real thing to every family in the United States. The price over and above

the so-called 'fair' price means an increased charge of probably \$20 or \$30 for each set of tires on a light automobile, and \$50 to \$70 for each set on a heavy car."

## Buick Owners Use 5,000,000 Tires

Buick considers it a plain duty to the million and more Buick owners now using 5,000,000 and more tires, to discuss this situation, and

## Save Tire Wear

These simple rules, observed by every motorist will help:

- 1 Maintain the proper pressure of air in every tire.
- 2 Repair tires promptly when they are injured or worn.
- 3 Turn corners gently, avoiding scraping or burning tires.
- 4\* Apply brakes gently and do not slide tires in coming to a stop.

\* Buick mechanical four-wheel brakes automatically cut down tire wear by applying the pressure to all four tires instead of only two.

to call attention to certain suggestions which Secretary Hoover has advanced to protect car owners against the threatened increase in the cost of motor car operation.

## Secretary Hoover Urges You To Save Rubber

Foreseeing the hardship that an

additional tire cost would work on the American public, Secretary Hoover, aided by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, has undertaken to reduce the normal demand for crude rubber 25% during 1926. He feels certain this can be done by placing the facts squarely before you, and by asking you to observe a few fundamental tire saving rules, that most people neglect.

With this aid from a nation of motorists, Mr. Hoover hopes to reduce considerably the consumption of new rubber, and perhaps bring rubber prices to a lower level.

## Buick Urges Your Aid

Buick lends its unqualified support to the Hoover program and urges every Buick owner to add his cooperation. You are not asked to drive less—only to drive with more consideration for your tires. In this way, the tire economy which Buick has designed into Buick motor cars may be realized to its fullest extent.

On this page you will find the driving suggestions offered by Secretary Hoover. Observance of these rules will make us a nation of more thrifty tire users. And save our money, *not only now, but for years to come.*

## BUICK MOTOR COMPANY, FLINT, MICHIGAN

*Division of General Motors Corporation*

WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT, BUICK WILL BUILD THEM



## MOLLIE

By EUSTACE HALE BALL

(Copyright, 1926, Thompson Feature Service, Inc.)

WHAT HAS COME BEFORE.

Mollie, an attractive country girl, employed by a firm of brokers in the big city, succeeds in selling Mortimer Weldon, the millionaire, a block of stock in a mining corporation, following an evening at a night club, when Mollie visits against her will in the company of Ben Corliss, her employer, who believes her attractive. Mollie's infatuation with Weldon is a reward for the order Mollie, who is now Corliss' private secretary, receives \$1,000 commission. Weldon, in a subsequent meeting with Mollie at his hotel, tells her the only person he trusts in the town is Mollie. Mollie, the mining engineer who takes Mollie to dinner that evening, Sanford, too, disdains Corliss and his associate, Blythe. Now certain that the engine is honest, Mollie promises to keep him in touch with the firm's affairs. Next day when Mollie phones Sanford to tell him that Corliss is to take her to lunch with two prospects, the Corliss, he turns the tip off to the availability of 1,000 shares in the company at 90 cents a share, which Mollie purchases. On her way back to the office after the Corliss luncheon Corliss tells Mollie not to see Sanford any more, but gives no reason for his request. Mollie's refusal to commit herself infuriates Corliss. When they reach the office they find Blythe and Mollie waiting with information that a block of stock held by Ben Mollie which would give them control of the company is available. While the men are out buying stocks, Mollie slips out and phones for Sanford to come to the office. Sanford, who returns Corliss, slightly under the influence of liquor, tells Mollie he is in love with her and wishes to embrace her just as Sanford appears at the scene. Corliss, who is jealous of Sanford, arranges for him to leave for his home, a piece of property that very day. As Sanford starts to leave, Mollie manages to slip him a piece of paper containing the Mollie information.

## CHAPTER XVI.

## The Night of Many Surprises.

WELL, they'll never hear me call that, when they're around," was Corliss' reply. He arose, took his hat and walking stick, and as he reached the doorway he looked at Mollie's exquisite profile. Despite his years of hard knocks with harder people, at times, Benjamin Corliss was glad in his heart that this one girl of the entire office did not regard him as a man in dressing was so simple.

The advantage of handsome, even flashy looking, girls was one which an expert stock operator like Corliss regarded as even more capital than mahogany furniture in the office of the company . . . which is, saying much.

But the strange old garden sweetness of this small town girl was a new element in his life. She had spurred new emotions, and here for the first time as long as he could remember he was actually ashamed of himself.

He laughed, in a queer throaty way, which caused Mollie Mayhew to look up at him subtly. He was regarding her with a soft light in his brown eyes, so different from the expression which had so terrified her less than an hour before.

To her astonishment Mollie imagined that she saw the tiny beginning of tears in his eyes, and she just as swiftly as she had raised her eyes. This was a new sensation.

"You—you wouldn't like to show me your forgiveness by running out tonight to a little quiet dinner would you?" he stammered to her utter amazement. "I don't mean one of those rowdy places where that stupid Sanford took you . . . No wonder it ended in a fracas. Even I know nice places, Miss Mollie, where very charming ladies and gentlemen dine to the melody of classic music, instead of jazz."

Mollie did not answer. There was something so indescribably changed in this minute that she stammered for a negative.

"It would be very nice if you could come," and there was a respectful pleading in his voice. "But I know you'll say no, after this scene this afternoon. . . . However, I'll be frank, if you'll tell me the truth. . . . I am certainly glad that Sterling Sanford is gone. He is really a very fine fellow, I'm sure; as an engineer he is the brightest man I've seen, and I've heard lots about him. But he's just in too big a rush to dig this mine. To be very truthful to our private secretary, Phil Blythe, and I—and I guess you, too—need a little rest in that deserted mine. I've sold so much mining stock that I don't put much more faith in them than I do in Santa Claus."

Mollie was only half acting a part now. There was unmistakably a great deal to like about Benjamin Corliss, no matter what any one could or would say against him.

She laughed to her own surprise. "Well, I've got to be frank, you're not believe in it, but Mr. Sanford does. Why not give this first mine you start on a name that may do some good. Call it the Santa Claus gold mine! You know, I believe in Santa Claus myself, to a big extent, even though I know his whiskers are false. You must remember that his heart is gold—gold, I do hope the mine's heart is gold, too."

Corliss stared at her, his eyes half closed for an instant. The business instinct aroused.

"By George, Miss Mollie, that's a wonderful slogan! The Santa Claus Mine—his whiskers may be false but his heart is golden! Great! I'll talk to the boys about it—it's not too late to change it for our newspaper advertising! You're a wonder, young lady!"

Mollie flushed. It gave her a little thrill that one of her foolish little thoughts did amount to something worth while to a shrewd business man.

"Well, I'm sorry you won't go. I'm foolish to ask you," and Corliss' face lost its enthusiasm. "But I'll say just this. . . . I did mean exactly what I said in here before that Weldon opened the door. . . . even though I didn't say it in the polite manner."

Mollie's blush mounted to her broad white forehead now. What girl in the world could help but get a bigger thrill from such a speech, so spoken? Even though she knew in her heart that it could

never mean the right speech from the right man, in this case:

"Why . . . just to surprise you I will," she said. "It's very nice of you to invite me . . . and I'd like to see one of the nice places where nice people go. I've not seen much of that since I've been in the city . . . but you please won't talk about the other subject any more, will you?"

Ben Corliss' eyes widened and his winning smile came back.

"Splendid!" he said. "I'll call for you at your house after you have time to rest a little bit. And we'll really have a surprise evening! Well, I'm off to see about getting a big block of stock that I know about. Miss Mollie, I won't be back this afternoon. And by the way, you can leave a little earlier. You must still have a headache from those cocktails old Pop Carver forced on me. I'll promise you I'll have none of our table tonight. And with that remark, which is most unusual for me, I'll leave."

He had opened the door of his private office as he spoke.

Anna Carey was just passing it, on her way to the ice cream stand. She did not leave this remark, but she heard the next one.

"I forgot to say, I'll call for you at seven, in my car. Good-bye." Corliss backed out of the room. He failed to see the delighted smile on the face of Anna Carey, who forgot her thirst to get back the quicker to her desk and whisper it to Gladys.

Corliss did not see her, nor did Mollie. Mollie, however, saw her eyes were observant, as Anna put her fingers across her mouth to choke back her girlish mirth.

Other ears were eager for the secret.

Before Corliss had stepped into the elevator it was a secret no longer.

And as Mollie did leave half an hour before closing time, delighted to have the chance to escape the great multitude of office workers, homeward bound in the jammed cars, a giggle went up from several of the girls.

"Did you ever?" demanded Miss Fitzgibbon when she told Mollie would not step back to overhear this particular comment, as she had done once before. "First she digs the engineer out of the gold mine, and now she captures the president of the corporation. She'll be dangle Mr. Blythe and Mollie, too, on her ribbons by another day."

"Well, girlie," and Gladys grinned at Anna. "I've seen some fast step-dancers in the city, but the kind of country girl must practice marathons from babyhood."

"Yes, and they were all trying to swim the English channel a while ago," put in caustic Miss Fitzgibbon. "The little delicate flower would walk over it!"

The office was very mirthful. Exactly why several of the young ladies of toil seated about did not remember their own glass houses while tossing the pebbles in, and always will be a mystery in most offices!

All the way up to the quiet little lodging house Mollie's mind was troubled with a revelation of feeling. Was she flirting with the flames, as Sanford had warned her not to do? Was it fair, even to Corliss, to share his hospitality and at the same time share the suspicious glances of the other girls in the office? She wondered, even more strongly, if it were fair to do as she had planned with the stock which old Pop Carver told her he would buy from her on the following evening.

She had slipped away with Sterling Sanford once more. Perhaps she was basing her whole scheme on something which would never occur. He was doubtless disgusted thoroughly with her, deeming her a headless, reckless little country town flirt who could not resist the first big temptation.

And if that was the case he would surely never bother to see her again, much less secure those important shares of stock which Corliss was too eager to buy at a bargain.

Here in one hectic day she had done a dozen things that back in Kingsville she had proudly declared she would never do. She had most certainly set out with deliberation to flirt with a horrid old married man. She had caused no end of a rumprum between him and his wife! She had slipped away with him and taken drink after drink!

She had been kissed by her employer, and when he was heavily under the influence of liquor. And then she had seen an office secret to pass on to another man who was virtually attempting to defeat her own employer!

It was a horrible, heart-breaking mess, and as she hurried to the little stoop to the dark vestibule of Mrs. Gregg's room house, the tears began to trickle down her nose in a most provoking manner.

She opened the door with her own key, determined to know how or other she must convince Benjamin Corliss that she was ill and could not go to dinner with him.

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"Just a minute," came a now familiar voice. "Not so fast."

She had started to rush up the stairs, blindly, when the accents of Sanford Sterling fell on her ears.

"You see, I came again to wait and startle you."

She turned around, and tried to find her handkerchief to wipe away the salty tears, which even now seemed burning her lips.

"Oh!" she gasped, startled. "I didn't think you'd ever come again."

Sanford laughed in his big, deep voice with the boyish cadence.

"I always keep my word . . . if I can. I read your little note, learned the address of that man from a friend in the Engineers club, hunted him up, bought the shares of stock for a surprisingly low price, but more than he paid for them. They're in my pocket now, and the shares which I bought for \$300 for you, as I phoned you I would. You're going to make a lot of money, young lady, before long."

He was, meticulously, lighting the lamp in the dark little parlor by this time. Mollie found a mite of a handkerchief and dabbed a bit of powder on her nose behind his back.

"Oh, that was awful in the office," she blurted out, ignoring all thought of stocks and gold mines, in the first great rush of humiliation. "I can't explain it to you now. . . . I feel too badly about it. In fact, I feel like the worst vampire in the world after all I've been through today. But I did not try to be a vampire in the office. Truly I didn't."

Sanford caught her hands impulsively, dropping a big heavy envelope as he did so. He, too, seemed a bit distraught at this rush of news.

"Do you mean to tell me that rascal Corliss was . . . well, fresh, when I happened in? If I'd only known it."

He almost wept at the thought of a lost opportunity to apply Western mining methods to the president of a big city mining corporation.

"I can't tell you now. I feel too badly about it. But it is all right now. I'm glad you got my message at your club and came down. I only wish you'd come a bit sooner. When I'm glad the people have any more trouble in the office than I had."

Rapidly she told him of the opportunity to sell a block of stock to old Pop Carver on the following night. This would be the one she had bought. Then she suggested to Sanford the surprise, that she put the money in his hands so that he could purchase more of the stock, and prevent the control of the vote, shares of the company from falling into the hands of the schemers. His eyes glowed.

"You're a wonderful little city financier, for a girl who grew up in a garden with a white picket fence and lilacs around it!" he cried. "Can't you go out to dinner with me tonight?"

"Oh, I'd love to," Mollie began. Then her conscience smote her at the thought of too much wholesale disloyalty in one day!

"But I can't," she said. "I made an engagement with a friend. And besides, aren't you leaving the city?"

"Not at all. I'm going to stay here three or four days more, play Corliss' own game, have a friend write on a message from the town nearest the mine, signed with my name, saying that I've arrived. Then I'll do a little big game hunting, but stay very much indoors in the city. Can you call me tomorrow at noon at the club?"

"Yes," said Mollie, and her heart sang happily. "I'll have a lot to tell you. I know. Now, I must run up to my room—I've a dreadful headache from this worse than dreadful day."

"I'll see you tomorrow some time, then," he told her. "I wish it were before."

And he had his wish, within two hours. But it was most bitter for both of them.

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VIVIAN VANITY SAYS

Why not start a "Gossip hour" from some broadcasting station? Then all the women would have a real reason for "listening in."

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## WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

Her Pastor.

DEAR Miss McDonald: I am a woman, past 30. Six months ago I met a minister about 40 years old. He came to the city to become the pastor of a church and I went to hear him preach. I liked his preaching and attended his church regularly. He impressed me as being a very fine man and very few men appeal to me. His wife had died about a year before. I liked his appearance very much—always in immaculate dress. And I used to find myself feeling badly when I saw him talking to other women. I did not think about it at the time and at the same time he had his eyes on me, though I did not know it. But can see it now. I caught him several times looking right into my eyes and used to wonder why he did it. I remember one night when he was reading the scriptures, his voice sounded like the sweetest of music to me.

I always attended the prayer-meetings of his church as well. And one night as he shook hands with me I shall never forget the look in his eyes—such a pleading expression. Before that I did not think of any interest on his part for me. Shortly after on another evening when he shook hands with me he held my hand a long time and could without being noticed, conveying a very deep affection in the touch. I returned it by allowing him to hold my hand as long as he wished.

My mother was ill and he came to call the following day late in the afternoon—he was sick and when I was seeing him out he paid me the nicest little compliment as to my loyalty to mother and he was always pleased to see me at the services. This was the last conversation we had. The next week we met unexpectedly in the hall of the church and he said "Hello" in a very natural, pleasant manner. I smiled a little and said "I was afraid I was late and hurried on—she shook hands after meeting and he inquired for mother. This was the last time we spoke to each other. A week later he was married. No! during all this time I found a conflicting condition in myself. Sometimes I thought I liked him and other times I thought I did not. This was the reason I did not encourage him more and answered him as I did not feel well enough acquainted with him. He is a perfect gentleman and I always try to be the lady. I used to wish he would come in to see us, but I never invited him to, so I could not

expect him to come. Yet he might have come. Whenever I encouraged him in any way he always responded. As I said before, But I would think it a very mean thing to encourage him when I was not sure I loved him and then just turn him down. He married a woman with money and it would seem he had everything that could be desired in life. I think he is very well satisfied indeed. I can't help but think I had encouraged him I might have been in her place today. I would have all I would wish to have in marriage, if I were.

Now I would like to have your opinion as to whether you think he really cared for me or not and what it was on my part? Give me your frank opinion of it all. I think the conflicting condition of my feelings was my deepening affection for him. When I heard he was going to be married I know I turned pale as death.

My dear girl, one of the reasons why boys and girls should be sent to coeducational schools is that it prevents in later life such unhappy situations as this. Had you associated freely all your life with the other sex you would know that this clergyman you were just one more woman bearing bravely her cross of care and trouble. Personally he was not interested in the least. Had he been any other way, reason for his not calling upon you.

Be sensible. I get so many letters from women in love with their ministers. And they are usually women like yourself who are intelligent enough to know better. I want you to begin now to go out among people your age and get a little wholesome diversion. Imagine yourself in love with your minister and that he is in love with you. It is decidedly unwholesome. Worse than that—it is downright silly. Usually I ignore letters of such a nature, but in most cases the senseless women have husbands which makes them disgusting instead of pitiable. You are young. You ought to marry. But whether you marry or not, go out and talk and laugh and stop living within yourself.

And presently you won't be hating things. Lots of people do who will be too much occupied with things that are real.

Miss McDonald receives a great many letters. She cannot answer you by mail. Do not ask it unless you are in great distress.

## HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

CITY AND COUNTRY HEALTH.

WITH such conditions the effort to keep the public school system is necessarily low, and it is clear that by diverting to the public health work some of the money appropriated for education, the extent, if not the necessity, of causing all the public schools to be closed for one year in five—a net gain would be realized in the educational results from the public school system.

The man responsible for this opinion is Dr. L. L. Lumsden, of the United States public health service. The conditions he referred to were some instances of 100 per cent infection with hookworm, and others of 40 per cent infection with chronic malaria observed by him in his work for the improvement of the health of people in the United States. The health of the people who live on the farms is still as good, or a little better, than that of the people who live in the cities. But at that, the improvements in rural health have not kept pace with the improvements in city health. The man in the city now is about twice as well off than was the man in the city forty or fifty years ago.

The farmer, his wife and his child have come pretty near standing still in the same period. One reason has been the lack of county health departments. Farmers have county attorneys, county veterinarians, county farm advisers, county sheriffs, clerks and surveyors but they do not have county health officers.

The United States public health service, after years of study in the field, principally under Dr. Munsden, has come to the conclusion that the county is the proper unit for a health department. They believe in it so strongly that Congress gives them about \$75,000 to be used in helping out. The service loans well trained men to the States to get the work of protecting the people started and keeps them on the job until all the beginning trial-and-error period has passed.

In some places the single county method is not best. In the Cape Cod district in Massachusetts a group of ten nearby towns have a single health department serving the collection, and it is working well. The service helps out there. In Georgia, a group of three counties lying side by side have one department for the three. That works well. In some parts of Vir-

ginia they have a district plan which is working nicely. In the present year there were 79 of these co-operating county districts in operation. They served something like 300,000 people. In addition, there were many counties where county and district health departments doing rural work were so well established that they needed no co-operation.

In all, there are now 250 county and district health officers. Ohio is the banner State. In all these counties the State health department, the tuberculosis association, local Red Cross chapters, children's bureaus, infant welfare societies, social hygiene societies, visiting nurses—are all working together.

BLOW YOUR NOSE.

C. K. writes: Lots of people do not know what it means to put one's nose in order.

I find that if I blow my nose before getting on the car I never have to sneeze.

There certainly was a lot of sneezing on the car this morning.

CHILDREN'S SLEEP.

M. E. E. writes: Would like to know how many hours' sleep a child 6 years of age should have.

REPLY.

Twelve.

How you've ever succeeded in business at all.

You're the world's easy mark, you will buy in the dark.

And for any fool salesman you'll readily fall.

If you're needing a hat you just rush through the door—no more.

And take the first thing that they show in the store.

"You are always in haste, and you're horrible taste.

And you'll listen to anything sales people tell.

You don't know how to buy, and you don't even try.

You grab the first thing that the clerk tries to sell.

You rush into a place and you ask for a hat.

The clerk springs a derby. You shout: 'I'll take that!'

"So," observes Dad. "Mitzi has changed to another sports dress," when he sees her dancing. It is the only real activity she has engaged in all day. Mitzi, of course, would not like her bouffant, taffeta gown described thusly. But then, sportswear what they used to be, nor clothes either, mused Dad.

Dad was afraid that Mitzi would take up golf for she said that she was getting dressed for it when she disappeared to change into this white flannel dress with the flairs. She merely meant that she was going to dress to look at the game. That's all that is required of any sports costume.

Dad spends a great deal of his time in observations. Here is Mitzi in a sports costume—that's what she said it was. He doesn't know what sport it's meant for. She's talking and walking, so take your choice. It's pleated, long sleeved, and with a small turnover collar—a smart sports dress, irrespective of its game.

Dear old Dad, completely out of the picture, admires Mitzi in her beach things. The bathing suit is black satin and flowered silk and the cape matches. The youth beside Mitzi is urging her not to go in. Nothing was further from her thoughts!

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To women in the bright  
are of social prominence

## ELIZABETH ARDEN

Venetian Toilet Preparations

Are Indispensable

A morning of intensive shopping . . . an afternoon of engagements . . . two and three appearances calendared for the evening!

The right use of an Arden cream or tonic . . . and a clear, fresh skin is preserved for each demand throughout the long day and evening.

Elizabeth Arden Preparations

Venetian Cleansing Cream.  
Cleanses thoroughly. \$1, \$2, \$3.

Venetian Arden Skin Tonic.  
A gentle bleach and astringent. 85c, \$2, \$3.75.

Venetian Orange Skin Food.  
Rounds out wrinkles and lines. \$1, \$1.75, \$2.75.

Venetian Velva Cream.  
A delicate skin food. Recommended also for a full face, as it nourishes without fattening. \$1, \$2, \$3.

Venetian Muscle Oil.  
For restoring tissues or flabby muscles. \$1, \$2.50.

Elizabeth Arden preparations are always to be found in complete assortment at our Toilet Goods Section.

Jelleff's

1115 F. S. N. W.

## UNCLE RAY'S CORNER

Hannibal Invades Italy

IN the early part of her history, Rome had a rival to think about. The rival was Carthage, which lay near the site of the modern city of Tunis.

Carthage had strong walls, and contained many beautiful buildings.

The fights at sea did not settle the fortunes of the rivals, however. The most important battles were to be fought on land. In the days that Rome was still a republic, the general Hannibal came upon the scene. He was a man of daring thoughts and clever plans. In his heart lay one great hatred, and that hatred was for Rome.







INCREASE IN CALL RATE  
HALTS GAIN IN STOCKS

Motors and Oils React Sharply; Steel Sells Off; Rails Are Firm.

FOOD SHARES IN DEMAND

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, Feb. 1.—The stock market moved off moderately today after banks' calling of loans caused the rates for day-to-day funds to advance to 5 1/2 per cent late in the session. The market had opened strong and gathered strength as the session progressed, with sentiment much more cheerful and confidence in the upward trend greater, but gains were canceled in most instances and probably two score issues registered net losses of from a point to three points or so.

Call loans renewed at 4 1/2 per cent, but the rate was stepped up a full point as an outcome of the further calling of loans by banks who seized upon this as an opportunity to exert pressure and force the list downward.

Motors, which had advanced the furthest earlier in the session, were naturally the principal bargain. But the oils also reacted rather sharply, after having responded in advance to the long-looked-for advance of 25 cents a barrel in the price of crude oil in the Mid-continent field. The volume of business was restricted because of wire trouble. Due to last night's storm, Pools showed an early disposition to resume activity on a larger scale, while those speculators who recently sold stocks were rebuying their former holdings.

For some time there has been steady accumulation of mid-continent petroleum issues by investors and speculators who have realized the position of the industry. The falling off in oil production has necessitated the acquisition of the larger concerns of many of the smaller producing companies. Standard Oil of Indiana has acquired control of Pan-American Petroleum & Transport, and with it the Lago Petroleum Co. of Venezuela. Standard Oil of California probably will absorb Pacific Oil Co. and thereby obtain possession of what is declared one of the largest developed areas of oil-bearing land in the country. The Standard Oil of New Jersey owns a majority of shares of Humble Oil & Refining Co. and is expected to make an offer for the remainder of the stock.

The strength in the motor and oils did not induce a great amount of outside buying in other sections of the list. Steel common continued under quiet pressure and lost 1 1/2 points. Baldwin was inclined to sell near the close, when it slipped nearly two points, closing, however, 1 1/2 points higher. Much of the strength in the issue was attributed to operations by the Durant interests and to their followers.

Railroad shares, while in limited demand, were firm, with Wabash and several other low-priced Western roads the most popular and some of them held in large quantities. Canadian Pacific closed 2 1/2 points higher. C. & O. was in supply, losing 3 1/2 points.

Demand for specialties on the rise, converted to food stocks. Shares wanted were food of companies which are concerned or may be concerned with the merger. Ward Baking B held two points of its improvement. Other merger shares such as Postum, Borden, and Allis Packing were strong. Allied Chemical, Gold Dust, Dupont, Famous Players-Lasky, International Paper and American Zinc preferred were bid up. Railway Steel Spring gained 3 points. Brooklyn Edison was bid up over 5 points and held half its advance.

Outstanding among the strong sugar stocks was South Porto Rican common, which skyrocketed for a net gain of 1 1/2 points.

Foreign exchange was firm, with sterling a shade higher; guilders, up 4, and Swedish kroner, up 3 points, but lire lost a point, and French francs nearly 2 points.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—WHEAT—Spot, easier; No. 1 dark Northern, 1 1/2 f. New York, lake and lake rail, 2.01 1/2; No. 2 hard winter, lake and lake rail, 1.98 1/2; No. 2 mixed durum, 1.95 1/2. CORN—No. 2 yellow, c. 1 f. New York, all rail, 96 1/2; No. 2, do, 97 1/2. OATS—Spot, barely steady; No. 2 white, 52 1/2.

COTTONSEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—COTTONSEED OIL—Prime crude, 5.60; spot, 11.00; March, 11.05; April, 11.10; July, 11.25; September, 11.40.

CHICAGO STOCKS.

(Reported by W. B. Hitt & Co.)

Armour & Co. of Del. pfd.	87			Bid. Asked
Armour & Co. of Del. com.	87	87	97 1/2	
Armour & Co. of Ill. pfd.	87	87	84	
Armour & Co. of Ill. com.	87	87	86 1/2	
Armour & Co. of Kan. pfd.	87	87	89	
Armour & Co. of Kan. com.	87	87	88	
Armour & Co. of Mo. pfd.	87	87	89	
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# ZACHARY AND BALLOU TRADED FOR BUSH AND TOBIN

## Stevens Five At Maryland Tonight

**Hoboken Basketers Undefeated in Four Games This Year.**

**Old Line Team Puts in Final Workouts for Contest.**

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND'S basketers, with eight straight victories to their credit, will have to hustle tonight if they are to keep their state clean, as Stevens, which will be met in Ritchie gym at College Park, has a veteran and powerful aggregation.

In fact, Stevens has won all its four contests this season and, outside of Syracuse, is the only team of note in the Northern section that has not been defeated. Stevens, a technical school, supports only two major sports—basketball and lacrosse—and always turns out a fine quintet.

Maryland beat Stevens last year at Hoboken, 21 to 19, and at College Park, 21 to 7. Stevens is stronger this year. So is Maryland.

HOWEVER, the Stevens game is only one of three barriers that Maryland will have to hurdle during the week if it is to avoid having its march halted. Virginia Poly visits College Park Thursday night and then the Old Lineers go to Charlottesville Saturday to battle Virginia.

Although having had practice greatly curtailed on account of examinations last week, the Maryland tossers are in good trim. They worked out Friday and Saturday and put on the finishing touches for Stevens yesterday afternoon.

Faber and Enzor, forwards; Capt. Supplee, center; Beatty and Cardwell, guards, will start for Maryland, with Boyd, Adams, Linkous, Troxell, Stevens, Whelchel and Woodward as reserves.

**TO PLAY LANE HIGH.** Alexandria, Va., Feb. 1.—The St. Mary's Celtics have scheduled Lane High school, of Charlottesville, Va., Virginia State high school champions of 1924, for a game at Armory hall, February 25.

## Beaten Boxer Objects To Song of Victory by "Singing Dutchman"

LONDON, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Billy Prestage, the Nottingham heavyweight who was knocked out in the second round here by Joop Leit, the "Singing Dutchman," who then treated the spectators to excerpts of grand opera, has protested that the action of his opponent in "crowing over his victory was not exactly manly."

Prestage said he has received numerous letters from prize fight fans who did not like Leit's "Pagliacci," nor his manner, proving that there were other persons present beside himself, who did not enjoy the songs from the ringside.

Prestage pointed out that Jimmy Wilde, the ex-champion, also is a singer, but that he never took advantage of any of his vanished opponents to warble a solo after he had been proclaimed a victor.

## Creavy-Maidt Score In Amateur-Pro Golf

Hot Springs, Ark., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Bill Creavy, professional of the Oklahoma (City) Country club, and H. E. Maidt, a member of the Oklahoma City club, today captured the amateur pro low ball match, opening event of the South Central Golf tournament.

The Oklahomaans won in a one hole play-off this afternoon with John Golden, of Paterson, N. J., and June Colton, Pine Bluff, Ark., amateur, after trying in the 18-hole morning round with a medal score of 68.

The triple tie for third place between Smith and L. D. Cooper, Jr., of Hot Springs, as one pair; Cruickshank and J. A. Dickinson, of Little Rock, as another, and Turnesa and Burleigh Grimes, of Alliance, Ohio, will be settled tomorrow.

## Hawkes Wins Tennis Title of Australia

Adelaide, Australia, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—J. B. Hawkes won the lawn tennis singles championship of Australia today, defeating J. Willard in straight sets in the final match here, 6-1, 6-3, 6-1.

Hawkes also won the doubles championship, defeating J. C. Anderson and Pat O'Hara Wood, 6-1, 6-4, 6-2.

## MIDGETS DENY DEFEAT.

The Washington Barracks Midgets declare they were not defeated by the Shaws yesterday, as reported. The barracks team plays the Aloysius Midgets tonight at 7:30 in the Washington gymnasium.

## School Series To Resume Today

**Western Plays Tech; Central to Meet Business.**

**Rookies Get Chance to Show Wares in Two Games.**

THE public high school championship shingle at the Arcade today reads, "Central vs. Tech." As usual the first game will get under way at 2:15 o'clock with Joe Fitzgerald and "Hobey" O'Mera in charge of the whistles.

Graduations and disappointing marks received by other athletes in the recent exams will have their effect on the personnel of all teams. Practically one or more new faces will be seen in a starting position of all.

Capt. Lynn Woodworth, of Business, was hardest hit of all by examinations, his "big three," Lafsky, Rivers and Ford, receiving diplomas, and he will be obliged to start three newcomers with Evans and May, his two remaining veterans.

The Business mentor indicated last night that his starting combination against the Centralites would be Jones and Artis, forwards, May and Davis, the latter having just become eligible, guards, and Evans, center. The Business coach has no illusions about battling the strong Mount Pleasanters with this team, and the chances are that he will not be surprised.

MOSER and Swift are the only regulars Coach Coggins is sure of starting today. Capt. Mickey MacDonald being on the sidelines with a sprained ankle and the other regulars being on the doubtful list among those who received passing grades in the exams.

Coach Aharn, of Western, is in the same predicament as Coggins. Hearty and Wilson are his sure starters, with the fates of Coombs, McDiarmid and Walker resting upon the result of special examinations which they took yesterday afternoon.

Tech will present only one new player, Ray Johnson, who will supplant the recently graduated Rouns at center. Johnson just became eligible by having successfully made the required marks in his studies.

## Rumor Says Price Will Be Calif. Coach

Berkeley, Calif., Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Persistent reports have it that Clarence M. ("Nibs") Price will succeed the late "Andy" Smith as football coach at the University of California. Price was Smith's first assistant since 1920.

The athletic council is reported to have approved a recommendation naming Price as the new coach. Final word in the selecting rests with the executive committee of the associated students, which will meet Wednesday.

## Henry Waters, Pro Here in 1907, Dead

Lafayette, Pa., Feb. 1.—Henry Waters, 35, believed to have been a former golf professional and a maker of golf clubs, who, for the last four months was employed as a laborer for the John F. Casey Construction Co., at Bradenville, died in the Lafayette hospital at 2 o'clock this afternoon of pneumonia.

According to Superintendent G. A. Malarkey, of the construction company, Waters went to Bradenville from New Florence four months ago. He refused to discuss his past and seldom associated with his fellow workmen. Waters possessed a wonderful tenor voice and would amuse his comrades by singing Scottish songs during lunch hour, Malarkey said.

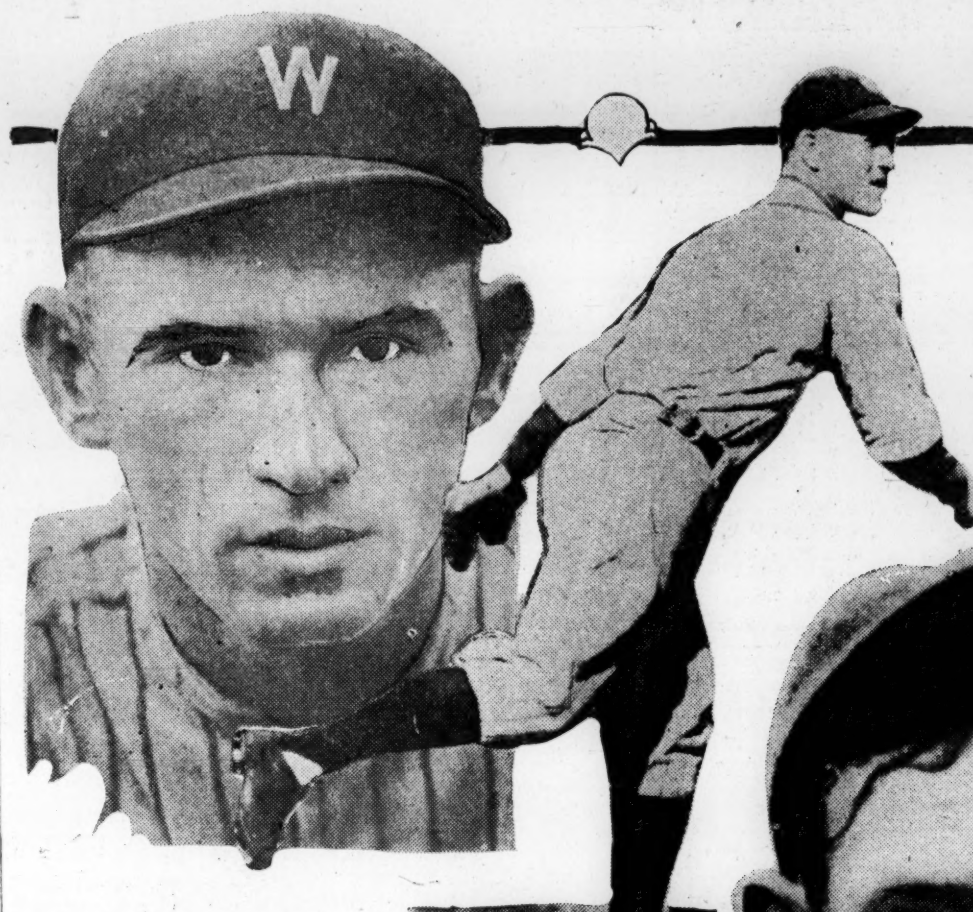
Waters' father is said to reside at 24 North street, St. Andrews, Scotland, and friends here are trying to locate relatives in this country.

Veteran golfers in Washington remember Henry Waters as a former professional at the old Columbia club in 1907, when the course was situated in Brightwood in close proximity to Soldiers' Home. A brother of Waters, Lafayette Waters, is a well-known professional at St. Andrews, Scotland.

## You've turned to Studebaker trade for one to-day

See the PEERLESS at Place AUTOSHOW

RED SOX PICK THREE. Rhmke, Ruffing and Wingo are expected to be the "Big Three" of the Red Sox pitching staff.



## JOE STECHER BEATS GIANT RUSSIAN

**Fatal Scissors Hold Is Winning Weapon in 1 Hour, 38 Mins.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Joe Stecher's famed scissors hold tonight retained for him the world's wrestling championship when he defeated the hitherto untorn Ivan Poddubny, giant Russian wrestler, in 1 hour 38 minutes and 47 seconds before one of the largest crowds that ever jammed the Seventy-first Regiment armory. Thousands were turned away.

Stecher won by wearing Poddubny down after the first hour of wrestling. Shortly before his shoulders touched the mat Poddubny was close to utter exhaustion and was puffing badly. At that time Stecher was not exerting himself unduly, but waiting cat-like for the opportune moment to fasten his deadly scissors grip around the Russian's waist.

Poddubny proved beyond doubt that he is possessed of great strength. Lack of the wrestling finesse that Stecher possessed proved his undoing after Stecher had eluded his efforts of brute strength and seized his opportunity for victory.

SHORTLY before the end the champion threw Poddubny to the mat and sat astride him. At that time he secured his scissors hold, but Poddubny clenched the vast crowd by tearing his opponent's legs apart by main strength.

Undaunted, Stecher secured an arm lock on the terrible Poddubny and swung him into another scissors. Holding the scissors, Stecher rapidly gained a bar nelson and wrist lock on his near-exhausted rival.

Desperately straining to escape from the scissors hold that was forcing him farther and farther from the championship, Poddubny raised his shoulders three times when they were but an iota's distance from the mat. The fourth effort failed and the thousands acclaimed Stecher as the first living man to down Ivan Poddubny.

Joe Thomas Dies; Met Ketchel in Four Bouts

Boston, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Joe Thomas, former pugilist, who fought the leaders in both the welterweight and middleweight classes, died today at the Boston City hospital, after an operation for stomach trouble. He fought 32 rounds with Stanley Ketchel, then middleweight champion, the referee stopping the fight after Thomas had been knocked down eleven times and Ketchel had been sent to the mat seven times. Thomas fought three other battles with Ketchel. He defeated Honey Melody.

Thomas, whose real name was Joseph Dally, was born in Beverly, 39 years ago. His parents went to California when he was 2 years old and he remained there until after he had begun his ring career, when he returned East. He is survived by his wife and one son.

PULLMAN PLAYS TONIGHT. Pullman and Chardon Baptist quintets will battle tonight at 7:30 on the Terminal Y. M. C. A. floor. The manager of the Pullmans is booking contests at Main 7380, branch 171.

HERMAN KNOCKS OUT DATTO IN FINAL ROUND

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Babe Herman, New York featherweight, knocked out Johnny Datto, Cleveland, in the final round of a furious twelve-round bout here tonight. Herman floored Datto as the bell ended the eleventh round and tore into his opponent at the start of the twelfth, finishing him in 35 seconds.

## HELEN WILLS WINS GALLIA TOURNEY

**Mlle. Contoslovos Is Beaten in Finals, 6-3, 6-2.**

CANNES, France, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Helen Wills, America's woman tennis champion, emerged victorious today from her second Riviera tournament by defeating Mlle. Contoslovos, one of France's ranking stars, in the final round of the Gallia tournament, 6-3, 6-2.

Thus the California girl has met and defeated within the past two weeks, the best women players on the Riviera with the single exception of the great Suzanne Lenglen. Her victory over Mlle. Contoslovos today was her second, in the Metro-pole tournament last week she defeated her, 6-3, 6-4, in the course of her triumphant progress through this event, in the finals of which she won from Mlle. Didi Vlasto.

MISS WILLS played just well enough this morning to win without being extended, but she did not display the spirit marking some of her earlier matches on the Riviera.

The soft lobbying game adopted by her opponent in the first set appeared to worry the American champion, while she was also bothered by Mlle. Contoslovos' insistence on playing an overhead game, in which Miss Wills is not at her strongest.

FIRST SET. Place. Miss Wills, 2; Mlle. Contoslovos, 0. SECOND SET. Miss Wills, 6; Mlle. Contoslovos, 2.

Wills, Lenglen to Meet In Nice Mixed Doubles

Nice, France, Feb. 1 (By A. P.). The assurance that Helen Wills and Suzanne Lenglen will meet at the tennis nets for the first time in the Nice tournament which opened today, even if only in the mixed doubles, caused a spirited rush for the box office today.

Mlle. Lenglen and her partner, Baron Heine de Morpurgo, are regarded as certain to reach the finals in the upper half of the mixed doubles draw, in which they are seeded. Miss Wills and C. F. Aeschlimann are seeded in the lower half, where they will meet stiff competition. They must dispose of Mrs. Satterthwaite and the Hon. F. M. B. Fisher and also Mrs. Radcliffe and the veteran Stanley Doust before they reach the finals.

However, little fear is expressed that the American champion and her partner will be eliminated before they meet the Lenglen-De Morpurgo team.

HERMAN KNOCKS OUT DATTO IN FINAL ROUND

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 1 (By A. P.).—Babe Herman, New York featherweight, knocked out Johnny Datto, Cleveland, in the final round of a furious twelve-round bout here tonight. Herman floored Datto as the bell ended the eleventh round and tore into his opponent at the start of the twelfth, finishing him in 35 seconds.

THE banqueting season this year has been unusually lively. There have been



## Banqueting Tourney Tonight

**WAITERS HEAR MR. GOULD May See Records Shattered**

By WESTBROOK PEGLER. NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The best digestions of baseball will meet here tomorrow night in the final and championship round of the national banqueting tournament under the auspices of the National league.

The tournament has been raging since the close of the football season and several new world records have been made, including the great achievement of Tammany Young, the gate crasher film actor, who consumed two plates of standard size championship olives, unassisted, at the banquet of the New York chapter of the Baseball Writers association Sunday night.

Another world record registered at the baseball writers' banquet, the semifinal event of the tournament, was achieved by Bozeman Buiger, the chairman, who got through the evening without permitting James M. Gould, of St. Louis, the president of the association, to make a speech to the 450 entrants.

GOULD was very indignant today, claiming he had been faded by Buiger, who closed the speech-making while Gould was out of the banquet hall, warming up for his heat by reciting his address to the waiters.

"My speech was the best speech that never was delivered," Gould said, rather warmly. "I was going to say, 'My friends, fellow citizens and gentlemen, if any, we are gathered here under the auspices of the Baseball Writers association.'"

"What else did you intend to say in your speech?" this correspondent asked Gould. "I don't know," said the indignant president of the writers' union. "That was as far as they didn't let me go."

Gould will attempt to deliver his address at the banquet of the National league, stating that he spent \$100 to make the trip from St. Louis to New York, and insisting that for \$100 a man ought to be allowed to make a speech. He says that in St. Louis he would have been allowed to speak a long time for \$100.

As an added attraction at the National league banquet, Garry Hermann, of the Cincinnati Reds, will eat an exhibition fathom of wieners, against time, and there will be a duel by Jack Hendricks, also of the Reds, a noted clear-soup alto, and Sid Sutherland, of Chicago, a rich purse basso.

THE banqueting season this year has been unusually lively. There have been

BUCKY HARRIS IS gambling on the player in the center of the photograph below to give Washington the edge in yesterday's trade with the St. Louis Browns. Joe Bush, shown in action, is the pitcher Harris thinks will find new life as a member of the Washington team. Tom Zachary (upper left) and Win Ballou (lower right) go to St. Louis as a result of the deal. Johnny Tobin, the Browns, hard-hitting outfielder, comes along with Bush to the Washington club.

## Bucky Harris Gambling on Veteran

**Browns Get Promising Young Hurler in Straight Swap.**

**Nats Obtain Slugging Outfielder Who Is Slowing Up.**

By FRANK H. YOUNG.

JOSEPH LESLIE BUSH, veteran pitcher and Outfielder Johnnie Tobin yesterday became the property of the Washington Americans, according to announcement made in St. Louis. In exchange, the Harrismen send Pitchers Tom Zachary and Win Ballou to the Mound City.

As is always the case in connection with baseball trades, which team got the better of the bargain will not be known until at least one season has past. On the face of things, it looks as though Manager Harris is gambling on Bullet Joe Bush. He won last season when he took chances on Rubeer and Coveleskie, but whether he drew an ace or a deuce in the most recent deal remains to be seen.

Bush for several years has ranked as one of the best right-handed hurlers in baseball, but his 1925 record was not so good. He participated in 33 games and was credited with a fifty-fifty break in 28 decisions.

HARRIS undoubtedly is basing his faith in Bush on the fact that he was not satisfied in St. Louis and that a change in scenery will give him a new lease on life.

Bullet Joe is now in his thirty-fourth year and has been in baseball since 1912, when the Athletics bought him for \$800 from Missoula, of the Union association. In the winter of 1917 he was traded to Boston, along with Wally Schang, and Amos Strunk, for a bundle of cash, said to be \$50,000, and Greasy Thomas and Kopp. In 1921 Joe Jones and Scott were traded to the Yankees for Peckinpaugh, Quinn Collins and Piercy, New York sending him, Gaston and Gird to St. Louis for Urban Shocker in December, 1924.

Bush's best season was in 1915, when he won 26 games and lost 17, for an average of .758. Way back in 1916, against the Indians, he turned in a no-hit, no-run performance, and Walter Johnson, with a double, prevented him from duplicating the stunt against the Nats last season when he began trying and pitched some fine ball, as soon as it was seen that the Siskies had a chance to pull down three-place money.

According to Manager Harris, he is not counting particularly much on Tobin. Johnny is 33 years of age and slowing up considerably. He still is a good hitter and may come in handy in relief roles. He has spent all of his baseball life in St. Louis except the 1917 season, when he was sent to Salt Lake under option and later was recalled. He stayed as a diamond player with the St. Louis Federal league team in 1913, and three years later became a Brown when the two teams consolidated.

His entire big league career, he has batted .300 or over, his average for last season being .301 for 77 games. This figure representing his efforts in utility roles, for he never considered a regular by Manager Sisler.

Win Ballou probably is the player the Nats will miss. This young

CONTINUED ON EIGHTEENTH PAGE

Don't Forget, Men!

## FLORSHEIM SHOE SALE

Ends Next Saturday!

\$8.85 \$7.85

After that—back to \$10 and \$12

**Hahn SHOES**

Cor. 7th and K Sts. 414 9th 1914-16 233 Pa. St. N.W. Pa. Ave. S.E. "Arcade Shop," 3212-14 14th St.

And "Man's Shop," 14th and G

## Quality Dress Accessories Accessibly Re-Priced

Acquire a new wardrobe of best-quality accessories at the accessible prices that now prevail at this

## Store-Addition Sale

Fancy Pleated and Neglige SHIRTS

Formerly	NOW
3.00	1.85
3.50 & 4	2.45
4.50 & 5	2.95

CAPS HATS

Small Assortment—	Odd Lot—soft and
Were 3.00	derbies that were
95c	5.—8.—12.

Bath Robes, House Coats and Dressing Gowns 1/3 OFF

## All Winter Suits and Overcoats

Formerly 45.—40.—35.	Formerly 60.—55.—50.
28.00	38.00
Formerly 75.—70.—65.	Formerly 80. to 100.
48.00	58.00

Stein-Blochs Included Alterations at Cost

**Sidney West** (INCORPORATED) 14th and G Streets N. W.



JIMMIE'S, 504 1/2 9th St. NW., Near  
HENDERSON'S, Cor. 14th & N. Y. A.







# RADIO PROGRAMS

## LOCAL STATIONS. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2.

Programs Eastern Standard Time.  
NAA—Arlington (435)

10:30 a. m. 3:45 p. m. and  
10:05 p. m.—Weather reports.

WCAP—Chesapeake & Potomac  
Telephone Co. (469)

6:45 to 7:45 a. m.—Tower  
health exercises.

11:15 a. m.—Arlington time sig-  
nals.

12 noon—Organ recital and  
Breskin ensemble trio, Wynema  
McKinley, contralto.

1 p. m.—Irving Boernstein's Hotel  
Washington orchestra.

6:45 p. m.—Market summary.

7 p. m.—"Show Shopping," by  
Leonard Hall, dramatic editor of  
the News.

7:30 p. m.—"Economic Factors  
in International Relations," by Dr.  
Edmund A. Walsh, regent of the  
school of foreign service, George-  
town university.

7:50 p. m.—U. S. Marine Band  
orchestra.

8:30 p. m.—New York Edison  
hour.

9:30 p. m.—"Glimpses of the  
Guineas," by Eugene S. Gregg,  
chief of the transportation division  
of the Department of Commerce.

9:45 p. m.—Katherine Flockner  
Cullen, pianist.

10 p. m.—The Grand Tour—  
Northern Spain.

10:30 p. m.—W. Spencer Tup-  
man's Hotel Mayflower orchestra.

WMAL—Leese Radio Co. (213)

7 p. m.—Automobile Show or-  
chestra.

7:30 p. m.—"Beauty on Four  
Wheels," Stanley Horner, president  
Washington Automobile Trade as-  
sociation.

7:40 p. m.—"How the B. & O.  
Advertises Washington," by Col. W.  
B. Shipley, assistant general pas-  
senger agent of the Baltimore &  
Ohio Railroad.

7:50 p. m.—"Good Credit, the  
Bulwark of Mankind," by Stephen  
Talke, secretary, Associated Retail  
Credit Men.

8 p. m.—"Truth in Advertising,"  
by Louis Rothschild, director better  
business bureau.

WRHF—Hospital Fund (256)

11 a. m.—News.

11:30 a. m.—Police reports.

DISTANT STATIONS.

KDKA—Pittsburgh (309)

12 noon—Weather forecast.

4:20 p. m.—Close of the Chicago  
grain market.

6:30 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—News items.

8:15 p. m.—Address.

9 p. m.—Opera hour.

9:55 p. m.—Line signals.

11:35 p. m.—Concert.

KFI—Los Angeles (467)

8:30 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continu-  
ous program.

KOI—Denver (325)

8 p. m.—Stokey.

8:30 p. m.—Concert.

9:30 p. m.—Question box.

KTHS—Hot Springs, Ark. (375)

10 to 11 p. m.—Orchestra.

KVW—Chicago (536)

6 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WAHG—New York (316)

7:30 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WAH—Columbus (204)

6 to 7 p. m.—Orchestra.

WBHM—Chicago (226)

5 p. m.—Orchestra.

7 p. m.—Chimes.

WBOQ—New York (236)

9:30 p. m.—Annual dinner New  
England society, Dr. Edward E.  
Hicks, president, Hotel Bossert,  
Brooklyn. Speakers: Sir Esme  
Howard, British Ambassador to the  
United States, and Dr. John Grier  
Hibben, president Princeton uni-  
versity.

## Eczema

quickly yields to Resinol

No matter how long you have been tortured or disfigured by itching, burning, raw or scaly skin trouble, just put a little soothing Resinol Ointment on the irritated spots and see if the suffering does not stop right there! Healing usually begins at once and the skin gets well quickly and easily.

At all drug stores.

**Resinol**

COLDS THAT DEVELOP INTO PNEUMONIA

Persistent coughs and colds lead to serious trouble. You can stop them now with Creomulsion, an emulsified creosote that is pleasant to take. Creomulsion is a new medical discovery with two-fold action: It soothes and heals the inflamed membranes and inhibits germ growth.

Of all known drugs, creosote is recognized by high medical authorities as one of the greatest healing agencies for persistent coughs and colds and other forms of throat troubles. Creomulsion contains, in addition to creosote, other healing elements which soothe and heal the inflamed membranes and stop the irritation and inflammation while the creosote goes on to the stomach, is absorbed into the blood, attacks the seat of the trouble and checks the growth of the germs.

Creomulsion is guaranteed satisfactory in the treatment of persistent coughs and colds, bronchitis, asthma, bronchitis and other forms of respiratory diseases, and is excellent for building up the system after colds or flu. Money refunded if any cough or cold is not relieved after taking according to directions. Ask your druggist. Creomulsion Company, Atlanta, Ga.—Adv.

## OTTO WATT

By Barrie Payne



(Copyright, 1926, Associated Editors, Inc.)

WCAU—Philadelphia (278)

8 to 10 p. m.—Continuous pro-  
gram.

WCX—Detroit (517)

7 p. m.—Ensemble.

9 p. m.—Studio.

11 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Club.

WEAF—New York (482)

6 p. m.—Dinner music.

7 p. m.—French.

7:10 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WBZ—Springfield (233)

6:25 to 10 p. m.—Program.

WCAO—Baltimore (275)

Silent.

WENR—Chicago (266)

7 p. m.—Concert.

9 p. m.—Popular music.

WFBM—Altoona, Pa. (274)

6:30 to 11:15 p. m.—Music and  
talks.

WFRH—New York (273)

5 to 11:30 p. m.—Continuous.

WFLI—Syracuse (252)

6:15 p. m.—Talk.

7:15 p. m.—Talk.

7:25 p. m.—Uncle Dick.

9:30 to 10:30 p. m.—Revue.

WFI—Philadelphia (395)

1 to 10:30 p. m.—Hourly.

WGBS—New York (316)

3 to 8:20 p. m.—Hourly pro-  
gram.

8:20 p. m.—Hammerstein's op-  
era, "The Song of Flame."

WHAM—Rochester, N. Y. (278)

7 to 7:45 p. m.—Program.

WGHZ—Clearwater, Fla. (266)

8:30 to 10:30 p. m.—Continuous.

WIP—Philadelphia (508)

1 to 7 p. m.—Hourly program.

WGR—Buffalo, N. Y. (319)

6:30 to 8 p. m.—Continuous.

8 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WGY—Schenectady (380)

6:30 p. m.—Dinner.

7:30 p. m.—Address.

7:45 p. m.—Marine band.

8:30 p. m.—Edison hour.

10 p. m.—Spain.

10:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

WHAR—Atlantic City (275)

2 p. m.—Trio.

7:30 p. m.—Lecture.

8 p. m.—Trio.

11:15 p. m.—Organ.

WHO—Des Moines (326)

8:30 p. m.—Vocal.

12 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Orchestra.

WHT—Chicago (256)

6 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continuous.

WJJD—Mooseheart, Ill. (370)

7 to 8 p. m.—Instrumental hour.

9 to 10 p. m.—Children's hour.

11 to 12 p. m.—Settin' up hour.

1:30 a. m.—Dance.

WJR—Detroit (517)

8 p. m.—Orchestra.

8:30 p. m.—Dance.

9 p. m.—Concert.

10 p. m.—Students.

WJZ—New York (455)

7:30 p. m.—Band.

10:30 p. m.—Orchestra.

WKRC—Cincinnati (422)

11 p. m.—Dance music.

12 p. m.—Quartet.

WLIT—Philadelphia (395)

1 to 7:50 p. m.—Hourly pro-  
gram.

WLW—Cincinnati (422)

6:50 to 10 p. m.—Continuous  
program.

WMAK—Buffalo (266)

7:15 p. m.—News.

WMAQ—Chicago (448)

6 to 9:55 p. m.—Continuous.

WMCA—New York (341)

6 to 11:30 p. m.—Program.

WOK—Chicago (217)

6 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continuous.

WOR—Newark, N. J. (405)

5 to 7:10 p. m.—Hourly pro-  
gram.

WPG—Atlantic City (300)

6:30 p. m.—News flashes.

6:45 p. m.—Organ recital.

7 p. m.—Magazine review.

7:20 p. m.—Dinner music.

8 p. m.—Fashion flashes.

8:15 p. m.—Plaza Hotel artists.

9 p. m.—Hall Dual trio.

10 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

10:30 p. m.—Piano recital.

11 p. m.—Silver Slipper Supper  
club.

WQJ—Chicago (448)

11 p. m. to 3 a. m.—Orchestra.

WREO—Lansing (286)

6 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—Game.

9:15 p. m.—Band.

WSAI—Cincinnati (320)

7 to 10 p. m.—Hourly.

WTAM—Cleveland (389)

6 to 7 p. m.—Music.

WWJ—Detroit (353)

6 p. m.—Concert.

8 p. m.—Orchestra.

## THE GUMPS

(Copyright, 1926, by the Chicago Tribune.)  
By SIDNEY SMITH.

SPRINKLED BY THE  
WATER OF LOVE  
AND KINDNESS  
THE DROOPING ROSE  
BEGINS TO  
BLOOM—  
ANEW—



SLOWLY THE ROSES BEGIN TO CREEP  
BACK TO THE WIDOW'S PALE  
WAN CHEEKS—THE KINDLY CARE  
THE GUMPS PROVIDED COMBINED WITH  
THE KNOWLEDGE THAT UNCLE BIM IS  
LIABLE TO SUCCEED TO THE DANGEROUS  
WILES OF THE WOMAN HE KNOWS AS  
PRUDENCE CHURCH ACT AS A TONIC  
TO HASTEN HER  
RECOVERY—



TODAY SHE SAT UP FOR THE FIRST TIME  
AND CALLED FOR ALL THE TOILET ACCESSORIES  
SO DEAR TO THE FEMININE HEART—FORGETTING  
HER OWN TROUBLES SHE RESOLVES TO USE EVERY  
EFFORT TO TURN UNCLE BIM FROM THE  
PATH THAT LEADS TO PRUDENCE CHURCH  
AND DESTRUCTION—



## She Shall Not Pass

(Copyright, 1926, by the Chicago Tribune.)  
By SIDNEY SMITH.

HE MUST BE SAVED IN SPITE  
OF HIMSELF—IF HE MARRIES  
THAT WOMAN SHE WILL  
BREAK HIS GREAT BIG TENDER  
HEART BEFORE THE HONEYMOON  
IS OVER—HE NEEDS A WOMANLY  
WOMAN, A WARM HEARTED  
LOVING MATE WHO CAN  
UNDERSTAND AND APPRECIATE  
HIS GREATNESS—POOR, DEAR,  
GENEROUS OLD BIMBO—



## MINUTE MOVIES

### FOLLYWOOD FILMINGS

NEWS OF, ABOUT,  
CONCERNING, AND  
PERTAINING TO ED  
WHEELAN'S STARS

THE FAN'S SEEMED TO  
THINK THAT HAZEL DEARIE  
GAVE THE BEST PER-  
FORMANCES DURING  
1925, ESPECIALLY IN  
THE RECENT "HAZARDS  
OF HAZEL" SERIAL.  
THE PHANTOM FIEND



HERE WE SEE  
DIRECTOR ART  
HOKUM PRE-  
SENTING HER  
WITH THE HANDSOME  
PRIZE-  
WINNING  
LOVING-  
CUP

FOR FILMLAND'S  
FAIREST FLOWER!  
SPEECH-  
SPEECH

—AND I SHALL ENDEAVOR  
ALWAYS TO GIVE MY PUB-  
LIC BIGGER AND  
BETTER PER-  
FORMANCES!  
MISS DEARIE  
RESPONDS

By Ed Wheelan

IF YOU HAVE  
A GOOD  
SCENARIO  
FOR  
DYNAMO,  
SEND IT IN  
HOW DO YOU  
LIKE HIM?



CAN YOU IMAGINE  
BEING BITTEN BY  
AN ALLIGATOR?  
THAT'S WHAT  
HAPPENED TO RALPH  
MCSNEER DURING  
THE FILMING OF THE  
EXCITING SERIAL  
WHICH WILL BE RELEASED  
HERE NEXT WEEK

YOU'LL BE O.K.—IT'S  
NOT SERIOUS,  
RALPH!

BLANCHE  
ROUGE  
MAKES A  
PERSONAL  
APPEARANCE  
IN COSTUME  
DURING THE  
SHOWING OF THE  
ALASKAN SERIAL

FANS, BE ON THE  
LOOKOUT FOR THE  
SENSATIONAL SERIAL  
STARTING HERE  
NEXT WEEK—IT'S  
A THRILLER!

2-2

## GASOLINE ALLEY

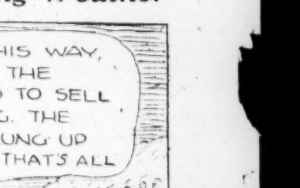
NOW YOU AN' MRS. BLOSSOM  
HAVE GOT IT ALL FIXED UP.  
WALT, YOU WANT TO NAIL  
DOWN A PLACE IN THE  
SUNSHINE DOWN HERE  
IN FLORIDA

JUST THE SAME YOU'LL  
NEED A PLACE TO LIGHT.  
HERE'S A LOT—FRONT  
ON THE CANAL, REAR  
ON THE BOULEVARD  
TIE YOUR YACHT ON  
ONE END, PARK YOUR  
ROLLS-NOISY ON  
THE OTHER.

IT'S PROSPECTIVE, WALT.  
HERE'S ONE RIGHT NEAR THE  
16TH GREEN OF THE NEW  
GOLF COURSE. WHY THE GOLF  
BALL CONCESSION ON THIS  
LOT WILL PAY YOUR TAXES.

SQUINT  
YOU'VE GOT  
ME LOST!  
YOU'RE  
TAKING  
ME OUT  
A NEW  
WAY!

NO WE CAME IN THIS WAY,  
WALT. THESE ARE THE  
FIRST LOTS I TRIED TO SELL  
YOU THIS MORNING. THE  
HOUSES HAVE SPRUNG UP  
SINCE, THAT'S ALL



Growing Weather

## YOU KNOW ME AL—The Adventures of Jack Keefe

SAY, JOE, THIS  
GUY IN THERE  
SHOULD OUGHT  
TO KNOW WHERE  
THE CANARY  
ISLANDS IS. I'M  
GOIN' IN AND  
AST HIM—

WELL, LISTEN:  
DON'T LET HIM  
THINK YOU JUST  
WENT IN TO ASK  
HIM THAT—TALK  
TO HIM A COUPLE  
OF MINUTES LIKE  
YOU WAS GOIN'  
TO BUY SOME-  
THIN'.

YES, SIR—  
WHAT  
WILL  
YOU  
HAVE?

WHY, CERTAINLY—  
THE CANARY ISLANDS  
LAY RIGHT OFF THE  
NORTH WEST COAST  
OF AFRICA—

YEAH Y—  
I'VE BEEN  
TRYIN' TO FIND  
THAT OUT ALL  
OVER BUT  
EVERYBODY I  
AST WAS SO DUMB  
THEY COULDN'T  
TELL ME.

WELL,  
WHAT  
ELSE DO  
YOU KNOW?  
HA Y  
HA Y  
HA Y



STRENGTH IS RETAINED  
BY GOVERNMENT BONDSTighter Money Conditions  
Restrain General List;  
Tractions Halt Gains.

## "NEGLECTED" ISSUES RISE

New York, Feb. 1 (By the Associated Press).—Tighter money conditions imposed some restraint on bond trading today but failed to hamper United States or foreign government obligations, the strength of which gave the market a firm appearance. Profit taking succeeded the recent speculative operations in traction and oil lines but fresh buying developed for other public utilities, industrials and rails.

Virtually all of the United States government bonds duplicated or eclipsed their previous high records for 1926. Buying of these issues reflected the growing tendency of institutions to building up their holdings of high grade securities. Renewed interest also was shown in foreign obligations, several of which sold at new peak prices. Coincident with the sterling approach to par, both the United Kingdom 5 per cent issues rose to the highest level of the year, as did German 7 1/2 and Czechoslovakian 7 1/2.

Reading's sales halted the advance in local traction lines, which was the feature of last week's trading. Most of these gains were materially reduced today and losses of 1 to 2 points also were recorded by Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad, Seaboard adjustment, Sinclair Oil 6s and New York Westchester & Boston 4 1/2s.

As buying interest in recent favorites waned the attention of investors was turned to issues which had been neglected. Southern Railway 6 1/2s, New Haven convertible 6s and Erie general 4s were active in the rail group and other bonds which joined in the upward movement included New England Telephone 5s, Bell Telephone of Pennsylvania 5s, Virginia-Carolina issues, Eastern Sugar 7 1/2s, South Porto Rico Sugar 7s, Dole Packing 6s and Dominion Iron & Steel 5s. The ease with which the investment market absorbed the heaviest volume of January financing in history has led bankers to prepare for several other large flotations. New York City is expected to invite bids soon on a \$7,500,000 bond issue to retire coupon stock, but bankers so far have not been advised of the details. A \$15,000,000 loan for a German steel company also is understood to be under negotiations. Public offering will be made tomorrow of \$7,800,000 4 1/2 per cent equipment notes for the St. Louis-San Francisco Railroad at prices to yield from 4 1/2 to 4 3/4 per cent. Later in the week \$7,500,000 6 1/2 per cent debentures of the Standard Gas & Electric Co. will be placed on the market.

## BALTIMORE SECURITIES.

Baltimore, Feb. 1.  
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## BY ALEXANDER DUMAS

By Wheeler-Nicholson



SALE

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

The Post

THE BARGAIN COUNTER

CRODRIERY by machine and hand done by

**POWER PROOF PRESS**—Wesel 12-inch bed, equipped for 1/4 h. p. motor. Used, but in good condition. An exceptional piece of equipment for a job plant at a highly attractive price. See Mr. Wiley, Washington Post.

**BASS BED**, spring and mattress; pressing rubber couch, two rugs, 9 by 12; no drawers, columns \$120.

**DINING TABLE**, Mahogany, 46 inches high at 23 inches wide; suitable for living room; office; \$45, call after 6 p. m., North 43.

**WINDOW SHADES**

**BEST QUALITY OF OPAQUE SHADES**  
\$1.50 up. Elusive Good quality opaques fitted our windows, 85c. We will call with sample Line, 879.

**Seeblatt's, 11th & H Sts. N. E.**  
and it

**MISCELLANEOUS WANTED**

**ANYTHING WILL call for my unexploited automobile, city suburbs and pay highest prices for ladies' garments.**

needed clothing of all descriptions; ad-  
 dress postal or phone; will call. W.  
 414 7th st. Tel. 6-10-05. 10-12-36  
 I.L. exchange your graphophone records  
 and piano rolls, 10c each. 797 G st.  
 ja27-17  
 FOUR JEWELRY letters, stamp collections, and  
 other jewelry bought. Charles Koenig 404  
 34th st. Main 5818.  
 fe5  
 NOTHING—(Men's outfit only): convert them  
 into cash; we pay the best prices of anyone  
 in the city; our rate will call any time. (ail  
 414 7th st. Tel. 6-10-05. 10-12-36  
 G can realize more money for your furni-  
 ture or other merchandise by calling the  
 BUY, Main 3009. 1-1-37  
 fe5  
 "Sole ladies', men's, children's clothing;  
 also household goods. Main 5878. 14-30-36  
 Old, Silver, Watches, Diamonds

**CLINGER'S**  
and heavily needed in our city. Sept.  
Furnishings. Full cash value paid.  
818 F STREET.

**FURNISHED ROOMS**

**IRVING ST. N.W.**—Attractive front rooms, windows, southern exposure, semiprivate with same floor; gentlemen. (Col. 4651).  
2.4.6

**W. H. AND VARNUM STS.**—Delightful front room, private bath, new home, nicely furnished. Adams 1781. 1550 F. Room at 4.

**D. H. ST. N.W.**—One single and one double room, southern exposure 23 floor, new bath. R. 9054.  
4

I want roommate. Call Franklin 3777. 4

**DMS (2)**—Furnished; housekeeping; near (2nd); \$8 weekly; no car; no children.

0 ROOMS—Large, newly papered rooms; furnished; housekeeping; \$8 weekly; room and kitchenette; \$7. 618 THIR ST. n. w. 3

2 ROOMS (2)—Large, newly papered rooms; furnished; housekeeping; \$3 weekly; room and kitchenette; \$7. 604 THIR ST. n. w. 3

12TH ST. NW.—Single room, well furnished; heating water; a. m. l. reasonable. 3

N ST. NW.—Handsome furnished room; hot water; electric lights; refrigerator; phone; another room with running hot and cold water; garage; owner. 3

FIFTEENTH ST.—Second-floor front room; tile; well heated; choice location; private bath; gentlemen or couple. North 2923 W. 3

EAST CAPITOL ST.—One room; next to bath. 3

223 ST. NW. Housekeeping; 2 rooms,  
25 cents; completely equipped. 3

2 1/2 17TH ST. NW. Four rooms, on parlor  
floor; housekeeping; electricity, hot-water  
heat; reasonable. 3

OTT CIRCLE (1521 Rhode Island). Single  
room, private bath; transients. 2

POSITIVE Mayflower; exceptionally pleasant,  
attractive front room; excellent service,  
high class. 1717 De Sales st. nw. 6

PORTUNITY delightful, richly furnished,  
comfortable front room; fireplace; house ex-  
ceptionally clean. 1626 17th st. nw. 3

2 1/2 10TH ST. NW. Comfortable room, near  
center; \$18 per month; gentlemen. 6

ARIZONA HOTEL, 310 G ST. NW.—Neatly  
furn. rooms, \$5 week and up; transients, \$1.  
3

INVESTIGATED ROOMS, APTS. (no charge for locating). Washington Service Bureau, 105 District National Bank Bldg., M. 2133, no-lf-1

1. ST. NW. Three communicating rooms, 1st floor, with private bath attached; transients; Main 2009. 2

1011 ST. NW. Two clean rooms, kitchen, sink, gas range, electricity; reasonable. 2

D K ST. NW. Downtown; 2d floor front, fully furnished. F. 772. 4

**CAPITOL HOTEL**  
New location, 329 Pa. ave. n. clean, yes; hot water and hot-water heat only. Phone Fr. 4360. fe.3

**GEORGETOWN**—Three housekeeping rooms, 8, n. l.; heated; \$35.00. North 1257.

**ROOMS WITH BOARD**

10 nicely furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; refined home. Frank 654, heaven 9 and 3.

**YOUNG LADY** of refinement, in private home, nice neighborhood. Please call Adams 352.

**LARGE** double room in a well-appointed home; twin beds; good cooking. 1408 Chapin st. av. (Co. 3381).

**NEAR HARVARD ST.** W. Warm, bay-window room; choice food; reasonable.

**SEVERAL** rooms with board; home cooking; nice atmosphere; also table boarders. 116 W. 82nd W.

**PRIVILEGED** Jewish home; northwest section; double rooms; best of table board. Co. 165.

**WHERE TO STOP**  
**THE HIGHLANDS**  
 100 N. STREET, AVE. & CALIFORNIA ST.  
 furnished and unfurnished housekeeping and  
 housekeeping apartments by the year,  
 month or day; transients accommodated.  
 Phone 2-2000

**THE SOUTHERN CLUB**  
 1701 MASS. AVE.  
 delicious food appetizingly served. We also  
 please you. Sunday and holiday dinner  
 50c. 5:30 to 7. Dinner, 75c.; breakfast, 50c.  
 Weekly rates. JMS-904

**CAIRO HOTEL**  
 Q. st. between 16th and 17th sts. opp.  
 Monthly rates

rooms and bath, \$125 up.  
rooms and bath, \$175 up.  
rooms and bath, \$200.  
elegantly furnished and beautifully decor-  
ated.







## \$4,000,000 IS ASKED FOR PROJECTS HERE IN DEFICIENCY BILL

Streets, Schools and Walter Reed Hospital Are Largest Items.

## TRAFFIC HEAD'S BUDGET IS REDUCED BY \$2,680

Continued Requests for Western High Provoke Criticism by Madden.

A new procedure in local public utility administration was undertaken yesterday by the public utilities commission in voting to ask Congress to adopt a resolution causing the Washington gas companies to finance an investigation of the value of their properties by the District authorities to the extent of \$50,000.

The commission has under consideration the petition of the companies for a new valuation of their physical property. It was said that the companies had already spent \$80,000, and would spend at least \$200,000 more in preparation of its inventory and other features of the valuation which will present to the commission.

Half this sum was set by the commissioners as the amount that should be available for them to investigate the validity of the companies' claims, which involve possible rate increases above the \$1 per 1,000 cubic feet now charged for gas in the District. This money is not now available, so the commissioners request Congress to direct that the companies stand the expense of a probe in behalf of the public to check on the accuracy of their own investigation, the work to be done by the utilities commission.

**Overhead Wires Authorized.**

The commission authorized the Washington Railway & Electric Co. to install new overhead instead of underground trolley lines in North Capitol street from V street to Michigan avenue, providing that center poles should be removed and ornamental poles at the sides of the street, from which street lamps may be hung, substituted.

February 13, at 10 a. m., was fixed as the time for a public hearing on a petition by certain large taxicab companies asking that the commissioners fix a penalty for the copying of color schemes of their cabs.

Decision on the request for extension of the Woodley road motorbus line in Ordway and Thirtieth streets northwest was delayed for further investigation. This extension is urged by 300 citizens of Richmond Park.

**New 25-Cent Bus Line Denied.**

The Capital Traction Co.'s application for a permit to install a new 25-cent-fare motorbus line from Ordway and Thirtieth streets to Eleventh and D streets northwest was denied.

A safety zone in Connecticut avenue between Upton and Van Ness streets northwest, near the bureau of standards, was ordered abolished.

The Palace Coach Line, Inc., of New Jersey, was granted a permit to enter Washington with a motorbus line from this city to New York.

**CITY BRIEFS.**

A reception and house warming to No. 13 truck company will be given tonight at the truckhouse, Fourteenth street and Florida avenue northeast, at 7:30 o'clock.

The Y. W. C. A. book lovers will meet at the Mount Pleasant library, Sixteenth and Lamont streets northwest, at 8 o'clock tonight.

The Botanical Society of Washington will meet tonight in the Cosmos club assembly hall at 8 o'clock.

The U. S. Marine Band orchestra will give a concert at 7:30 o'clock tonight at the marine barracks.

Otto L. Veerhoff will speak at the Takoma Park Civic club meeting tonight at the Takoma theater ballroom.

Dr. G. W. A. Luckey will speak at the meeting of the Johnson-Powell-Bancroft Parent-Teacher association this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Vincent B. Costello post, American Legion, will meet in the boardroom of the District building tonight at 8 o'clock.

A reception to Gov. Ralph O. Brewster, of Maine, and the members of the Maine-to-Florida pilgrimage, will be given tonight at the Hamilton hotel by the Maine State Society of Washington.

R. B. H. Lyon, of the better business bureau, will speak at noon today at the Ad club's luncheon at the City club.

The U. S. Soldiers' Home orchestra will give a concert in Stanley hall at 5:45 o'clock today.

Columbia Heights Citizens association will meet tonight at St. Stephen's hall, 2017 Fourteenth street, at 8 o'clock.

Representative Stewart Appleby, of New Jersey, will speak at the Clivian club's luncheon at the Lafayette hotel at 12:30 o'clock today.

Maj. James F. Coupal will speak at the Mayflower club luncheon at noon today at 12:45 o'clock in the University club.

**Commerce Chamber Elects Tonight.**

The secretary and treasurer of the Washington Chamber of Commerce will be elected for 1926 at the monthly meeting of the board of directors in the Homer building tonight at 8 o'clock. Chairmen of all of the standing committees also will be appointed by the directors.

## Grand Jury Returns Forty Indictments

The grand jury returned 40 indictments yesterday, 26 of which allege some form of thievery. Most of the others allege nonsupport.

Two of the indictments charge Henry J. Kaufman with grand larceny. Kaufman was brought back recently from Baltimore where he is alleged to have attempted to dispose of an adding machine which one indictment charges he stole from the Franklin school. Thirtieth and K streets northwest. The other indictment against him charges he stole a \$100 microscope from George Washington university. The names of other persons indicted and the charges against them will be found in The Post's daily legal record.

## FOWLER STARTS DRIVE ON CITY SMOKE NUISANCE

Inspectors Assigned to Work for Abatement of Air Pollution Here.

## BLAMES FUEL SITUATION

Dr. William C. Fowler, District health officer, yesterday assigned sanitary inspectors to the work of abating the city's smoke nuisance.

"The smoke situation in Washington this winter is the worst I ever saw," he said. "In view of the scarcity of anthracite and the high prices of substitutes I do not think smoke can be entirely eliminated, but I think the condition of the air can be improved."

"Evidence comes to me from time to time that more care can be exercised by those who fire furnaces. I have wondered if folks are getting careless on the assumption that the health department has suspended enforcement of the smoke law because of the strike."

"Enforcement of the law has not been suspended, although I do not propose to be unreasonable in view of all the circumstances. I am, however, going to insist on diligent efforts to prevent excessive pollution of the air with smoke, soot and cinders."

"It seems to me that advantage is being taken of the fuel situation by manufacturers and others in burning inferior grades of soft coal. My inspectors have been instructed to investigate the quantities of soft coal of good quality available in the city with a view of letting me know whether to accept the excuse of shortage of surplus coal by the owners of smoking chimneys."

## OPEN-FRONT CARS ARE HELD UNLAWFUL

Court of Appeals Rules Railway Company Must Protect Motormen in Bad Weather.

Street cars of the vintage of 1905, or earlier, which are equipped in front with only a wide windshield to protect the motorman from inclement weather, can not be lawfully used when the weather requires additional protection, according to a decision yesterday by the court of appeals in a case appealed by the Washington Railway & Electric Co. from the police court.

The act of Congress of March 3, 1906, required all street railway companies to close in the fronts of their cars. Since then styles in street cars have changed. New street cars were equipped at the factories with front and side glass shields. The railway company had a number of old cars on hand with front shields only and used them in rush hours, the appellate court found.

The public utilities commission objected to the use of such cars and the railway company was prosecuted in police court. The company appealed from a conviction. The conviction is upheld by the appellate court, which decided that the act of March 3, 1906, had not been repealed as alleged by the railway company.

## ENGINEER IS BLAMED FOR HIS OWN DEATH

Mooney Drove Pennsylvania Train at Unlawful Speed, Coroner's Jury Says.

The coroner's jury yesterday returned a verdict of accidental death in the case of John J. Mooney, engineer of the Pennsylvania train that jumped the track on entering the yards of the Washington Terminal Co. Wednesday night. Mooney died Sunday afternoon in the Sibley hospital from burns.

The verdict also stated that the accident occurred while the engineer drove the train into the yards "at an unlawful rate of speed. We believe this to have been accidental, due to carelessness on the part of the deceased."

Robert A. Seay, colored driver of the taxicab in which Samuel Yearwood, of New York, was killed early Sunday when it was struck by fire engine company No. 27, was yesterday bound over for the grand jury by the coroner's jury.

## MARINE ORCHESTRA ON WRC.

Edison Hour Also on Program of Local Station Tonight.

The weekly concert of the Marine Band orchestra, Capt. William H. Stantelmann conducting, will be the principal feature of the program to be broadcast by Station WRC tonight. The concert will also be broadcast by Stations WJZ, New York, and WGY, Schenectady.

Following the concert, WRC will broadcast from New York the weekly Edison hour from 8:30 to 9:30 o'clock. Other portions of WRC's entertainment will be the musical travelogue, "The Grand Tour," which this week visits northern Spain, and an hour of dance music by W. Spencer Tupman's Hotel Mayflower orchestra.

## WAN TRIAL IS TOLD DR. LI HELD HIMSELF AS UNDER SUSPICION

Informed Accused Man So in New York, Detective Kelly Testifies.

## BURLINGAME'S SEARCH REBUKED BY JUSTICE

Testimony of Pullman at First Trial Is Read; Photographs Introduced.

Dr. Kang Li, star witness for the government in Wan murder trial, once believed he was suspected in the Chinese triple murder of 1919, it was testified at the trial yesterday.

Headquarters Detective Edward Kelly, as witness, brought this out. Kelley and Capt. Guy Burlingame found Wan in New York after the murder. They had been accompanied to the metropolis by Dr. Kang Li.

Kelly testified that Burlingame, Li and he had visited Wan in his room and that they had tried to induce him to come to this city to help solve the murder.

"Wan asked Li if he was suspected," Kelly testified, and Li said "yes, and so am I."

Kelly and Capt. Burlingame were the only witnesses of the day, which opened the fourth week of the trial. Parts of the testimony of two of the witnesses, who have died, Maj. Raymond Pullman and Inspector Clifford L. Grant, were read to the jury. The testimony of two Chinese witnesses also was read.

## Burlingame Rebuked.

Justice Wendell P. Stafford, who is trying the case, administered a rebuke to Capt. Burlingame. The police officer told he had searched Wan after the latter had come to Washington "to assist" in solving the murder. Wilton J. Lambert, chief defense counsel, objected.

"He (Wan) was not under arrest and I don't see what right an officer had to search him," said Justice Stafford, in sustaining the objection. "He came here by invitation."

The testimony of Maj. Pullman, which was read by Assistant United States Attorney George D. Horning, Jr., showed that the police chief had thanked Wan for coming from New York.

Wan told him, Maj. Pullman had testified, that Dr. T. T. Wong, one of the murdered Chinese, was his "good friend," and that the other two victims—Ben Sen Wu and C. H. Hsie—also were his friends. Dr. Wong, he said, was in a way, his guardian, as his mother had asked Dr. Wong to look out for him while in this city.

## Two Falsehoods Charged.

Maj. Pullman, the testimony said, had accused Wan of two falsehoods. Wan had said that he had left this city at 8:15 o'clock on the night of the murder, and that he had had dinner with Ben Sen Wu before leaving.

Maj. Pullman, according to the record, had asked Wan if he had tried to cash a \$5,000 check at the Riggs National Bank the morning following the murder, and Wan had answered vehemently in the negative. Other witnesses have testified that it was Wan's brother, Van, who sought to cash the check, which bore the purported signatures of two of the murdered Chinese.

Two photographs of Wan were introduced yesterday. They had been given to Ben Sen Wu by Wan and bore affectionate sentiments penned by the latter.

## Detectives Assemble For First Roll Call

Detectives from the several police stations assembled yesterday in the detective bureau for their first daily roll call at 1 p. m., under the order issued last week. The captains and lieutenants of all the stations accompanied them.

Maj. Edwin B. Hesse, superintendent of police, and Inspectors Charles A. Evans and H. G. Pratt, assistant superintendents, addressed the assembly, describing the new policy of cooperation between the detective bureau and the precincts in detection of crime.

Sergt. C. C. Wise, of the First precinct, was transferred to the bureau to conduct the daily roll call, receive complaints and reports and assign cases for investigation.

## \$50 as License Fee For Plumbers Urged

Increase of the license fee for master plumbers in the District from \$3 to from \$25 to \$50 is sought in a bill introduced in the House yesterday by Chairman Zihlman, of the House District committee. It was introduced at the request of the District commissioners, who contend that the larger fee is charged in virtually all of the States, and that the low fee here deprives the District of approximately \$6,000 revenue annually.

The bill also would slightly tighten the procedure by which a license is obtained.

## PLAY TO BE PRESENTED.

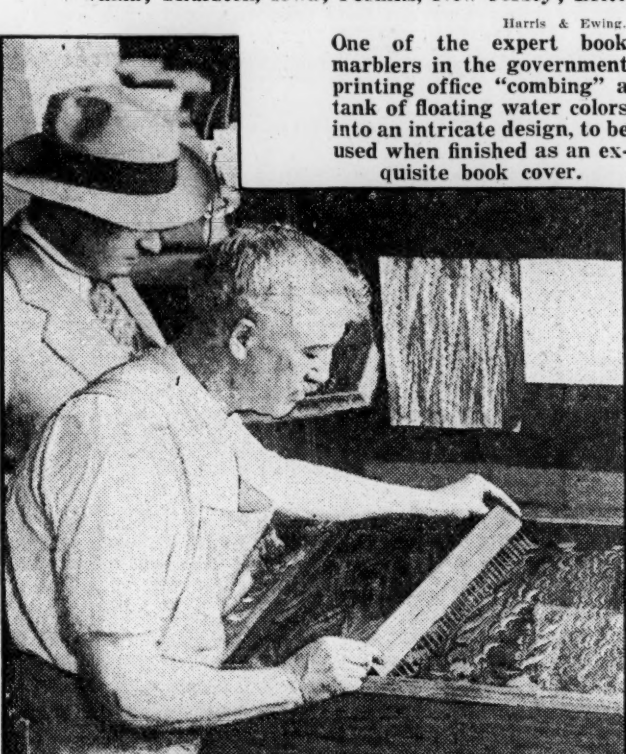
The K. of C. School Players will present "The Passing of the Third Floor Back," by Jerome K. Jerome, under direction of Arthur B. White, at Gonzaga hall, 19 I street northwest, tomorrow night at 8:30 o'clock.

Among those taking part are: Thomas H. McQueeney, Bessie Hills, Mary H. Gillin, Arthur M. Murphy, Louise S. Kelley, Margaret M. Hattigan, Ruth Reynolds, Norrine J. Hennessy, Carroll M. Flynn, William E. O'Brien, Daniel P. Stanton and Harry Kabat.

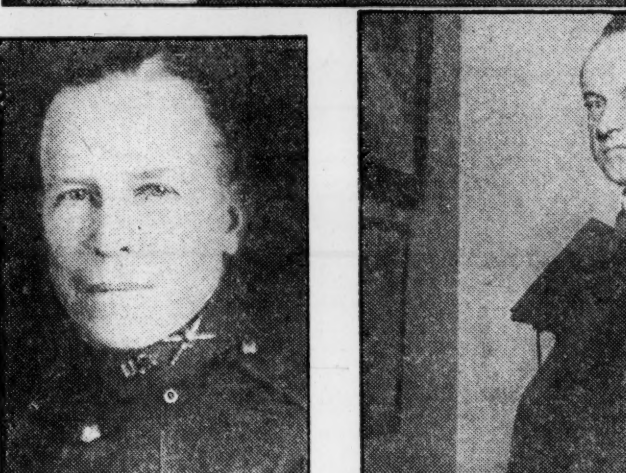
## CAMERA DEPICTS DISTRICT NEWS



The House committee on coinage, weights and measures, which is holding hearings on the Britten bill, calling for the use of the metric system. Left to right: Representatives Wolverton, West Virginia; Fitzgerald, Ohio; Magrady, Pennsylvania; Thurston, Iowa; Perkins, New Jersey; Britten, Illinois; Kemp, Louisiana, and Lowrey, Mississippi.



One of the expert book marblers in the government printing office "combing" a tank of floating water colors into an intricate design, to be used when finished as an exquisite book cover.

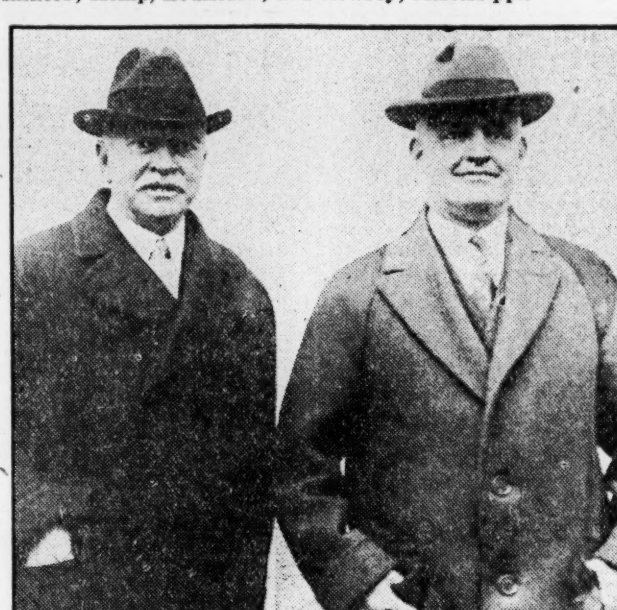


Maj. Gen. Andrew Hero, Jr., who has been appointed chief of the United States coast artillery. Gen. Hero succeeds Maj. Gen. Frank W. Coe, who resigned. He comes to this city from Fort McPherson, Ga.



Only women representatives of the Order of Sons of Italy in America, which is meeting here this week. Left to right: Mrs. C. Santoecia, of Pittsburgh; Miss Louise Tiscer, of Scranton, Pa.; and Mrs. Maria Rossa, of Philadelphia. They were received by President Coolidge at the White House yesterday with other members of the order.

Clarence Darrow, widely known criminal lawyer, appears before the House committee in support of a bill to abolish the death penalty here. Left to right: Representative Sesnowski, of Michigan; Representative McLeod, of Michigan; Representative R. J. Houston, of Delaware; Clarence Darrow and Representative Reid, of Illinois.



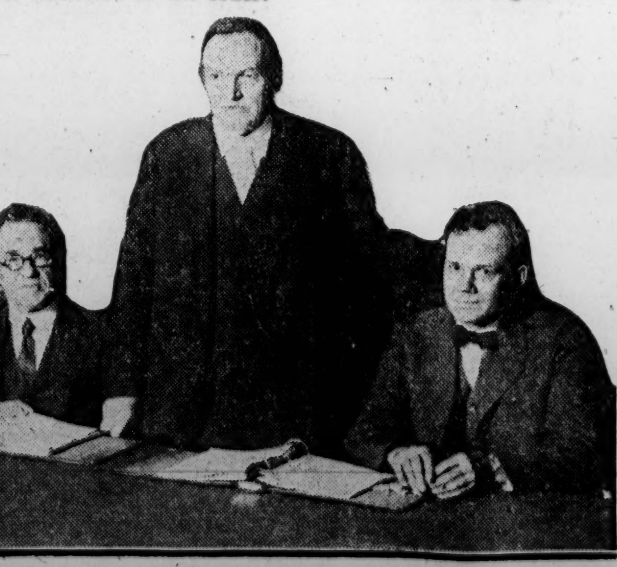
Senator Phipps, left, and Senator Means, right, both of Colorado, who called at the White House yesterday and invited President Coolidge to visit Denver this summer. The President expressed a desire to visit that city in June.



President Coolidge opening the international trade exhibition at New Orleans yesterday by pressing a telegraph button. Members of the Louisiana delegation in Congress and members of the Louisiana State society of Washington were present at the ceremonies.



Diana Cumming, who has been appointed chairman of the committee in charge of the annual ball of the League of American Pen Women at the Mayflower hotel tomorrow night.



## CAPPER ASKS RIGHT TO EXAMINE BOOKS OF COAL MEN HERE

Declares Margin Between Mine and Local Cost Must Be Explained.

## J. C. SUTER INDICATES DEALERS MAY OBJECT

Howell's Measure to Open U. S. Yards to Public Held in Abeyance.

With indications that Washington coal dealers may not voluntarily let the Senate District committee examine their books, steps were taken yesterday toward a forced examination.

Senator Capper, chairman of the committee, introduced a resolution asking authority to employ auditors and to subpoena the dealers with their books if that severe action is found necessary. The resolution is more or less a formality, as it would be most unusual for the committee request to be refused.

In the meantime, the Senate has before it a resolution, introduced by Senator Howell, of Nebraska, looking to making the government fuel yards available to local consumers during the present emergency and in future emergencies. Action on Senator Howell's measure was not taken, because Senator Jones, of Washington, member of the investigating committee, asked that its consideration be deferred for the present.

## To Consult McCarl.

A broad hand in getting into the dealers' books was given Senator Capper by the committee, which met in closed session. He plans first to consult with Comptroller General McCarl to learn whether government auditors can be procured, and if none are available, private auditors will be engaged.

Jesse C. Suter, managing director of the Washington Coal Merchants' Board of Trade, who Saturday indicated that he would cooperate with the committee in the examination of their books, gave indications yesterday that such cordial relations might not prevail.

Mr. Suter, approached by newspaper men in the lobby after the committee meeting and informed of its action, was obviously surprised. He wanted to know what members of the committee were present at the meeting.

## Griffith Welcomed Inquiry.

Asked whether the dealers would cooperate with the committee, he said he had no statement to make. "The Senate has not yet acted upon the resolution," he said. Told that this was usually a formality, he said he knew of instances in which the Senate had failed to sustain its committee.

W. W. Griffith, prominent local dealer, told the committee Saturday in definite terms, however, that he would give the auditors every cooperation and welcomed their examination.

Senator Capper sharply criticized efforts to shift attention from the local dealers to the operators. "We can cross but one bridge at a time," said Senator Capper. The committee, he pointed out, is acting on the charges made by Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, that the local dealers were profiting from the mine and local prices for this latter coal and it wants to find the reason for it.

"The prices for coal at the mines will be fully developed," said Senator Capper, and the committee will decide its procedure in the light of information it develops. It is likely, he pointed out, that another committee or the Senate itself would move against the operators should it develop that they are profiting. Explaining that his committee had to do with District matters, however, Senator Capper said: "Our primary concern at this time is just what the local dealers pay for their coal, what their operating costs are and what they charge."

## Reason For Margin Sought.

But, Senator Capper explained, the committee has developed a wide margin between the mine and local prices for this latter coal and it wants to find the reason for it.

"The prices for coal at the mines will be fully developed," said Senator Capper, and the committee will decide its procedure in the light of information it develops. It is likely, he pointed out, that another committee or the Senate itself would move against the operators should it develop that they are profiting. Explaining that his committee had to do with District matters, however, Senator Capper said: "Our primary concern at this time is just what the local dealers pay for their coal, what their operating costs are and what they charge."

## BOAZ WINS DAMAGE SUIT.

Victor Over Sarah C. Cranage, Who Sued for \$15,000.

Walter M. Boaz, electrician, defendant in a \$15,000 damage suit filed by Sarah C. Cranage, seamstress, for alleged personal injuries, came out victor yesterday when a jury in circuit court No. 2 brought in a verdict in his favor.

The seamstress charged that Boaz, who was engaged to do some electrical work at 1317 Eleventh street northwest, in December, 1920, left a board protruding four inches above the door at which she stumbled over the board and fell on a steel cable.

## Rosenfeld Named Receiver.

Benjamin Rosenfeld, one of the stockholders of the Bellevue Farm Lunch, Inc., 1334-36 G street northwest, was appointed receiver for the corporation yesterday by Justice Siddons in equity court. Bond was fixed at \$5,000. Dissolution proceedings are now pending.

## Court Drops Whitaker Case.

The appeal of Norman T. Whitaker, patent attorney and one-time international chess champion, from an order of the District Supreme court disbaring him from practice, was dismissed yesterday by the Court of Appeals as a moot case. Since the order of disbarment the United States Supreme Court has declined a review. Whitaker was convicted of transporting a stolen automobile in interstate commerce.